

Pharmaceutical Chemistry

QSAR through the OCHEM portal



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Introduction

J Comput Aided Mol Des (2011) 25:533–554
DOI 10.1007/s10822-011-9440-2

Online chemical modeling environment (OCHEM): web platform for data storage, model development and publishing of chemical information

The Online Chemical Modeling Environment is a web-based platform that aims to automate and simplify the typical steps required for QSAR modeling. The platform consists of two major subsystems: the database of experimental measurements and the modeling framework. A user-contributed database contains a set of tools for easy input, search and modification of thousands of records. The OCHEM database is based on the wiki principle and focuses primarily on the quality and verifiability of the data. The database is tightly integrated with the modeling framework, which supports all the steps required to create a predictive model: data search, calculation and selection of a vast variety of molecular descriptors, application of machine learning methods, validation, analysis of the model and assessment of the applicability domain. As compared to other similar systems, OCHEM is not intended to re-implement the existing tools or models but rather to invite the original authors to contribute their results, make them publicly available, share them with other users and to become members of the growing research community. Our intention is to make OCHEM a widely used platform to perform the QSPR/QSAR studies online and share it with other users on the Web. The ultimate goal of OCHEM is collecting all possible chemoinformatics tools within one simple, reliable and user-friendly resource. The OCHEM is free for web users and it is available online at <http://www.occhem.eu>

Preparing the dataset

Structure-Based Design of 6-Chloro-4-aminoquinazoline-2-carboxamide Derivatives as Potent and Selective p21-Activated Kinase 4 (PAK4) Inhibitors | Journal of Medicinal Chemi... x

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Structure-Based Design of 6-Chloro-4-aminoquinazoline-2-carboxamide Derivatives as Potent and Selective p21-Activated Kinase 4 (PAK4) Inhibitors

Chenzhou Hao^{1§}, Fan Zhao^{1§}, Hongyan Song^{1§}, Jing Guo¹, Xiaodong Li², Xiaolin Jiang¹, Ran Huan², Shuai Song¹, Qiaoling Zhang¹, Rui Feng Wang¹, Kai Wang¹, Yu Pang¹, Tongchao Liu¹, Tianqi Lu¹, Wanxu Huang¹, Jian Wang¹, Bin Lin¹, Zhonggui He¹, Haitao Li^{1†}, Feng Li^{1‡}, Dongmei Zhao^{1*} and Maosheng Cheng^{1*}

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Cite this: J. Med. Chem. 2018, 61, 1, 265-285
Publication Date: November 30, 2017
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Journal of Medicinal Chemistry

Abstract

Herein, we report the discovery and characterization of a novel class of PAK4 inhibitors with a quinazoline scaffold. Based on the shape and chemical composition of the ATP-binding pocket of PAKs, we chose a 2,4-diaminoquinazoline series of inhibitors as a starting point. Guided by X-ray crystallography and a structure-based drug design (SBDD) approach, a series of novel 4-aminoquinazoline-2-carboxamide PAK4 inhibitors were designed and synthesized. The inhibitors' selectivity, therapeutic potency, and pharmaceutical properties were optimized. One of the best compounds, **31** (CZh26), showed remarkable PAK4 selectivity (346-fold vs PAK1) and favorable kinase selectivity profile. Moreover, this compound potently inhibited the migration and invasion of A549 tumor cells by regulating the PAK4-directed downstream signaling pathways *in vitro*. Taken together, these data support the further development of **31** as a lead compound for PAK4-targeted anticancer drug discovery and as a valuable research probe for the further biological investigation of group II PAKs.

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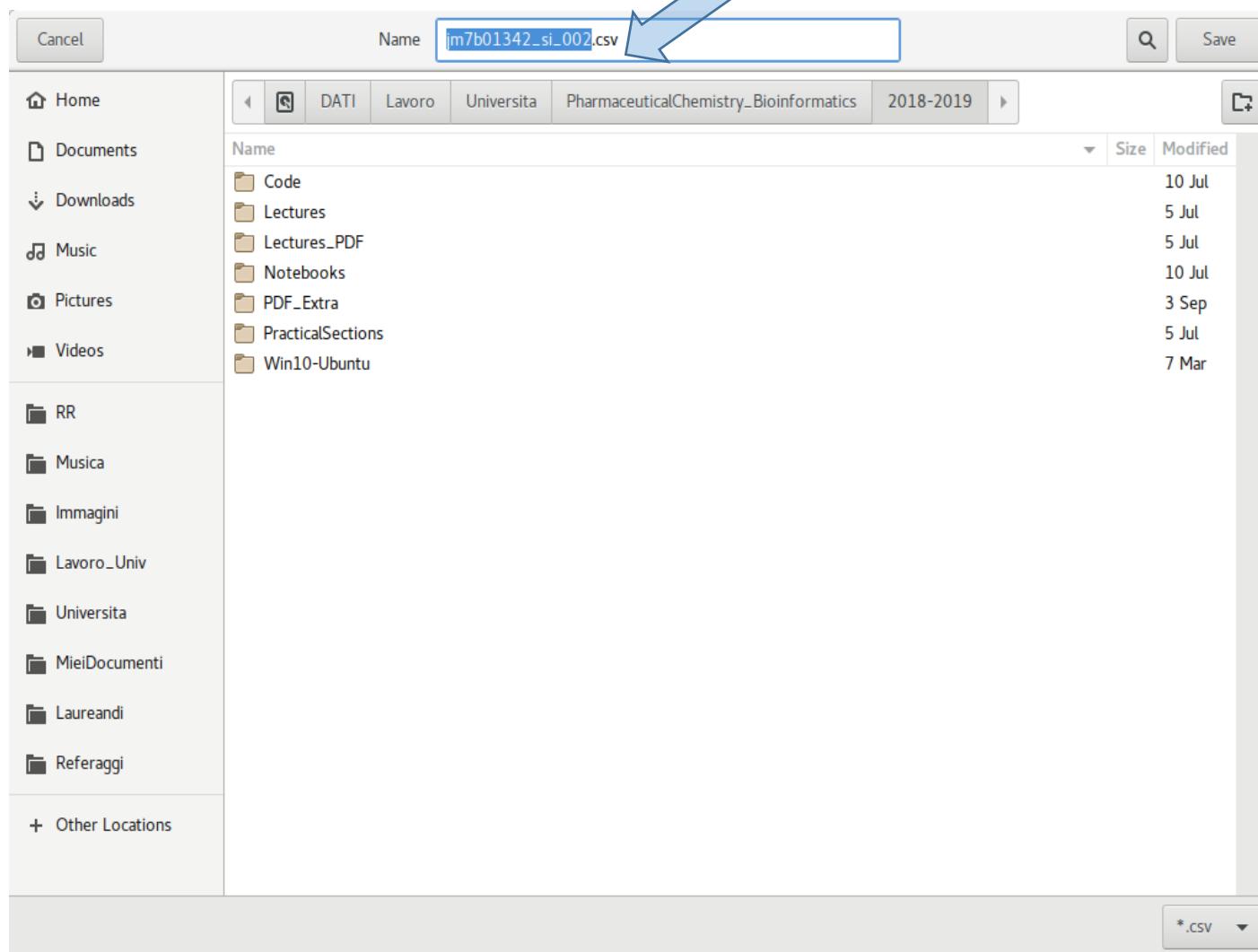
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The p21-activated kinases (PAKs) are serine/threonine (Ser/Thr) protein kinases that have been identified as downstream signaling effectors of Rho-family GTPases.^(1,2) The six mammalian PAK isoforms are categorized into two groups: PAK1–3 (group I) and PAK4–6 (group II), based on their structural homologies and biochemical features.⁽³⁾ As key components of the Ras-Rac/Cdc42-PAK pathway, PAKs have pivotal roles in many fundamental cellular processes, including cytoskeletal reorganization, focal adhesion, cell motility, morphological changes, cell-cycle progression, etc.⁽²⁾ Moreover, the overexpression, amplification, and mutational activation of PAK isoforms, in particular, PAK1 and PAK4, have been linked to many human diseases, including breast cancer, lung cancer, prostate cancer, colon cancer, and human head and neck squamous cell carcinoma.⁽⁴⁾ Consequently, PAKs have emerged as attractive targets for new anticancer therapies and have been the subject of extensive drug discovery efforts.⁽⁵⁾

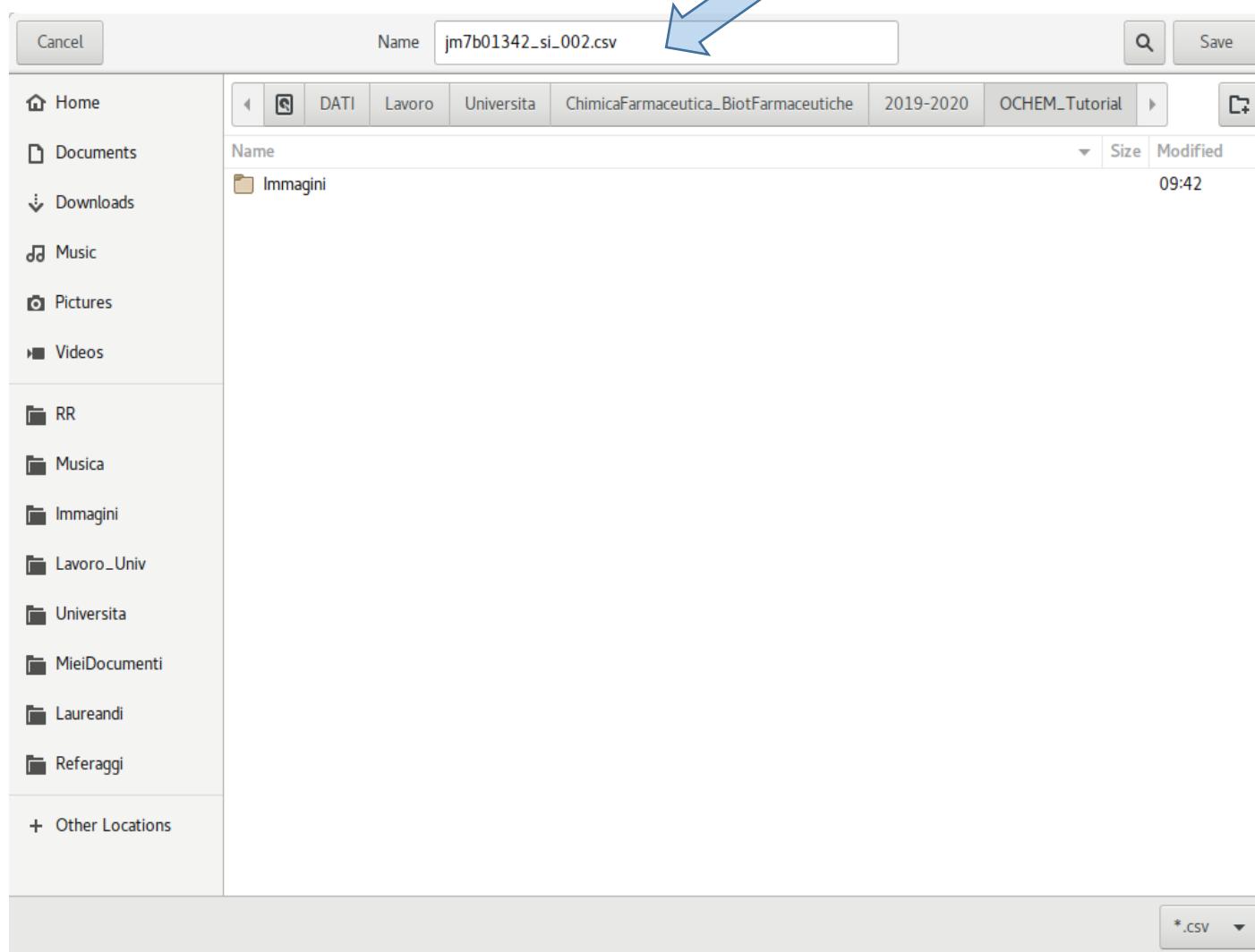
Although the two groups of PAK proteins are similar in overall sequence and structure, they are differentiated by their tissue expression profiles,⁽⁶⁾ subcellular localization,⁽⁷⁾ GTPase specificity,⁽⁷⁾ activation mechanism,⁽⁸⁾ and downstream substrate specificity.^(2,7) Studies using knockout mice lacking one or more specific PAK isoforms revealed the role of each isoform in normal tissue development, with phenotypes that range from no apparent effect to early embryonic death.^(2,9,10) Among all of the PAKs, PAK4 is the most studied group II PAK member, and it has a place at critical nodal points in multiple signaling pathways that are associated with cell growth, cytoskeletal dynamics, cell polarity, survival, and development.⁽¹¹⁾ PAK4 is particularly highly expressed in prostate, testis, lung, heart, brain, and liver.⁽¹²⁾ It has attracted considerable interest because of its role in cancer invasion, metastasis, and proliferation of BRAF- or KRAS-driven cancers.⁽¹³⁾ In addition to PAK4, there is emerging evidence for the roles for PAK5 and PAK6 in cancer progression.⁽¹⁴⁾ Moreover, a recent study revealed that PAK2 inhibition correlates with increased acute cardiovascular toxicity, which may be enhanced by PAK1 inhibition.⁽¹⁵⁾ Thus, the development of specific and potent PAK4 inhibitors is highly desirable for minimizing the risk of the potential side effects associated with the inhibition of normal function of group I PAKs and will also shed further light on its role in cancer progression.

