

Chemistry and Introduction to Biochemistry

Multiple choice questions: select the correct answer (one) by crossing the corresponding box.

Formulas: draw all the atoms, bonds and charges (when applicable).

Quantitative exercises: briefly explain your chosen procedure and copy the final result(s) in the brackets at the end of the text.

- 1) 1) How is the solubility of gas in water?
- it is inversely related to the gas partial pressure []
 - it is directly related to the gas partial pressure []
 - it is directly related to temperature []
 - it is inversely related to water density []
- 2) What are glucose and galactose?
- enantiomers []
 - geometrical isomers []
 - epimers []
 - all of the above []
- 3) Which is the hybridization of C2 in propanone?
- sp³ []
 - sp² []
 - sp []
 - it must be experimentally checked []
- 4) Which of the following sentences is true when comparing two aqueous solutions: 0.2 M sucrose and 0.2 M lithium phosphate?
- they have a different freezing constant []
 - they have a different freezing point []
 - they have the same osmotic pressure []
 - they have the same vapour pressure []
- 5) Upon titrating a weak base with a strong acid, the equivalence is reached when:
- pH = 7 []
 - pH > 7 []
 - pH < 7 []
 - only at very high acid dilutions []
- 6) Draw the chemical formula of each compound indicating all the atoms, bonds and charges (when applicable): phosphoric acid, *cis*-2-butene, D-ribose, ethanoic acid.
- 7) 10 ml of hydrochloric acid at 21%(w/w) with density 1.22 g/ml are mixed with 300 ml of the same acid at 0.1 mol/L. Which is the molar concentration of the final solution? [Answer:]
- 8) Evaluate the absolute temperature (in K) at which an aqueous solution of Magnesium hydroxide 17.0 g/L generates an osmotic pressure of 10 atm. [Answer:]
- 9) Sulphuric anhydride dissociates into sulphurous anhydride and molecular oxygen according to the following homogeneous reaction in the gaseous phase: $2 \text{SO}_3 \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{SO}_2 + \text{O}_2$. Calculate the equilibrium constant K_C and K_P if 0,3 moles of SO_3 are introduced into a 3 L container and at equilibrium 0,1 moles of SO_2 are present (T=27C).
[Answer:]
- 10) Calculate the pH of an aqueous solution obtained by mixing 500 mL of ammonia 0.1 M and 0,02 moles of HCl (K_B of ammonia = $1,8 \cdot 10^{-5}$ M) [Answer:]