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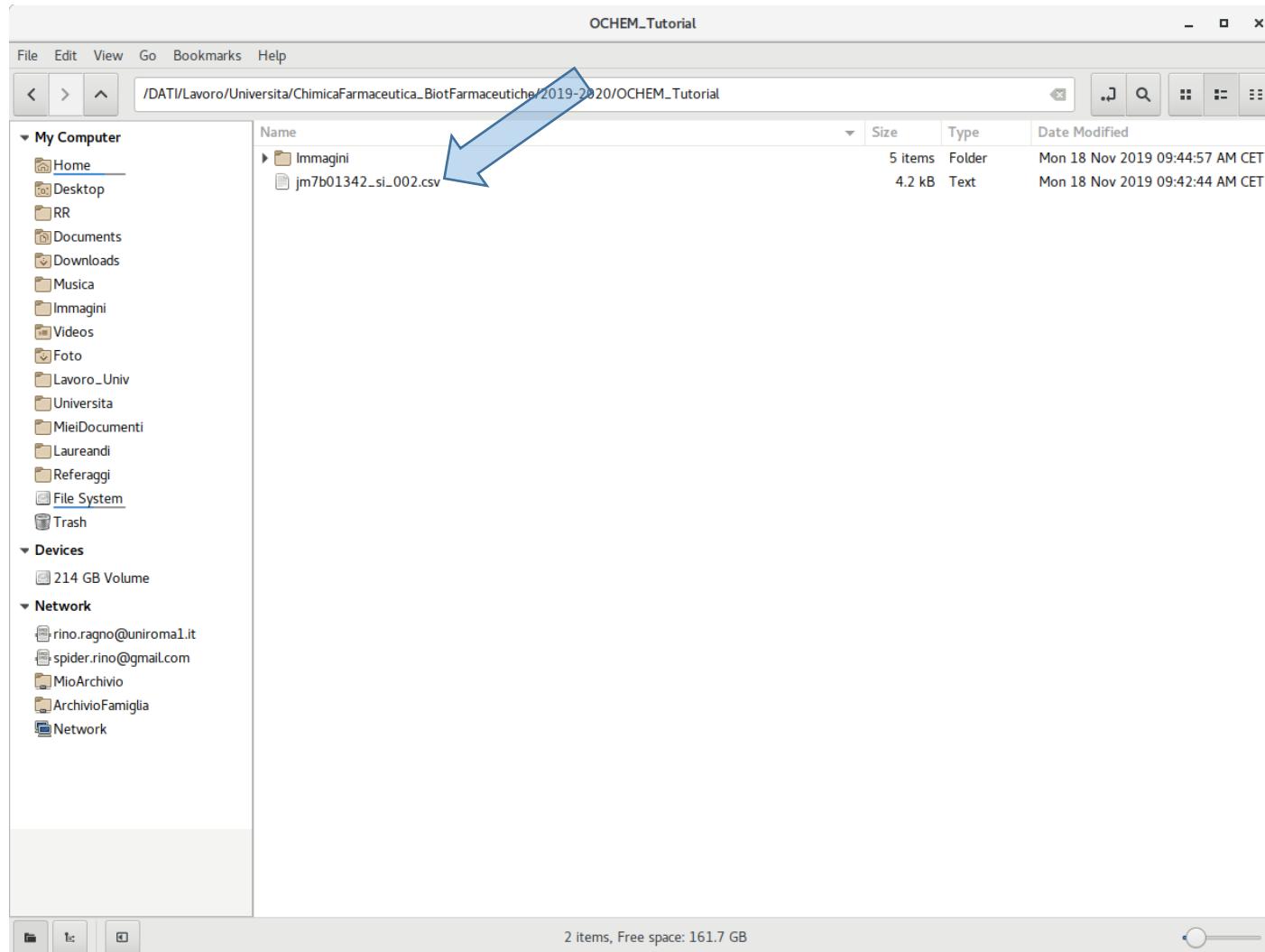
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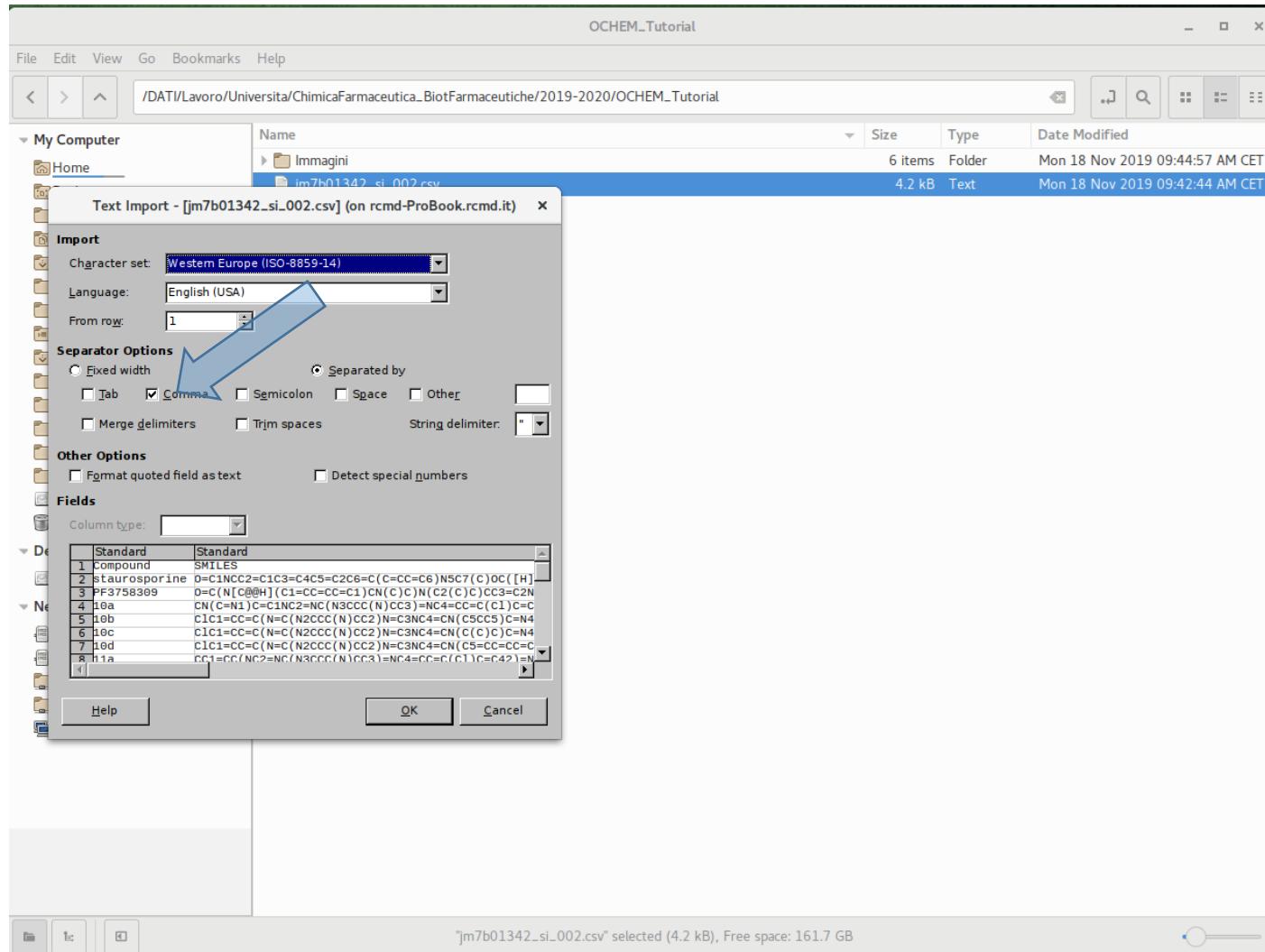
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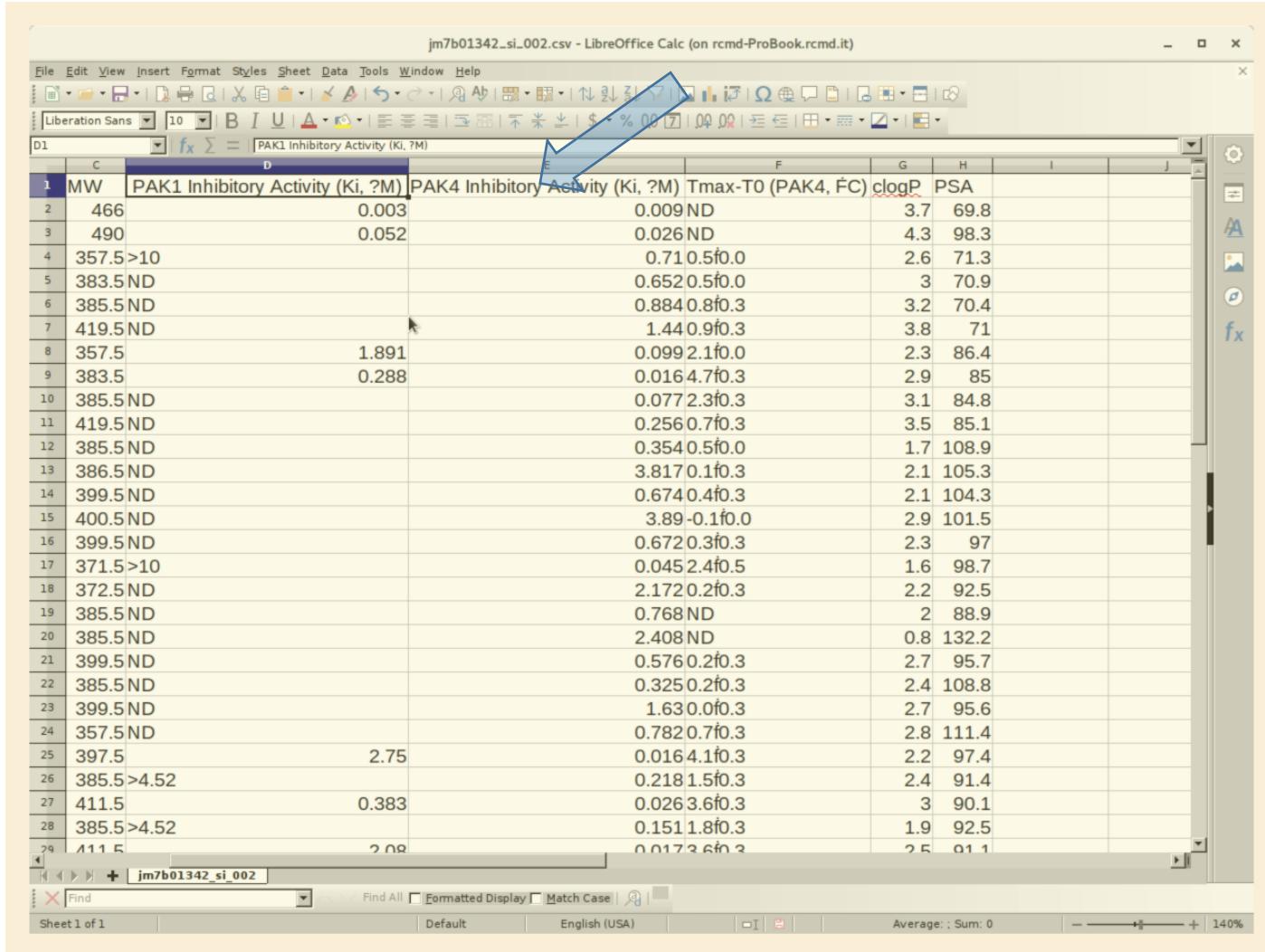
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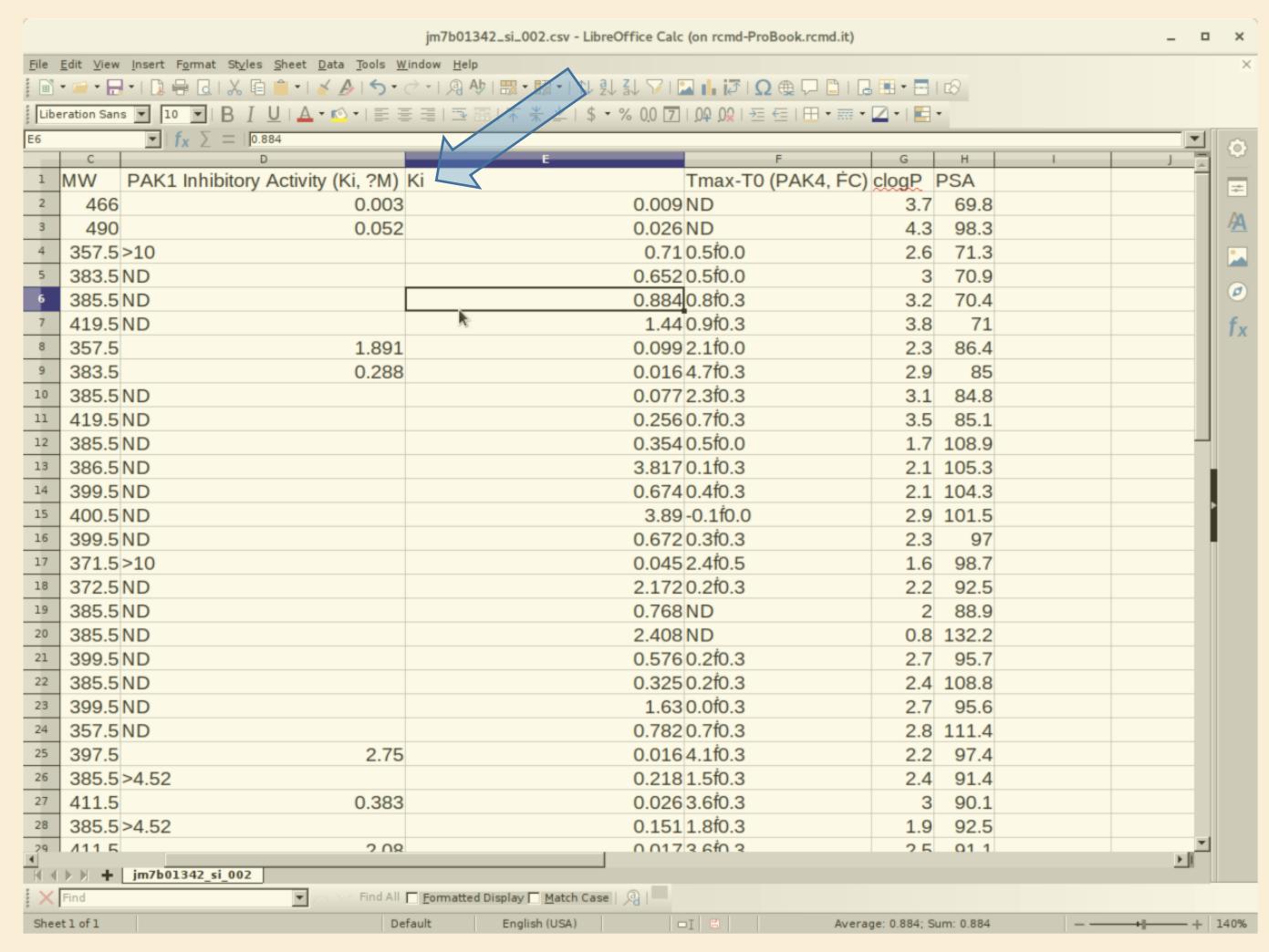
A	B
1	Compound
2	staurosporine
3	PF3758309
4	10a
5	10b
6	10c
7	10d
8	11a
9	11b
10	11c
11	11d
12	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1
13	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1
14	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1
15	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1
16	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(OC)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1
17	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1
18	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCOCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1
19	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCN(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1
20	CIC1=CC=C(N=C(N=C2NC3=NNC(C)=C3)C(N4CC(NCC4)=O)=O)C2=C1
21	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1
22	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1
23	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1

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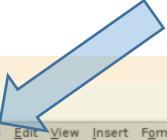
	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	MW	PAK1 Inhibitory Activity (Ki, ?M)	PAK4 Inhibitory Activity (Ki, ?M)	Tmax-T0 (PAK4, Fc)	clogP	PSA		
2	466	0.003		0.009 ND	3.7	69.8		
3	490	0.052		0.026 ND	4.3	98.3		
4	357.5 > 10			0.71 0.5 f0.0	2.6	71.3		
5	383.5 ND			0.652 0.5 f0.0	3	70.9		
6	385.5 ND			0.884 0.8 f0.3	3.2	70.4		
7	419.5 ND			1.44 0.9 f0.3	3.8	71		
8	357.5	1.891		0.099 2.1 f0.0	2.3	86.4		
9	383.5	0.288		0.016 4.7 f0.3	2.9	85		
10	385.5 ND			0.077 2.3 f0.3	3.1	84.8		
11	419.5 ND			0.256 0.7 f0.3	3.5	85.1		
12	385.5 ND			0.354 0.5 f0.0	1.7	108.9		
13	386.5 ND			3.817 0.1 f0.3	2.1	105.3		
14	399.5 ND			0.674 0.4 f0.3	2.1	104.3		
15	400.5 ND			3.89 -0.1 f0.0	2.9	101.5		
16	399.5 ND			0.672 0.3 f0.3	2.3	97		
17	371.5 > 10			0.045 2.4 f0.5	1.6	98.7		
18	372.5 ND			2.172 0.2 f0.3	2.2	92.5		
19	385.5 ND			0.768 ND	2	88.9		
20	385.5 ND			2.408 ND	0.8	132.2		
21	399.5 ND			0.576 0.2 f0.3	2.7	95.7		
22	385.5 ND			0.325 0.2 f0.3	2.4	108.8		
23	399.5 ND			1.63 0.0 f0.3	2.7	95.6		
24	357.5 ND			0.782 0.7 f0.3	2.8	111.4		
25	397.5	2.75		0.016 4.1 f0.3	2.2	97.4		
26	385.5 > 4.52			0.218 1.5 f0.3	2.4	91.4		
27	411.5	0.383		0.026 3.6 f0.3	3	90.1		
28	385.5 > 4.52			0.151 1.8 f0.3	1.9	92.5		
29	411.5	2.08		0.017 3.6 f0.3	2.5	91.1		

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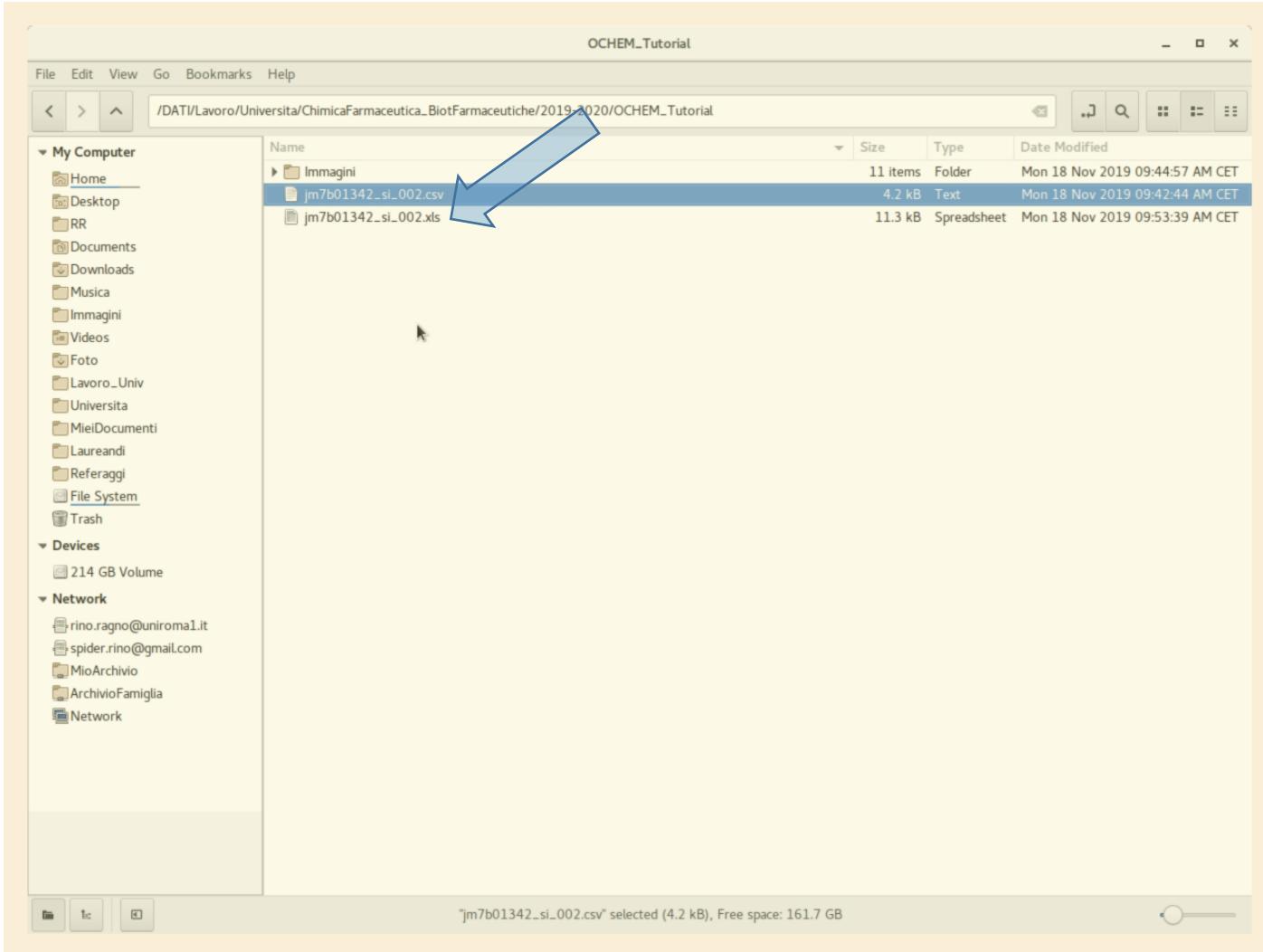
	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	MW	PAK1 Inhibitory Activity (Ki, ?M)	Ki	Tmax-T0 (PAK4, Fc)	clogP	PSA		
2	466		0.003	0.009 ND		3.7	69.8	
3	490		0.052	0.026 ND		4.3	98.3	
4	357.5 > 10			0.71 0.5 f0.0		2.6	71.3	
5	383.5 ND			0.652 0.5 f0.0		3	70.9	
6	385.5 ND			0.884 0.8 f0.3		3.2	70.4	
7	419.5 ND			1.44 0.9 f0.3		3.8	71	
8	357.5		1.891	0.099 2.1 f0.0		2.3	86.4	
9	383.5		0.288	0.016 4.7 f0.3		2.9	85	
10	385.5 ND			0.077 2.3 f0.3		3.1	84.8	
11	419.5 ND			0.256 0.7 f0.3		3.5	85.1	
12	385.5 ND			0.354 0.5 f0.0		1.7	108.9	
13	386.5 ND			3.817 0.1 f0.3		2.1	105.3	
14	399.5 ND			0.674 0.4 f0.3		2.1	104.3	
15	400.5 ND			3.89 -0.1 f0.0		2.9	101.5	
16	399.5 ND			0.672 0.3 f0.3		2.3	97	
17	371.5 > 10			0.045 2.4 f0.5		1.6	98.7	
18	372.5 ND			2.172 0.2 f0.3		2.2	92.5	
19	385.5 ND			0.768 ND		2	88.9	
20	385.5 ND			2.408 ND		0.8	132.2	
21	399.5 ND			0.576 0.2 f0.3		2.7	95.7	
22	385.5 ND			0.325 0.2 f0.3		2.4	108.8	
23	399.5 ND			1.63 0.0 f0.3		2.7	95.6	
24	357.5 ND			0.782 0.7 f0.3		2.8	111.4	
25	397.5		2.75	0.016 4.1 f0.3		2.2	97.4	
26	385.5 > 4.52			0.218 1.5 f0.3		2.4	91.4	
27	411.5		0.383	0.026 3.6 f0.3		3	90.1	
28	385.5 > 4.52			0.151 1.8 f0.3		1.9	92.5	
29	411.5		2.08	0.017 3.6 f0.3		2.5	91.1	

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	A	B	C	D
1	RECORDID	SMILES	Ki	
2	staurosporine	O=C1NCC2=C1C3=C4C5=C2C6=C(C=CC=C6)N5C7(C)OC([H])(C[C@H]1OCC(C)C1)C2=C3C(=O)N4C=C(C=C4)C=C3C=C4	0.009	
3	PF3758309	O=C(N[C@@H](C1=CC=CC=C1)CN(C)C)N(C2(C)C)CC3=C2NN=C3N>	0.026	
4	10a	CN(C=N1)C=C1NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42	0.71	
5	10b	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5CC5)C=N4)C3=C>	0.652	
6	10c	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C(C)C)C=N4)C3=C1	0.884	
7	10d	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5=CC=CC=C5)C=N>	1.44	
8	11a	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)=NN1	0.099	
9	11b	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C5CC5)=C4)C3=C>	0.016	
10	11c	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C(C)C)C4)C3=C1	0.077	
11	11d	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C5=CC=CC=C5)=O>	0.256	
12		12 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN>	0.354	
13		13 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN>	3.817	
14		14 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=>	0.674	
15		15 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=>	3.89	
16		16 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(NC)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N>	0.672	
17		17 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	0.045	
18		18 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCOCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	2.172	
19		19 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCN(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN>	0.768	
20		20 C1C=CC=C(N=C(N=C2NC3=NNC(C)=C3)C(N4CC(NCC4)=O)=O)C2=>	2.408	
21		21 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N>	0.576	
22		22 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	0.325	
23		23 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N>	1.63	
24		24 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	0.782	
25		25 C1C(C=C12)=CC=C1N=C(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)N=C2NC4=NNC(C5CC5)>	0.016	
26		26 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O>	0.218	
27		27 O=C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O>	0.026	
28		28 CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]3C)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)>	0.151	
29		29 O=C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5CC)>	0.017	

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Cbrain/Plasma IC50
Papp(Caco-2) Papp(MDCK)
Oral absorption LIC 50
Papp ratio(Caco-2)

Plasma protein binding
Papp ratio(MDCK-mdr1) pIC50
%Human FA Human IA
Human FA
fraction unbound (fu)

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The screenshot shows a Google Chrome browser window with the title "Online Chemical Modeling Environment - Google Chrome". The address bar displays the URL <https://ochem.eu/user/newuser.do>. The page itself is titled "Online chemical database with modeling environment". It features a navigation menu with "Home", "Database", and "Models" options. Below the menu are several input fields for personal information: "Country" (with a dropdown arrow), "Zip", "Phone" (with a cursor inside), "Position", and "Web". To the right of these fields is a "Privacy statement" link. A "Terms of Service" section follows, containing the "Online License Agreement and Terms of Use". This text states that it is a legal agreement between the user and Helmholtz Zentrum Muenchen - Deutsches Forschungszentrum fuer Gesundheit und Umwelt (HMGU). It covers the use of the Online Chemical Database & Modeling Environment and OCHEM software. It emphasizes the importance of reading the agreement before using OCHEM. It also mentions that HMGU will license OCHEM upon acceptance of these terms. A blue arrow points from the "I ACCEPT. CREATE MY ACCOUNT." button to the "By clicking on 'I accept' below I acknowledge that I have read and fully understand the foregoing information and agree to abide by License agreement above and the Privacy Policy." text. At the bottom of the page, there is a file download indicator showing "jm7b01342_si_0...csv" and a "Show all" link.

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Search chemical and biological data: experimentally measured, published and exposed to public access by our users. You can also [upload your data](#).

Create QSAR models
Build QSAR models for predictions of chemical properties. The models can be based on the experimental data published in our database.

Run predictions
Apply one of the available models to predict property you are interested in for your set of compounds.

Screen compounds with ToxAlerts
Screen your compound libraries against structural alerts for such endpoints as mutagenicity, skin sensitization, aqueous toxicity, etc.

Optimise your molecules
Optimise different properties for your molecules (e.g., reduce their toxicity or improve their ADME properties) using the state-of-the art MolOptimiser utility based on matched molecular pairs

Tutorials
<https://ochem.eu/tutorials/> know more about the

Check out the properties available on OCHEM
OCHEM contains 2854383 records for 638 properties (with at least 50 records) collected from 12973 sources

Melting Point
logPow **logBB**
Log_L(water) LogD logPI(+)

Water solubility
Log_L(blood) Log_L(oil) ER
Cbrain/Plasma IC50
Papp(Caco-2) Papp(MDCK)
Oral absorption LIC 50
Papp ratio(Caco-2)

Plasma protein binding
Papp ratio(MDCK-mdr1) pIC50
%Human FA Human IA
Human FA
fraction unbound (fu)

Latest active users
rino.ragno: Prof. Rino Ragnol seconds ago
vkovalishyn: Dr. Vasyl Kovalishyn seconds ago
corde: Mr. Jose Andres Cordero Solano seconds ago
Xingguomeng: Miss. guomeng xing 2 minutes ago
echmstry: Mr. Ely Setiawan 8 minutes ago
zaira1: Mrs. Zaira Rehman about 1 hours ago

Latest published models
IC50 model published by carpovp 1 hours ago
Ld50 mouse oral model published by Tinkov_Oleg 9 months ago
Drug-Induced Rhabdomyolysis model published by qingshuang0501 9 months ago
o daa orl LD model published by

Show all

Preparing the dataset

Online Chemical Modeling Environment - Google Chrome

Autenticazione | Home | Sapienza | HomePage - Citt | Online Chemical | Online Chemical | Journal of Medic | Structure-Based | +

https://ochem.eu/home/show.do?render-mode=full

v.3.0.96.1

Apps Università WWW Mail Ricerca Vari SoftwareVari NatComp METZ IMP Kahoot! Learning Save to Mendeley TEMP

Online chemical database with modeling environment

Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragnol | My account Logout

A+ a- Privacy statement

Home Database Models

Compound properties

- Properties
- Conditions
- Units
- Articles/Books
- Journals
- ToxAlerts
- MatchedPairs
- Baskets
- Tags
- Set area of interest...
- User-related changes
- Batch data upload**
- Trash

Screen compounds with ToxAlerts

Optimise your molecules

Tutorials

<https://ochem.eu/batchupload30/show.do>

jm7b01342_si_0...csv

Check out the properties available on OCHEM

OCHEM contains 2854383 records for 638 properties (with at least 50 records) collected from 12973 sources

Melting Point logPow logBB logD_(water) logD logPI(+)

Water solubility LogD_(blood) LogD_(oil) ER Cbrain/Plasma IC50 Papp(Caco-2) Papp(MDCK) Oral absorption LIC 50 Papp ratio(Caco-2)

Plasma protein binding Papp ratio(MDCK-mdr1) pIC50 %Human FA Human IA Human FA fraction unbound (fu)

Latest active users

- rino.ragno: Prof. Rino Ragnol seconds ago
- vkovalishyn: Dr. Vasyl Kovalishyn seconds ago
- corde: Mr. Jose Andres Cordero Solano seconds ago
- Xingguomeng: Miss. guomeng xing 2 minutes ago
- echmstry: Mr. Ely Setiawan 8 minutes ago
- zaira1: Mrs. Zaira Rehman about 1 hours ago

Latest published models

- IC50 model published by carpovp 1 hours ago
- Ld50 mouse oral model published by Tinkov_Oleg 9 months ago
- Drug-Induced Rhabdomyolysis model published by qingshuang0501 9 months ago
- o daa orl LD model published by

Show all

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a Google Chrome browser window with the title "Online Chemical Modeling Environment - Google Chrome". The address bar displays the URL <https://ochem.eu/batchupload30/show.do>. The page header includes the "Online chemical database with modeling environment" logo, a welcome message "Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragnoli!", and links for "My account" and "Logout". The version "v.3.0.96.1" is also visible.

The main content area is titled "Batch Upload 3.0 - File selection". It contains instructions: "Select the CSV, SDF or Excel file to upload multiple records to the database." Below this is a section titled "Instructions" with detailed information about file formats and upload requirements. A blue arrow points from the "Select a file to upload" label to the "Choose File" button.

The "Upload file" section contains a "Choose File" button with the text "No file chosen".

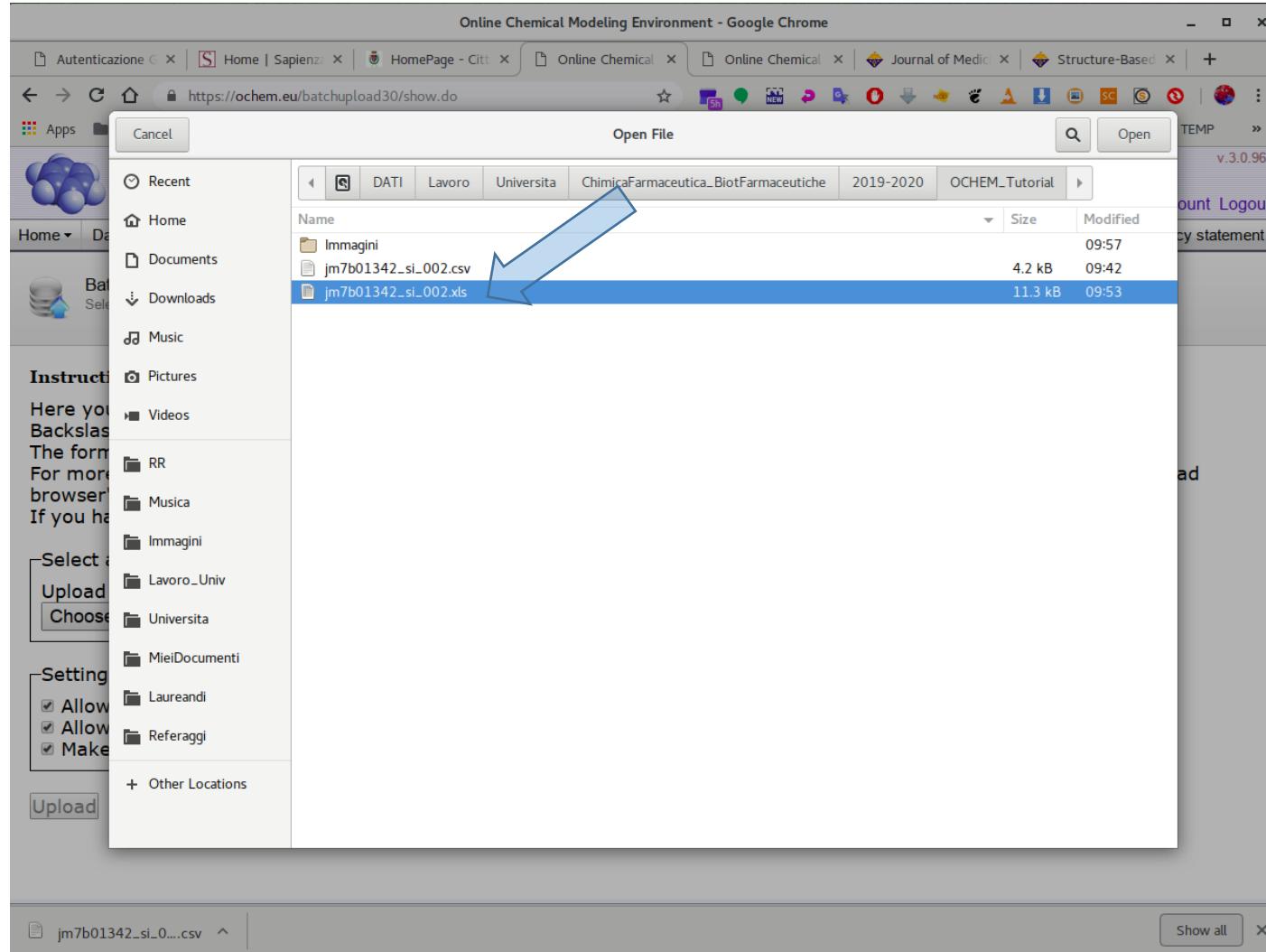
The "Settings" section contains three checked checkboxes:

- Allow molecule lookup by name on PubChem
- Allow article lookup by PMID on PubMed
- Make the uploaded records hidden

A blue arrow points from the "Settings" label to the "Upload" button.

At the bottom, a file list shows "jm7b01342_si_0...csv" with a "Show all" link and a close button.

Preparing the dataset



Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a Google Chrome browser window with the title "Online Chemical Modeling Environment - Google Chrome". The address bar displays the URL <https://ochem.eu/batchupload30/show.do>. The page header includes the "Online chemical database with modeling environment" logo and a welcome message "Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! My account Logout". The main content area is titled "Batch Upload 3.0 - File selection" and contains instructions: "Select the CSV, SDF or Excel file to upload multiple records to the database." Below this is a "Instructions" section with detailed upload guidelines. A file input field is labeled "Select a file to upload" with a "Choose File" button containing the path "jm7b01342_si_002.xls". To the right of the file input is a "Settings" box containing three checked checkboxes: "Allow molecule lookup by name on PubChem", "Allow article lookup by PMID on PubMed", and "Make the uploaded records hidden". A blue arrow points from the "Settings" box down to the "Upload" button. At the bottom of the page, a file list shows "jm7b01342_si_002.xls" with a "Show all" link and a close button.

Preparing the dataset

Screenshot of the Online Chemical database interface showing the Batch Upload 3.0 - File preview and column remapping tool.

The interface includes a header with tabs like Autenticazione, Home | Sapienza, HomePage - Citi, Online Chemical, Online Chemical, Journal of Medic, Structure-Based, and a plus sign for new tabs. Below the tabs is a toolbar with various icons for file operations and links to Apps, Università, WWW, Mail, Ricerca, Vari, SoftwareVari, NatComp, METZ, IMP, Kahoot! Learning, Save to Mendeley, TEMP, and more.

The main title is "Online chemical database with modeling environment" and the version is v.3.0.96.1. A welcome message says "Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! My account Logout".

The menu bar has Home, Database, and Models dropdowns. On the right, there are links for A+ a- Privacy statement and a user profile icon.

The central area shows a preview of a CSV file named "jm7b01342_si_002". The columns are labeled RECORDID, SMILES, and Ki. The first few rows of data are:

	RECORDID	SMILES	Ki
staurosporine	O=C1NCC2=C1C3=C4C5=C2C6=C(C=CC=C6)N5C...	0.00900000000000000001	
PF3758309	O=C(N[C@H](C1=CC=CC=C1)CN(C)C)N(C2(C...)	0.02600000000000000002	
10a	CN(C=N1)C=C1NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=C...	0.71	
10b	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(...	0.652	
10c	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(...	0.884	
10d	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(...	1.44	
11a	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(C...)	0.099	
11b	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC...)	0.016	
11c	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC...)	0.077	
11d	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC...)	0.256	

A blue arrow points to the right side of the table, indicating the scroll bar.

Text at the bottom left states: "The ARTICLE column is missing, the stub unpublished article will be assigned by default".

Text below it explains: "Green titles indicate recognized columns, red titles indicate errors. Please click on the red columns and select whether the column indicates a property, condition or another column type like name, value or molecule, then select the matching entity and confirm your selection by clicking on the green button on the left."

Final text: "If you have irrelevant columns in your sheet, you can leave them red and they will be ignored in the further process. If you ...".

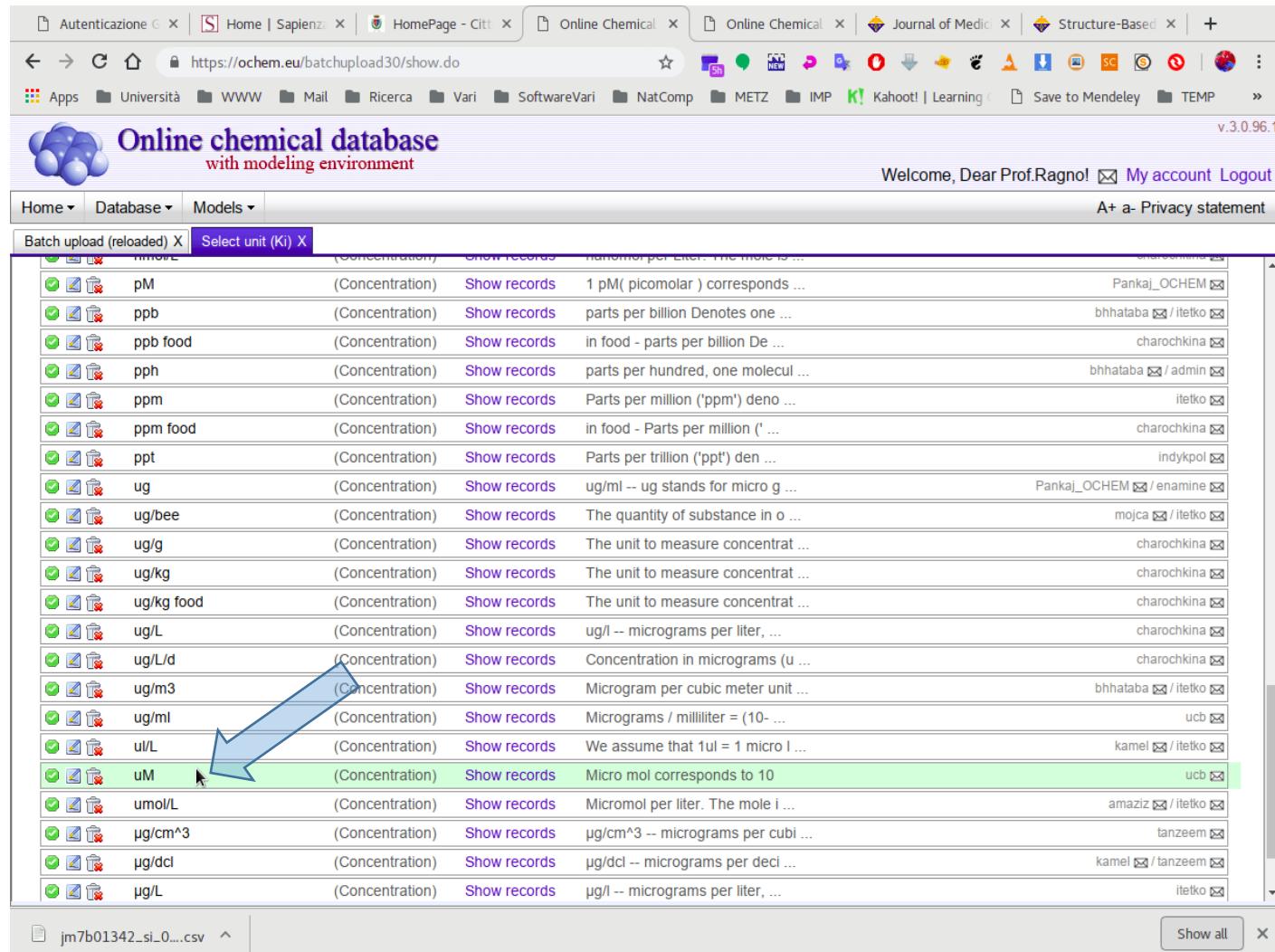
At the bottom, there is a file preview showing "jm7b01342_si_002.csv" and buttons for "Show all" and "X".

Preparing the dataset

Preparing the dataset

Autenticazione | Home | Sapientz | HomePage - Citt | Online Chemical | Online Chemical | Journal of Medic | Structure-Based | +
https://ochem.eu/batchupload30/show.do
Apps Università WWW Mail Ricerca Vari SoftwareVari NatComp METZ IMP Kahoot! Learning Save to Mendeley TEMP »
v.3.0.96.1
Online chemical database with modeling environment
Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! My account Logout
Home Database Models v.3.0.96.1
Batch Upload 3.0 - Entity remapping ⓘ
Review and remap the properties, conditions, units, articles and baskets involved in the data upload
Database entities remapping
Property: Ki
Values Unit: **-log(M)**, min value: 0.006, max value: 3.89
Article: unpublished
Molecule set: default
submit
Cancel Batch Upload Download Excel file
jm7b01342_si_0....csv Show all X

Preparing the dataset



The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/batchupload30/show.do>. The page displays a list of concentration units:

Unit	Type	Description	Action	Author
pM	(Concentration)	Show records	1 pM(picomolar) corresponds ...	Pankaj_OCHEM
ppb	(Concentration)	Show records	parts per billion Denotes one ...	bhhataba / itetko
ppb food	(Concentration)	Show records	in food - parts per billion De ...	charochkina
pph	(Concentration)	Show records	parts per hundred, one molecu ...	bhhataba / admin
ppm	(Concentration)	Show records	Parts per million ('ppm') deno ...	itetko
ppm food	(Concentration)	Show records	in food - Parts per million (' ...	charochkina
ppt	(Concentration)	Show records	Parts per trillion ('ppt') den ...	indykpol
ug	(Concentration)	Show records	ug/ml -- ug stands for micro g ...	Pankaj_OCHEM / enamine
ug/bee	(Concentration)	Show records	The quantity of substance in o ...	mojca / itetko
ug/g	(Concentration)	Show records	The unit to measure concentrat ...	charochkina
ug/kg	(Concentration)	Show records	The unit to measure concentrat ...	charochkina
ug/kg food	(Concentration)	Show records	The unit to measure concentrat ...	charochkina
ug/L	(Concentration)	Show records	ug/l -- micrograms per liter, ...	charochkina
ug/L/d	(Concentration)	Show records	Concentration in micrograms (u ...	charochkina
ug/m ³	(Concentration)	Show records	Microgram per cubic meter unit ...	bhhataba / itetko
ug/ml	(Concentration)	Show records	Micrograms / milliliter = (10- ...	ucb
ul/L	(Concentration)	Show records	We assume that 1ul = 1 micro l ...	kamel / itetko
uM	(Concentration)	Show records	Micro mol corresponds to 10	ucb
umol/L	(Concentration)	Show records	Micromol per liter. The mole i ...	amaziz / itetko
μg/cm ³	(Concentration)	Show records	μg/cm ³ -- micrograms per cubi ...	tanzeem
μg/dcl	(Concentration)	Show records	μg/dcl -- micrograms per deci ...	kamel / tanzeem
μg/L	(Concentration)	Show records	μg/l -- micrograms per liter, ...	itetko

A blue arrow points to the "uM" row, which is highlighted in green.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <https://ochem.eu/batchupload30/show.do>. The page title is "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The main content area is titled "Batch Upload 3.0 - Entity remapping". It displays the following configuration:

- Property:** Ki
- Values:** Unit: uM, min value: 0.006, max value: 3.89
- Article:** unpublished
- Molecule set:** default

A blue arrow points to the "submit" button at the bottom of the form. Below the form, there are buttons for "Cancel Batch Upload" and "Download Excel file". At the bottom of the page, there is a file list with "jm7b01342_si_0....csv" and a "Show all" link.

Preparing the dataset

Screenshot of the Online Chemical Database interface showing a batch upload preview browser.

Batch upload 3.0 - records preview (Info icon)

Preview the records you are about to upload, select the desired actions

Batch upload preview browser

Summary:

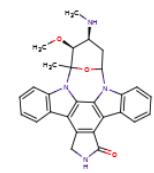
All rows in the sheet	Count: 40
Status: error,	Count: 40

Filter by row number: and row type: **all** Batch operations

1 - 10 of 40

10 items on page | 1 of 4 > >>

Row 1 Save as error Skip

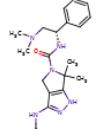


● $K_i = 0.009000000000000001$ (in uM) = 8.05 (in -log(M))
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls...
N: AUTO_1
MoleculeID: M4402773
Some obligatory conditions for property K_i have not been specified: [Target]

RecordID: R-1
rino.ragno Only visible to rino.ra

error: Some obligatory conditions for property K_i have not been specified: [Target]

Row 2 Save as error Skip



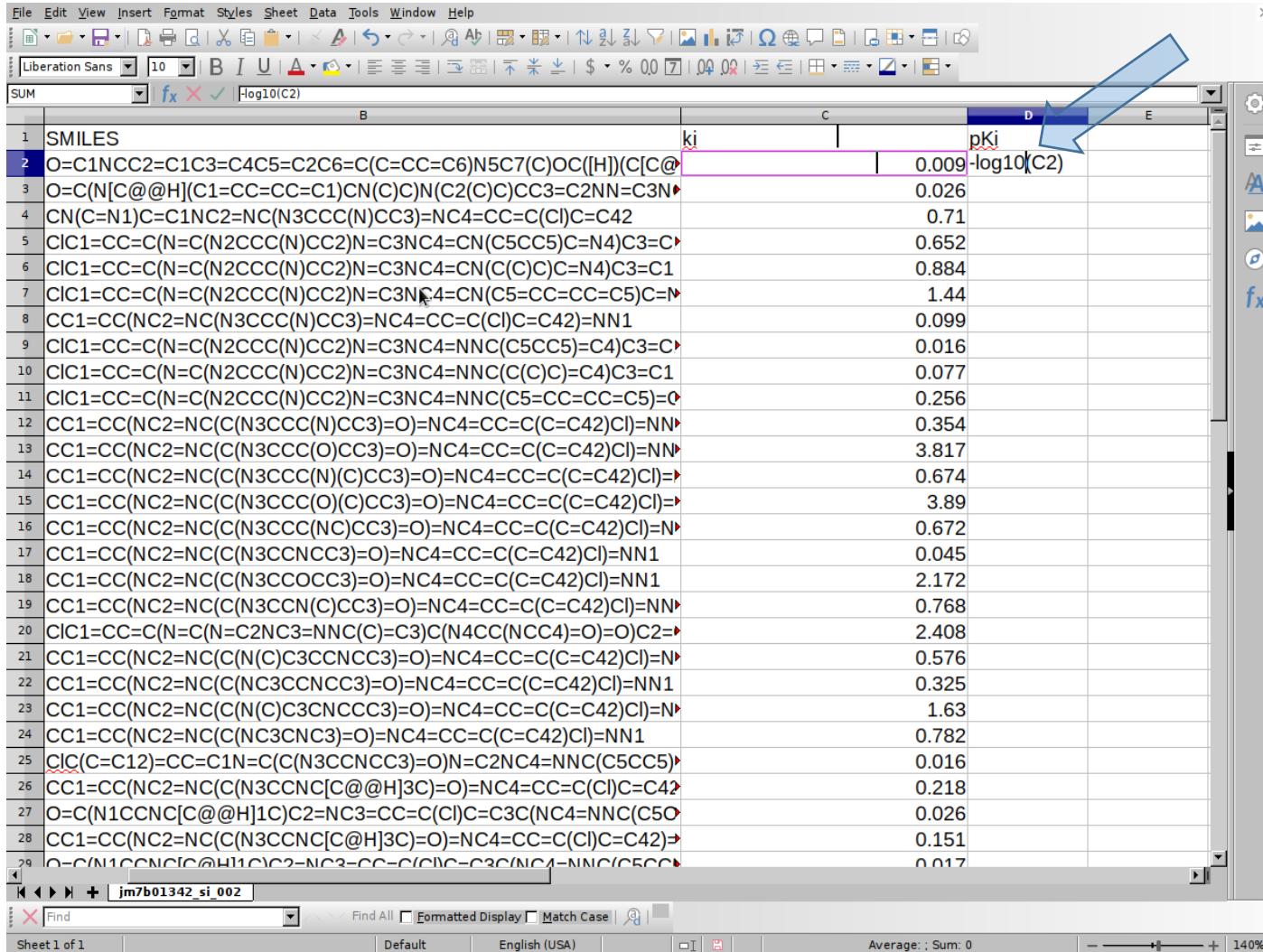
● $K_i = 0.02600000000000002$ (in uM) = 7.59 (in -log(M))
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls...
N: AUTO_2
MoleculeID: M95419909
Some obligatory conditions for property K_i have not been specified: [Target]

RecordID: R-2

File: jm7b01342_si_002.csv

Show all X

Preparing the dataset

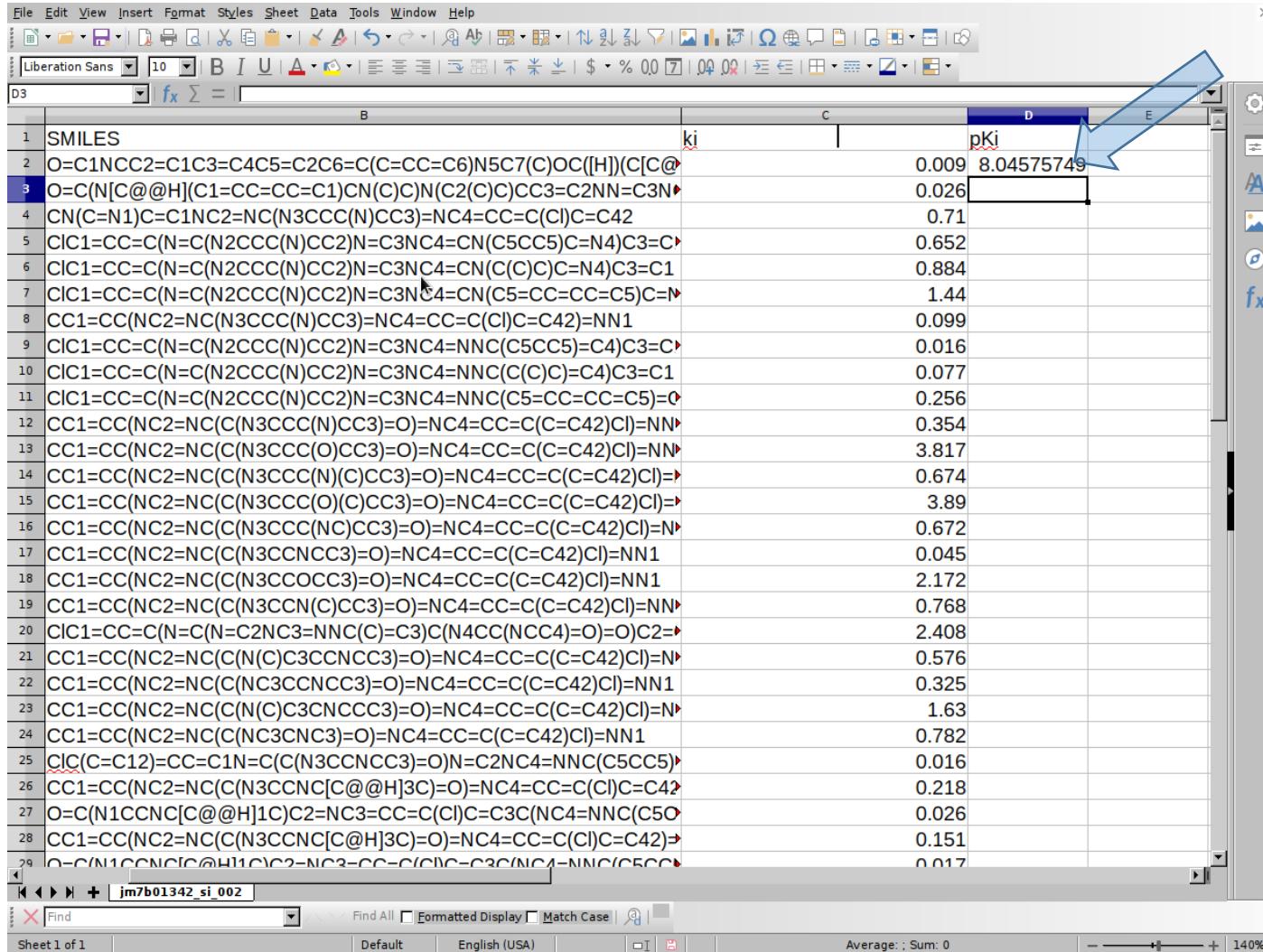


	B	C	D	E
1	SMILES	ki		
2	O=C1NCC2=C1C3=C4C5=C2C6=C(C=CC=C6)N5C7(C)OC([H])(C)C@H		0.009	-log10(C2)
3	O=C(N[C@H](C1=CC=CC=C1)CN(C)C)N(C2(C)C)CC3=C2NN=C3N		0.026	
4	CN(C=N1)C=C1NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42		0.71	
5	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5CC5)C=N4)C3=C		0.652	
6	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C(C)C)C=N4)C3=C1		0.884	
7	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5=CC=CC=C5)C=N		1.44	
8	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)=NN1		0.099	
9	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C5CC5)=C4)C3=C		0.016	
10	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C(C)C)=C4)C3=C1		0.077	
11	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C5=CC=CC=C5)=O		0.256	
12	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN		0.354	
13	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN		3.817	
14	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=		0.674	
15	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=		3.89	
16	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N		0.672	
17	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1		0.045	
18	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCOCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1		2.172	
19	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCN(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN		0.768	
20	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N=C2NC3=NNC(C)=C3)C(N4CC(NCC4)=O)=O)C2=		2.408	
21	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N		0.576	
22	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1		0.325	
23	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N		1.63	
24	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CNC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1		0.782	
25	C1C(C=C12)=CC=C1N=C(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)N=C2NC4=NNC(C5CC5)		0.016	
26	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O		0.218	
27	O=C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O		0.026	
28	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]3C)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)=		0.151	
29	O=C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O)		0.017	

Preparing the dataset

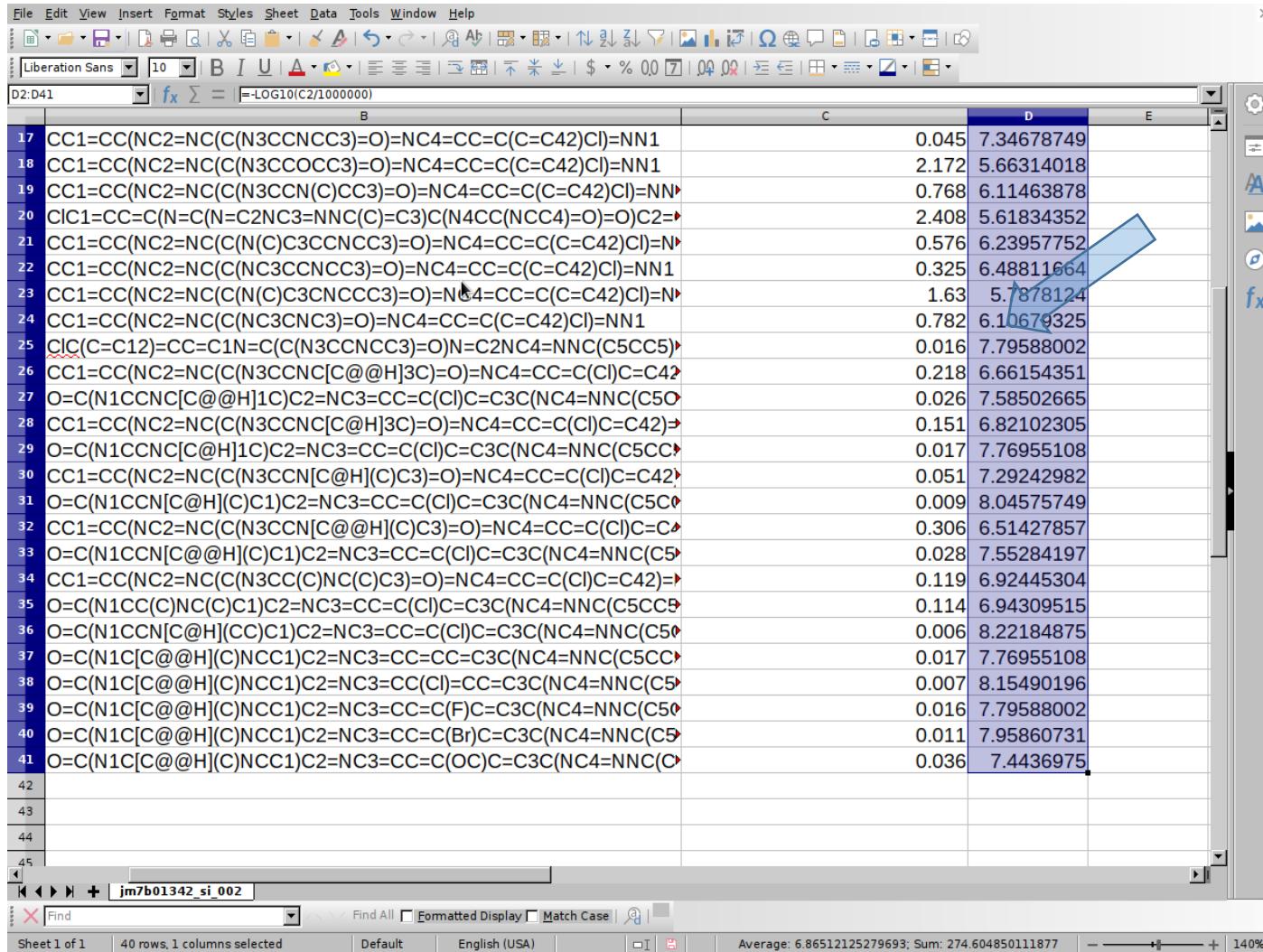
	B	C	D	E
1	SMILES	ki		
2	O=C1NCC2=C1C3=C4C5=C2C6=C(C=CC=C6)N5C7(C)OC([H])(C)[C@]		0 009=-LOG10(C2/1000000)	
3	O=C(N[C@H](C1=CC=CC=C1)CN(C)C)N(C2(C)C)CC3=C2NN=C3N►		0.026	
4	CN(C=N1)C=C1NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42		0.71	
5	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5CC5)C=N4)C3=C►		0.652	
6	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C(C)C)C=N4)C3=C1		0.884	
7	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5=CC=CC=C5)C=N►		1.44	
8	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)=NN1		0.099	
9	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C5CC5)=C4)C3=C►		0.016	
10	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C(C)C)=C4)C3=C1		0.077	
11	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C5=CC=CC=C5)=O►		0.256	
12	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN►		0.354	
13	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN►		3.817	
14	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=►		0.674	
15	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=►		3.89	
16	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N►		0.672	
17	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1		0.045	
18	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCOCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1		2.172	
19	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCN(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN►		0.768	
20	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N=C2NC3=NNC(C)=C3)C(N4CC(NCC4)=O)=O)C2=►		2.408	
21	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N►		0.576	
22	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1		0.325	
23	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N►		1.63	
24	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CNC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1		0.782	
25	C1C(C=C12)=CC=C1N=C(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)N=C2NC4=NNC(C5CC5)►		0.016	
26	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]3C)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42►		0.218	
27	O=C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O►		0.026	
28	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]3C)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)►		0.151	
29	O-C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O►		0.017	

Preparing the dataset



	B	C	D	E
1	SMILES	ki		
2	O=C1NCC2=C1C3=C4C5=C2C6=C(C=CC=C6)N5C7(C)OC([H])(C)[C@]		0.009	8.04575749
3	O=C(N[C@H](C1=CC=CC=C1)CN(C)C)N(C2(C)C)CC3=C2NN=C3N▶		0.026	
4	CN(C=N1)C=C1NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42			0.71
5	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5CC5)C=N4)C3=C▶			0.652
6	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C(C)C)C=N4)C3=C1			0.884
7	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5=CC=CC=C5)C=N▶			1.44
8	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)=NN1			0.099
9	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C5CC5)=C4)C3=C▶			0.016
10	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C(C)C)=C4)C3=C1			0.077
11	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C5=CC=CC=C5)=O▶			0.256
12	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN▶			0.354
13	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN▶			3.817
14	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=▶			0.674
15	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=▶			3.89
16	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N▶			0.672
17	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1			0.045
18	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCOCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1			2.172
19	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCN(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN▶			0.768
20	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N=C2NC3=NNC(C)=C3)C(N4CC(NCC4)=O)=O)C2=▶			2.408
21	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N▶			0.576
22	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1			0.325
23	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N▶			1.63
24	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CNC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1			0.782
25	C1C(C=C12)=CC=C1N=C(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)N=C2NC4=NNC(C5CC5)▶			0.016
26	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O)C=C4)C=C42)=O▶			0.218
27	O=C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O)C=C42)=O▶			0.026
28	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]3C)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)=O▶			0.151
29	O=C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O)C=C42)=O▶			0.017

Preparing the dataset



	B	C	D	E
17	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	0.045	7.34678749	
18	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCOCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	2.172	5.66314018	
19	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCN(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	0.768	6.11463878	
20	C1C1=CC=C(C=N(C(N=C2NC3=NNC(C)=C3)C(N4CC(NCC4)=O)=O)C2)=>	2.408	5.61834352	
21	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	0.576	6.23957752	
22	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC)C3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	0.325	6.48811664	
23	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	1.63	5.7878124	
24	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CNC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	0.782	6.10679325	
25	C1C(C=C12)=CC=C1N=C(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)N=C2NC4=NNC(C5CC5)>	0.016	7.79588002	
26	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@H]3C)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	0.218	6.66154351	
27	O=C(N1CCNC[C@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O	0.026	7.58502665	
28	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@H]3C)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)>	0.151	6.82102305	
29	O=C(N1CCNC[C@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5CC	0.017	7.76955108	
30	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCN[C@H](C)C3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)>	0.051	7.29242982	
31	O=C(N1CCN[C@H](C)C1)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5C	0.009	8.04575749	
32	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCN[C@H](C)C3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)>	0.306	6.51427857	
33	O=C(N1CCN[C@H](C)C1)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5	0.028	7.55284197	
34	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCN[C@H](C)C3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)>	0.119	6.92445304	
35	O=C(N1CC(C)NC(C)C1)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5CC5	0.114	6.94309515	
36	O=C(N1CCN[C@H](CC)C1)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O	0.006	8.22184875	
37	O=C(N1C[C@H](C)NCC1)C2=NC3=CC=CC=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5CC>	0.017	7.76955108	
38	O=C(N1C[C@H](C)NCC1)C2=NC3=CC(Cl)=CC=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5	0.007	8.15490196	
39	O=C(N1C[C@H](C)NCC1)C2=NC3=CC=C(F)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O	0.016	7.79588002	
40	O=C(N1C[C@H](C)NCC1)C2=NC3=CC=C(Br)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5	0.011	7.95860731	
41	O=C(N1C[C@H](C)NCC1)C2=NC3=CC=C(OC)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C	0.036	7.4436975	
42				
43				
44				
45				

Preparing the dataset

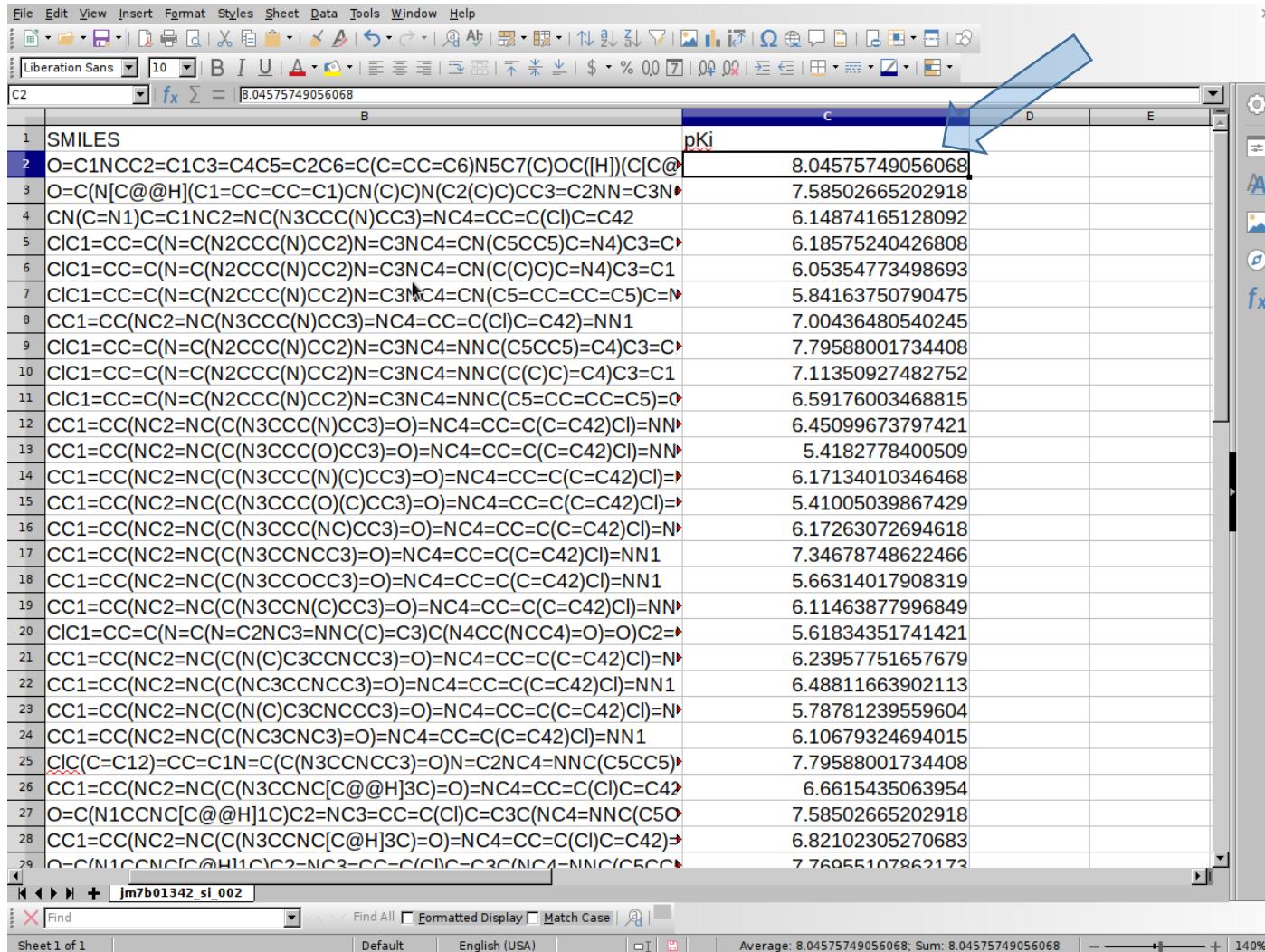
The screenshot shows a LibreOffice Calc spreadsheet titled "jm7b01342_si_002.xls". The spreadsheet contains a column of SMILES strings in column B and a corresponding column of numerical values in column D. A "Paste Special" dialog box is open, overlaid on the spreadsheet. The dialog box has the following settings:

- Selection:** Numbers
- Operations:** None
- Shift Cells:** Don't shift
- Options:** Skip empty cells, Transpose, Link

The spreadsheet data starts with:

Row	SMILES	Value
1	O=C1NCC2=C1C3=C4C5=C2C6=C(C=CC=C6)N5C7(C)OC([H])(C[C@H]1CN(C)C(N(C2(C)C)CC3=C2NN=C3N)C1)C=C42	0.009
2	O=C(N[C@H](C1=CC=CC=C1)CN(C)C(N(C2(C)C)CC3=C2NN=C3N)C1)C=C42	0.026
3	CN(C=N1)C=C1NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42	0.71
4	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5CCC5C-N4)C3-C42)	0.652
5	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5CCC5C-N4)C3-C42)	0.884
6	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5CCC5C-N4)C3-C42)	1.44
7	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5CCC5C-N4)C3-C42)	0.099
8	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	0.016
9	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C)=C42)	0.077
10	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C)=C42)	0.256
11	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C)=C42)	0.354
12	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	3.817
13	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	0.674
14	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	3.89
15	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	0.672
16	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	0.045
17	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	2.172
18	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCOCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	0.768
19	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCN(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	2.408
20	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N=C2NC3=NNC(C)=C3)C(N4C)=C42)	0.576
21	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	0.325
22	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	1.63
23	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	0.782
24	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CNC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	0.016
25	C1C(C=C12)=CC=C1N=C(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)=C2NC4=NNC(C5CC5)=C42	0.218
26	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O)C1)=C42)	0.026
27	O=C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O)C1)=C42	0.151
28	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]3C)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	0.017
29	O=C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5CC5)=C42)	7.76055108

Preparing the dataset



	B	C	D	E
1	SMILES	pKi		
2	O=C1NCC2=C1C3=C4C5=C2C6=C(C=CC=C6)N5C7(C)OC([H])(C[C@H]1O)C(=O)C2=C3C4=C2NN=C3N>	8.04575749056068		
3	O=C(N[C@H](C1=CC=CC=C1)CN(C)C)N(C2(C)C)CC3=C2NN=C3N>	7.58502665202918		
4	CN(C=N1)C=C1NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42	6.14874165128092		
5	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5CC5)C=N4)C3=C>	6.18575240426808		
6	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C(C)C)C=N4)C3=C1	6.05354773498693		
7	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(C5=CC=CC=C5)C=N)>	5.84163750790475		
8	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)=NN1	7.00436480540245		
9	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C5CC5)=C4)C3=C>	7.79588001734408		
10	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C(C)C)=C4)C3=C1	7.11350927482752		
11	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC(C5=CC=CC=C5)=O)>	6.59176003468815		
12	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN>	6.45099673797421		
13	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN>	5.4182778400509		
14	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)>	6.17134010346468		
15	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(O)(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)>	5.41005039867429		
16	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCC(N)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N>	6.17263072694618		
17	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	7.34678748622466		
18	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCOCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	5.66314017908319		
19	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCN(C)CC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN>	6.11463877996849		
20	C1C1=CC=C(N=C(N=C2NC3=NNC(C)=C3)C(N4CC(NCC4)=O)=O)C2=>	5.61834351741421		
21	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N>	6.23957751657679		
22	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CCNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	6.48811663902113		
23	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N(C)C3CNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=N>	5.78781239559604		
24	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(NC3CNCC3)=O)=NC4=CC=C(C=C42)Cl)=NN1	6.10679324694015		
25	C1C(C=C12)=CC=C1N=C(C(N3CCNCC3)=O)N=C2NC4=NNC(C5CC5)>	7.79588001734408		
26	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]3C)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)	6.6615435063954		
27	O=C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O)=O)>	7.58502665202918		
28	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(C(N3CCNC[C@@H]3C)=O)=NC4=CC=C(Cl)C=C42)>	6.82102305270683		
29	O=C(N1CCNC[C@@H]1C)C2=NC3=CC=C(Cl)C=C3C(NC4=NNC(C5O)=O)>	7.76055107862173		

Preparing the dataset

Screenshot of the Online Chemical Database interface showing the Batch Upload 3.0 feature.

The interface includes a header with tabs like Autenticazione, Home | Sapientia, HomePage - Citi, Online Chemical, Online Chemical, Journal of Medic, Structure-Based, and a plus sign for new tabs. Below the tabs is a toolbar with various icons for file operations and links to Apps, Università, WWW, Mail, Ricerca, Vari, SoftwareVari, NatComp, METZ, IMP, Kahoot! Learning, Save to Mendeley, TEMP, and more.

The main title is "Online chemical database with modeling environment" and the version is v.3.0.96.1. A welcome message says "Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno!" followed by "My account" and "Logout".

The menu bar has options for Home, Database, and Models. On the right, there are links for "A+ a- Privacy statement" and "v.3.0.96.1".

The central area shows a preview of a CSV file named "jm7b01342_si_002". The columns are labeled RECORDID, SMILES, and pKi. The data table contains 11 rows of chemical entries:

	RECORDID	SMILES	pKi
staurosporine	O=C1NCC2=C1C3=C4C5=C2C6=C(C=CC=C6)N5C...	8.045757490560675	
PF3758309	O=C(N[C@H](C1=CC=CC=C1)CN(C)C)N(C2(C...)	7.585026652029182	
10a	CN(C=N1)C=C1NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=C...	6.1487416512809245	
10b	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(...	6.185752404268079	
10c	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(...	6.053547734986927	
10d	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=CN(...	5.841637507904751	
11a	CC1=CC(NC2=NC(N3CCC(N)CC3)=NC4=CC=C(C...	7.00436480540245	
11b	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC...	7.795880017344075	
11c	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC...	7.113509274827518	
11d	C1C=CC=C(N=C(N2CCC(N)CC2)N=C3NC4=NNC...	6.59176003468815	

A note below the table states: "The ARTICLE column is missing, the stub unpublished article will be assigned by default".

Below the table, a message explains: "Green titles indicate recognized columns, red titles indicate errors. Please click on the red columns and select whether the column indicates a property, condition or another column type like name, value or molecule, then select the matching entity and confirm your selection by clicking on the green button on the left." It also notes: "If you have irrelevant columns in your sheet, you can leave them red and they will be ignored in the further process. If you ...".

The bottom navigation bar shows the file "jm7b01342_si_002.csv" and buttons for "Show all" and "X".

Preparing the dataset

Autenticazione | Home | Sapientia | HomePage - Citi | Online Chemical | Online Chemical | Journal of Medic | Structure-Based | +
https://ochem.eu/batchupload30/show.do
Apps Università WWW Mail Ricerca Vari SoftwareVari NatComp METZ IMP Kahoot! | Learning Save to Mendeley TEMP » v.3.0.96.1

Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! My account Logout

Home Database Models A+ a- Privacy statement

Batch Upload 3.0 - Entity remapping ⓘ
Review and remap the properties, conditions, units, articles and baskets involved in the data upload

Database entities remapping

Property: pKi

Values
Unit: $-\log(\text{mol/L})$, min value: 5.410050398674292, max value: 8.221848749616356

Article: unpublished

Molecule set: default

submit

Cancel Batch Upload Download Excel file

jm7b01342_si_0....csv Show all X

Preparing the dataset

Screenshot of the Online Chemical Database interface showing a batch upload preview.

The page title is "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/batchupload30/show.do>. The version is v.3.0.96.1. The user is logged in as "Dear Prof.Ragno!".

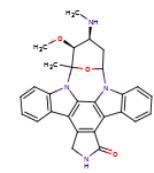
The main section is titled "Batch upload 3.0 - records preview". It shows a summary of 40 rows in the sheet, all valid. A blue arrow points to the right side of the screen, indicating where the "Batch operations" button is located.

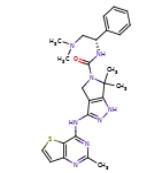
Summary:

- All rows in the sheet Count: **40**
- Status: valid, Count: **40**

Filter by row number: and row type: **all** Batch operations

1 - 10 of 40

Row 1
 Save Skip
Chemical structure: 
pKi = 8.045757490560675 (in -log(mol/L))
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls...
N: AUTO_1
MoleculeID: M4402773
RecordID: R-1
rino.ragno Only visible to rino.ra

Row 2
 Save Skip
Chemical structure: 
pKi = 7.585026652029182 (in -log(mol/L))
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls...
N: AUTO_2
MoleculeID: M9541990
RecordID: R-2
rino.ragno Only visible to rino.ra

jm7b01342_si_002.csv

Show all X

Preparing the dataset

Screenshot of the Online Chemical Database interface showing a batch upload process.

The page title is "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/batchupload30/show.do>. The version is v.3.0.96.1.

Welcome message: Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! [My account](#) [Logout](#)

Navigation menu: Home ▾ Database ▾ Models ▾

Batch upload status:

- Row 8**:
 - Save
 - Skip

• pKi = 7.795880017544075 (in -log(mol/L))
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls...
N: AUTO_8
MoleculeID: M97153552

RecordID: R-8
rino.ragno Only visible to rino.ra
- Row 9**:
 - Save
 - Skip

• pKi = 7.113509274827518 (in -log(mol/L))
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls...
N: AUTO_9
MoleculeID: M97153553

RecordID: R-9
rino.ragno Only visible to rino.ra
- Row 10**:
 - Save
 - Skip

• pKi = 6.59176003468815 (in -log(mol/L))
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls...
N: AUTO_10
MoleculeID: M97153554

RecordID: R-10
rino.ragno Only visible to rino.ra

Page navigation: 1 - 10 of 40  Proceed with upload

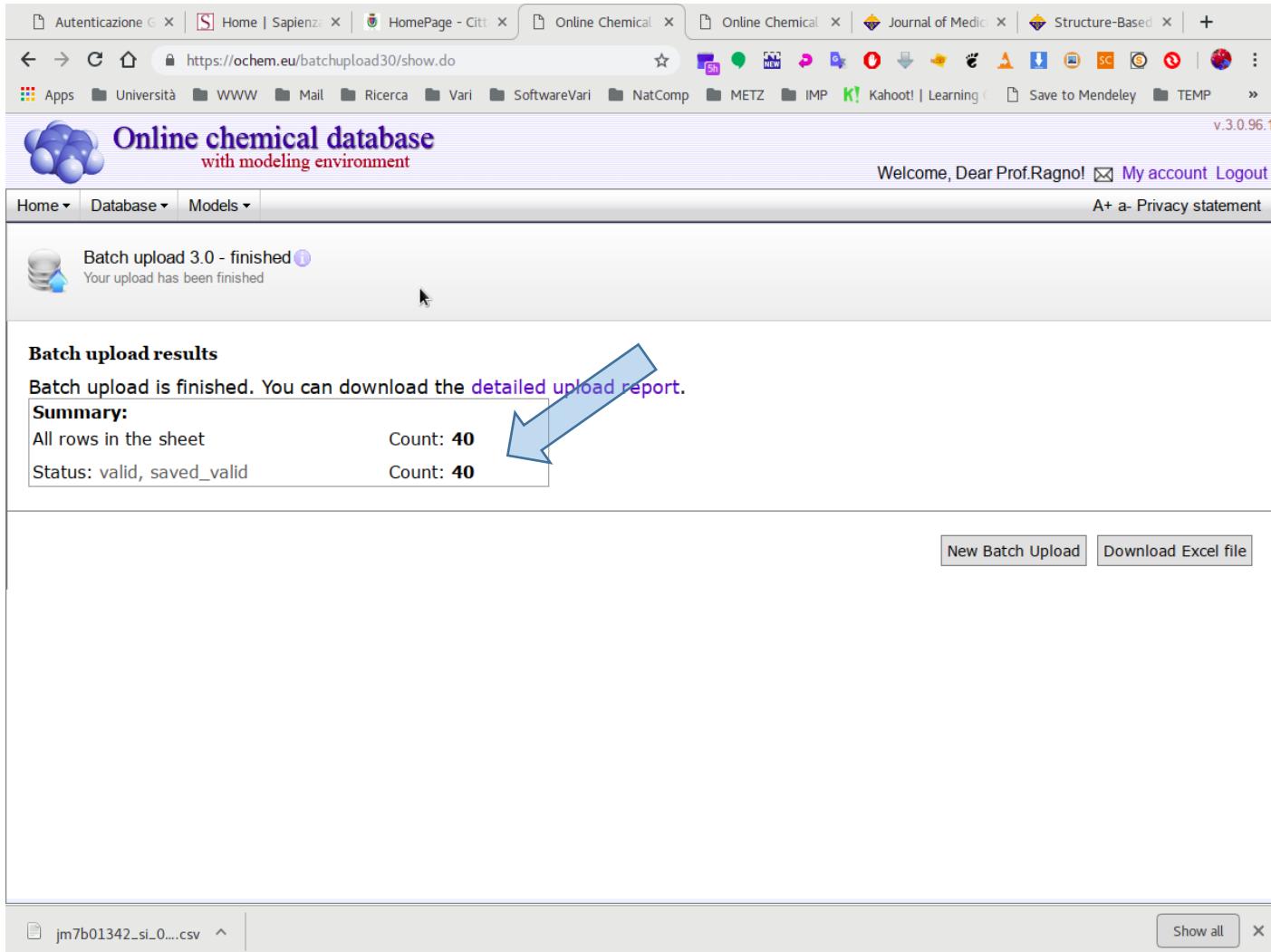
Page settings: 10 items on page 1 of 4 > >>

Buttons: Cancel Batch Upload, Download Excel file

File list: jm7b01342_si_002.xls

Page footer: Show all X

Preparing the dataset



The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/batchupload30/show.do>. The page displays a message: "Batch upload 3.0 - finished! Your upload has been finished". Below this, under "Batch upload results", it says "Batch upload is finished. You can download the [detailed upload report](#)". A blue arrow points to the number "40" which appears twice: once under "Count: 40" and once under "Status: valid, saved_valid". At the bottom, there are buttons for "New Batch Upload" and "Download Excel file". A file list at the very bottom shows "jm7b01342_si_0....csv".

Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! [My account](#) [Logout](#)

v.3.0.96.1

Home Database Models

Batch upload 3.0 - finished! Your upload has been finished

Batch upload results

Batch upload is finished. You can download the [detailed upload report](#).

Summary:

All rows in the sheet	Count: 40
Status: valid, saved_valid	Count: 40

New Batch Upload Download Excel file

jm7b01342_si_0....csv

Show all X

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/batchupload30/show.do>. The page displays a "Batch upload" section with a summary table and various upload and task management options. A large blue arrow points to the "Create model" option in the "Models" dropdown menu, which is highlighted with a light blue background. The "Create model" option is the first item in the dropdown list. The menu also includes other options like "Apply a model", "Create multiple models", and "Create multiple models with conditions (experimental)". At the bottom right of the page, there are buttons for "New Batch Upload" and "Download Excel file".

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page is titled "Online chemical database with modeling environment". A navigation bar at the top includes "Home", "Database", and "Models". On the right, there are links for "Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno!", "My account", and "Logout". The main content area is titled "Create a model" with a subtitle "Select the training and validation sets, the machine learning method and the validation protocol". It features sections for "Select the training and validation sets:" and "Choose the learning method:". Under "Choose the learning method:", a list of "Suggested modeling methods" is provided, each preceded by a radio button. The methods listed are: ASNN: Associative Neural Networks; CHEMCHAINER: Chainer Chemistry models (GPU); CNF - Convolutional Neural Network Fingerprint (GPU); Consensus model (based on models developed for the same set); DEEPCHEM: several methods from DeepChem (GPU); DNN: Deep Neural Network (GPU); EAGCNG - Edge Attention based Multi-relational Graph Convolutional Networks; FSMLR: Fast Stagewise Multiple Linear Regression; KNN: k - Nearest Neighbors; Library model (A local bias correction model based on another ASNN model); LibSVM: grid-search parameter optimisation; LS-SVMG: Least Squares Support Vector Machine (GPU); MLR: Multiple Linear Regression; PLS: Partial Least Squares; RFR: Random Forest regression and classification; WEKA-J48: Weka C4.5 decision trees, only classification - use with bagging; WEKA-RF: Random Forest, only classification; XGBoost: Scalable and Flexible Gradient Boosting. A blue arrow points to the "MLR: Multiple Linear Regression" option. At the bottom, there is a file input field containing "jm7b01342_si_0....csv" and buttons for "Show all" and "X".

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the 'Online chemical database with modeling environment' interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with tabs like 'Autenticazione', 'Home | Sapientia', 'HomePage - Citi', 'Online Chemical', 'Journal of Medic', 'Structure-Based', and a search bar for 'https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do'. Below the header, there's a sidebar with links for 'Database' and 'Models'. The main content area lists various modeling methods:

- CREMCRAINER: Chainer Chemistry models (GPU)
- CNF - Convolutional Neural Network Fingerprint (GPU)
- Consensus model (based on models developed for the same set)
- DEEPCHEM: several methods from DeepChem (GPU)
- DNN: Deep Neural Network (GPU)
- EAGCNG - Edge Attention based Multi-relational Graph Convolutional Networks
- FSMLR: Fast Stagewise Multiple Linear Regression
- KNN: k - Nearest Neighbors
- Library model (A local bias correction model based on another ASNN model)
- LibSVM: grid-search parameter optimisation
- LSSVMG: Least Squares Support Vector Machine (GPU)
- MLR: Multiple Linear Regression
- PLS: Partial Least Squares
- RFR: Random Forest regression and classification
- WEKA-J48: Weka C4.5 decision trees, only classification - use with bagging
- WEKA-RF: Random Forest, only classification
- XGBoost: Scalable and Flexible Gradient Boosting

Below this, there's a section titled 'Methods under development:' which is currently empty.

Model validation

Validation method:

Number of folds:

Stratified cross-validation (classification only)

Consider each record as a molecule.

You can create a model from template: [import an XML model template](#) or [use another model as a template](#)

Next>>

At the bottom, there's a file list with 'jm7b01342_si_0....csv' and a 'Show all' button.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page title is "Create a model". A large blue arrow points from the text "Select the training and validation sets:" to the "Training set (required):" input field, which contains the value "[1]". Below this, there is a link "Add a validation set" and a button "Click to change". The next section is "Choose the learning method." It lists "Suggested modeling methods:" with various options like ASNN, CHEMCHAINER, and MLR. At the bottom of the page, there is a file input field containing "jm7b01342_si_0....csv" and a "Show all" button.

Create a model ⓘ
Select the training and validation sets, the machine learning method and the validation protocol

Select the training and validation sets:

Training set (required): [1]
Add a validation set
Click to change

Choose the learning method. ⓘ

Suggested modeling methods:

- ASNN: Associative Neural Networks
- CHEMCHAINER: Chainer Chemistry models (GPU)
- CNF - Convolutional Neural Network Fingerprint (GPU)
- Consensus model (based on models developed for the same set)
- DEEPCHEM: several methods from DeepChem (GPU)
- DNN: Deep Neural Network (GPU)
- EAGCNG - Edge Attention based Multi-relational Graph Convolutional Networks
- FSMLR: Fast Stagewise Multiple Linear Regression
- KNN: k - Nearest Neighbors
- Library model (A local bias correction model based on another ASNN model)
- LibSVM: grid-search parameter optimisation
- LSSVMG: Least Squares Support Vector Machine (GPU)
- MLR: Multiple Linear Regression
- PLS: Partial Least Squares
- RFR: Random Forest regression and classification
- WEKA-J48: Weka C4.5 decision trees, only classification - use with bagging
- WEKA-RF: Random Forest, only classification
- XGBoost: XGBoost Machine Learning

jm7b01342_si_0....csv

Show all X

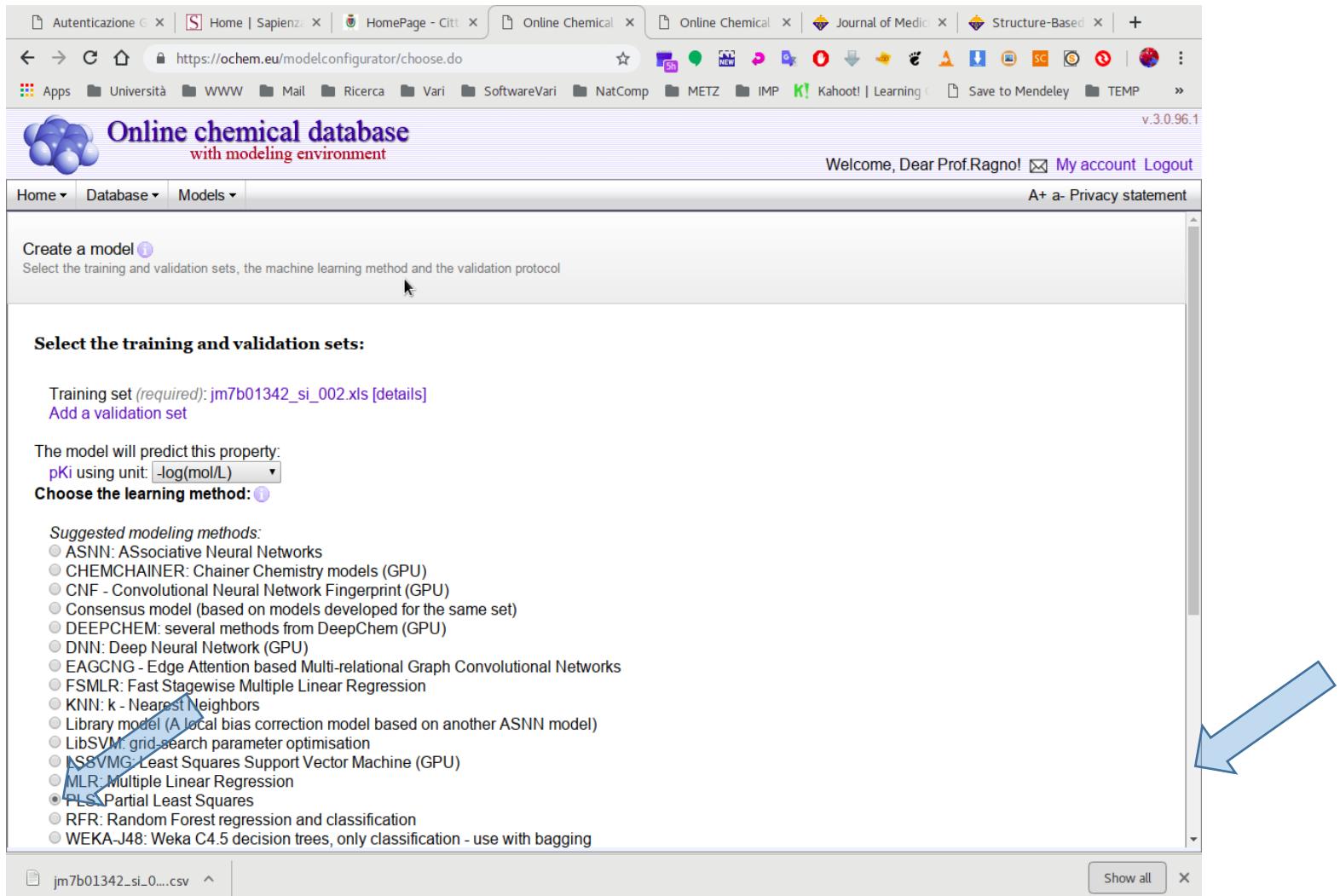
Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page title is "Basket browser" with a help icon. It says "Browse, Compare or Join molecule sets". There is a search bar for "Filter by name:" and a button "[Create new +]" with a file icon. A checkbox "Show public sets" is checked. Below this, it says "1 - 2 of 2". There are two entries in the list:

Selected records	0 records
jm7b01342_si_002.xls	40 records

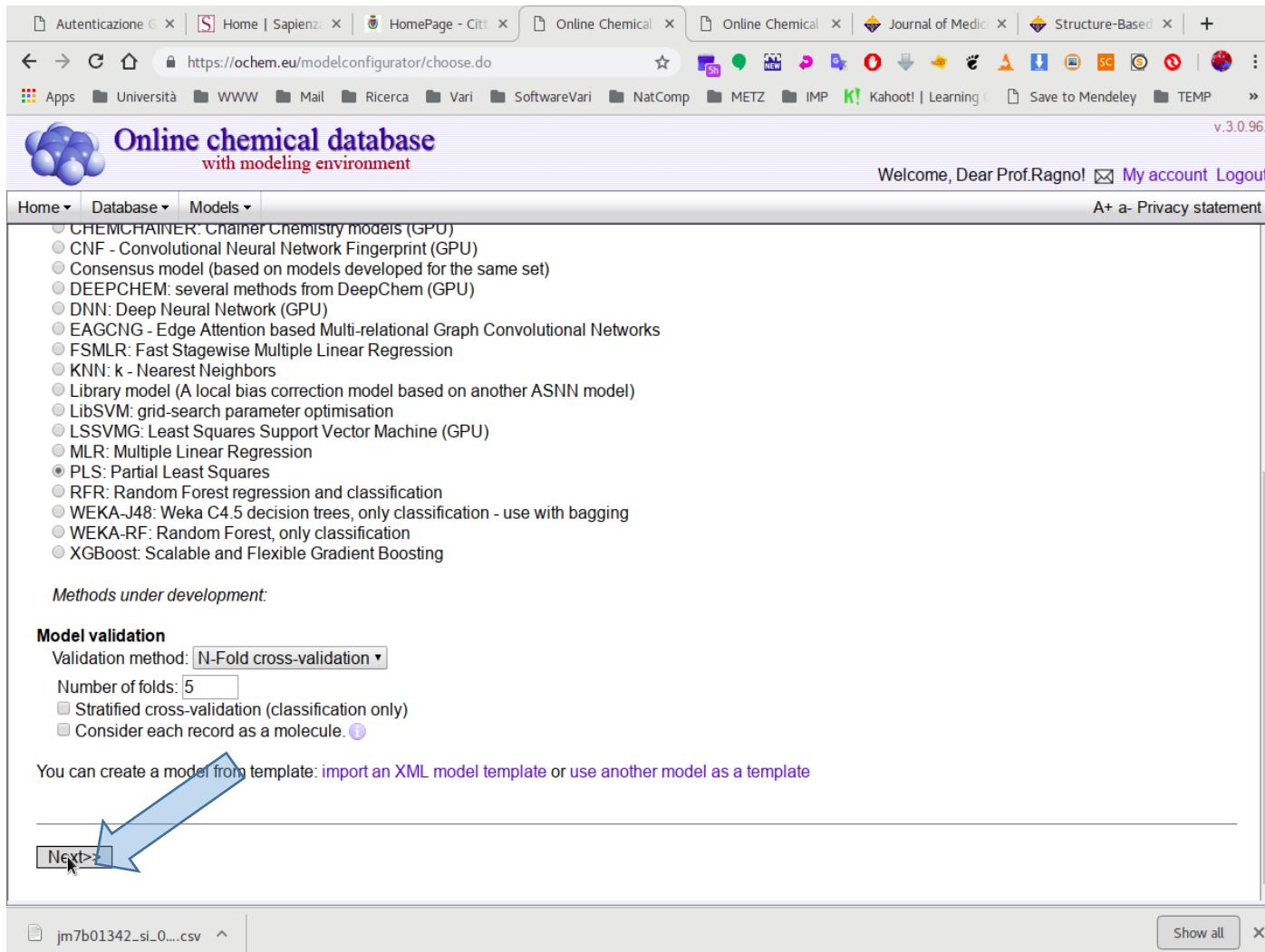
A blue arrow points from the text "Select compound set X" in the navigation bar to the "jm7b01342_si_002.xls" entry. A tooltip "Click to select this basket" is shown near the bottom left of the list area. At the bottom, there is a link "javascript:void(0)" and a download button for "jm7b01342_si_002.xls".

Preparing the dataset



The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page title is "Create a model". It asks to "Select the training and validation sets, the machine learning method and the validation protocol". Below this, it says "Select the training and validation sets:" and lists a "Training set (required): jm7b01342_si_002.xls [details]" and a link to "Add a validation set". It specifies the property to predict as "pKi using unit: log(mol/L)". The "Choose the learning method:" section contains a list of "Suggested modeling methods" with various options like ASNN, CHEMCHAINER, CNF, Consensus model, DEEPCHEM, DNN, EAGCNG, FSMLR, KNN, Library model, LibSVM, LSVMG, MLR, PLS, RFR, and WEKA-J48. The "PLS" option is highlighted with a blue circle and a blue arrow pointing to it from the bottom right. At the bottom, there is a file tab labeled "jm7b01342_si_002.xls" and buttons for "Show all" and "X".

Preparing the dataset



The screenshot shows the 'Online chemical database with modeling environment' interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with tabs like 'Autenticazione', 'Home | Sapientia', 'HomePage - Citt...', 'Online Chemical', 'Online Chemical', 'Journal of Medic...', 'Structure-Based', and a plus sign for new tabs. Below the bar, the URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The main content area has a title 'Online chemical database with modeling environment' and a sub-header 'v.3.0.96.1'. It displays a list of available models:

- CHEMCRAINER: Chainer Chemistry models (GPU)
- CNF - Convolutional Neural Network Fingerprint (GPU)
- Consensus model (based on models developed for the same set)
- DEEPCHEM: several methods from DeepChem (GPU)
- DNN: Deep Neural Network (GPU)
- EAGCNG - Edge Attention based Multi-relational Graph Convolutional Networks
- FSMLR: Fast Stagewise Multiple Linear Regression
- KNN: k - Nearest Neighbors
- Library model (A local bias correction model based on another ASNN model)
- LibSVM: grid-search parameter optimisation
- LSSVMG: Least Squares Support Vector Machine (GPU)
- MLR: Multiple Linear Regression
- PLS: Partial Least Squares
- RFR: Random Forest regression and classification
- WEKA-J48: Weka C4.5 decision trees, only classification - use with bagging
- WEKA-RF: Random Forest, only classification
- XGBoost: Scalable and Flexible Gradient Boosting

Below the list, there's a section titled 'Methods under development:' which is currently empty.

Model validation

Validation method:

Number of folds:

Stratified cross-validation (classification only)

Consider each record as a molecule. 

You can create a model from template: [import an XML model template](#) or [use another model as a template](#)

Next >

jm7b01342_si_0...csv

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page title is "Model creator" and it says "Select model template and training set". Below this, under "Select the preferred data preprocessing options", there is a section titled "Preprocessing of molecules (Chemaxon)" with a help icon. It contains several checkboxes:

- Standardization
- Neutralize
- Remove salts
- Clean structure

At the bottom of this section are two buttons: "<<Back" and "Next>>". A large blue arrow points from the top right towards the "Next>>" button. At the very bottom of the page, there is a file list: "jm7b01342_si_0...csv" with a "Show all" link and a close button.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the 'Model creator' section of the Online Chemical Database. A blue arrow points from the text 'Select the molecular descriptors' to the 'Recommended descriptor types' panel. Another blue arrow points from the 'Aromatize structures' dropdown to the 'Chemaxon Basic' option.

Select the molecular descriptors ⓘ

Recommended descriptor types

E-state

E-State types:

Atom indices

Bonds indices

Aromatize structures: **Chemaxon Basic** ⓘ

ALogPS (2)

GSFragment (1138)

CDK 2.0 descriptors (256/3D)

Dragon v. 7 (5270/3D)

alvaDesc v.1.0.14 (5305/3D)

ISIDA fragments

'Inductive' descriptors (54/3D)

MERA descriptors (529/3D)

MERSY descriptors (42/3D)

Chemaxon descriptors (499/3D)

QNPR

Spectrophores (144/3D)

Structural alerts (ToxAlerts)

Atom counts

Bonds counts

Predictions by OCHEM's featured models ⓘ

Ames levenberg

Toxicity against T. Pyriformis

ALogPS 3.0

CYP1A2 Estate+ALogPS

CYP2C9 Estate+ALogPS

CYP2C19 Estate+ALogPS

CYP2D6 Estate+ALogPS

CYP3A4 Estate+ALogPS

Pyrolysis point prediction (best Estate)

Melting Point prediction (best Estate)

Water solubility model based on logP and Melting Point

ALOGPS 2.1 logP

ALOGPS 2.1 logS

Outputs of other OCHEM models

Obsolete/Additional descriptor types

CDK 1.4.11 descriptors (256/3D)

OESTate

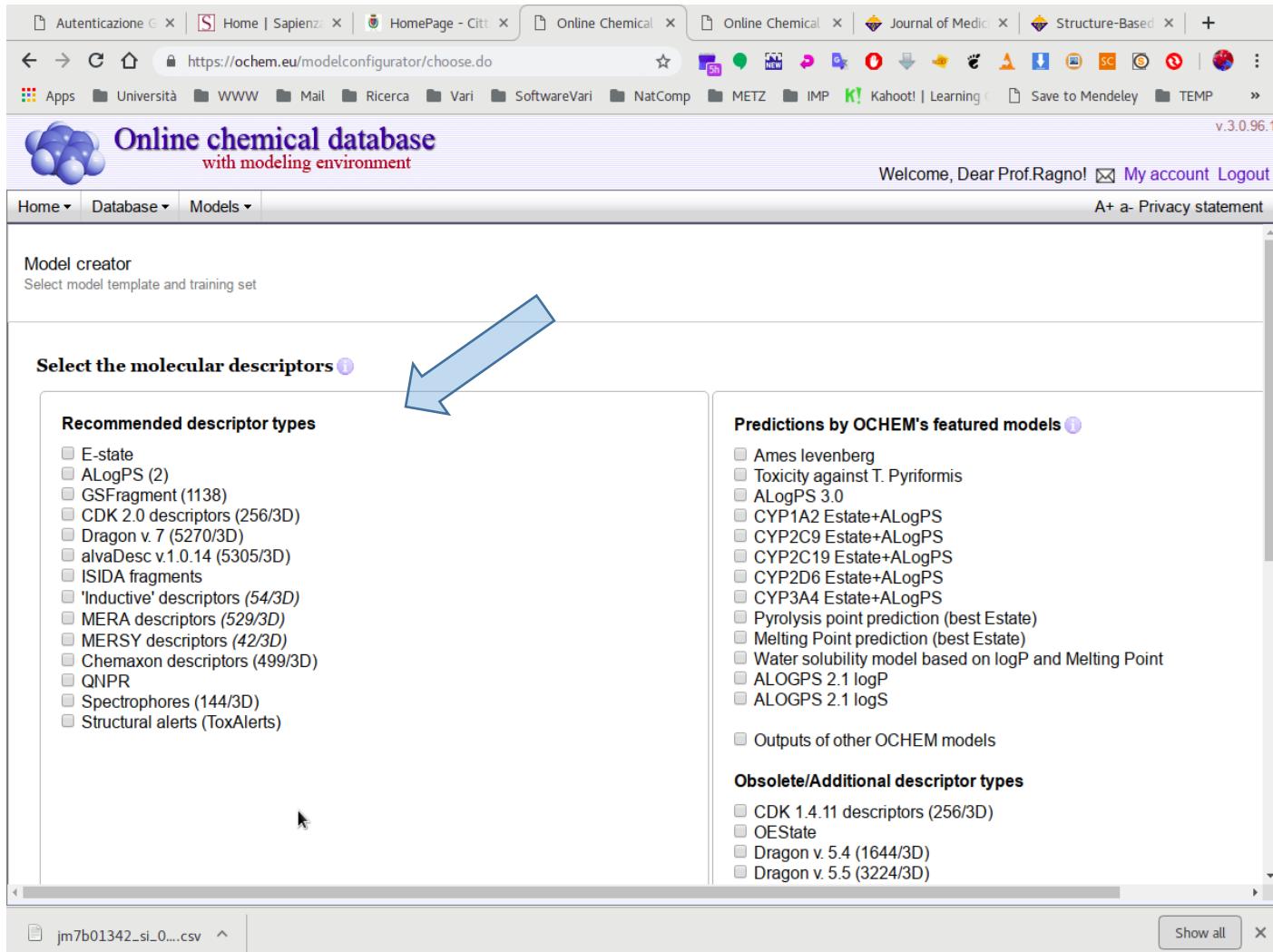
Dragon v. 5.4 (1644/3D)

Dragon v. 5.5 (3224/3D)

jm7b01342_si_0...csv

Show all X

Preparing the dataset



Online chemical database
with modeling environment

Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! [My account](#) [Logout](#)

v.3.0.96.1

Model creator
Select model template and training set

Select the molecular descriptors [?](#)

Recommended descriptor types

- E-state
- ALogPS (2)
- GSFragment (1138)
- CDK 2.0 descriptors (256/3D)
- Dragon v. 7 (5270/3D)
- alvaDesc v.1.0.14 (5305/3D)
- ISIDA fragments
- 'Inductive' descriptors (54/3D)
- MERA descriptors (529/3D)
- MERSY descriptors (42/3D)
- Chemaxon descriptors (499/3D)
- QNPR
- Spectrophores (144/3D)
- Structural alerts (ToxAlerts)

Predictions by OCHEM's featured models [?](#)

- Ames levenberg
- Toxicity against T. Pyriformis
- ALogPS 3.0
- CYP1A2 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP2C9 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP2C19 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP2D6 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP3A4 Estate+ALogPS
- Pyrolysis point prediction (best Estate)
- Melting Point prediction (best Estate)
- Water solubility model based on logP and Melting Point
- ALOGPS 2.1 logP
- ALOGPS 2.1 logS

Obsolete/Additional descriptor types

- CDK 1.4.11 descriptors (256/3D)
- OEState
- Dragon v. 5.4 (1644/3D)
- Dragon v. 5.5 (3224/3D)

jm7b01342_si_0...csv

Show all [X](#)

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the 'Online chemical database with modeling environment' interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with tabs like 'Autenticazione', 'Home | Sapientia', 'HomePage - Citt...', 'Online Chemical', 'Journal of Medic...', 'Structure-Based', and a plus sign for new tabs. Below the bar, the URL is https://occhem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do. The main header says 'Online chemical database with modeling environment' and includes a version number 'v.3.0.96.1'. On the right, it says 'Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno!' with links for 'My account' and 'Logout'. A toolbar below the header has icons for Apps, Università, WWW, Mail, Ricerca, Vari, SoftwareVari, NatComp, METZ, IMP, Kahoot!, Learning, Save to Mendeley, TEMP, and more.

The main content area is titled 'Select the molecular descriptors' with a blue circular icon. It's divided into several sections:

- Recommended descriptor types**:
 - E-state
 - ALogPS (2)
 - GCFragment (1138)
 - CDK 2.0 descriptors (256/3D)
 - Dragon v. 7 (5270/3D)
- select all] [select none]**
 - Constitutional descriptors (47)
 - Topological indices (75)
 - Connectivity indices (37)
 - 2D matrix-based descriptors (607)
 - Burden eigenvalues (96)
 - ETA indices (23)
 - Geometrical descriptors (3D, 38)
 - 3D autocorrelations (3D, 80)
 - 3D-MoRSE descriptors (3D, 224)
 - GETAWAY descriptors (3D, 273)
 - Functional group counts (3D, 154)
 - Atom-type E-state indices (172)
 - 2D Atom Pairs (1596)
 - Charge descriptors (3D, 15)
 - Drug-like indices (28)
- alvaDesc v.1.0.14 (5305/3D)
- ISIDA fragments
- Ring descriptors (32)
- Walk and path counts (46)
- Information indices (50)
- 2D autocorrelations (213)
- P_VSA-like descriptors (55)
- Edge adjacency indices (324)
- 3D matrix-based descriptors (3D, 99)
- RDF descriptors (3D, 210)
- WHIM descriptors (3D, 114)
- Randic molecular profiles (3D, 41)
- Atom-centred fragments (115)
- CATS 2D (150)
- 3D Atom Pairs (3D, 36)
- Molecular properties (20)
- CATS 3D (3D, 300)

- Predictions by OCHEM's featured models**
- Ames levenberg
- Toxicity against T. Pyriformis
- ALogPS 3.0
- CYP1A2 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP2C9 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP2C19 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP2D6 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP3A4 Estate+ALogPS
- Pyrolysis point prediction (best Estate)
- Melting Point prediction (best Estate)
- Water solubility model based on logP and Melting Point
- ALOGPS 2.1 logP
- ALOGPS 2.1 logS
- Outputs of other OCHEM models
- Obsolete/Additional descriptor types**
- CDK 1.4.11 descriptors (256/3D)
- OEState
- Dragon v. 5.4 (1644/3D)
- Dragon v. 5.5 (3224/3D)
- Dragon v. 6 (4885/3D)
- MOPAC 7.1 descriptors (25/3D)

At the bottom left, there's a file input field with 'jm7b01342_si_0....csv' and a 'Show all' button. At the bottom right, there's a close button 'X'.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page displays a sidebar with "Chemaxon descriptors (455/3D)" and sub-options: QNPR, Spectrophores (144/3D), and Structural alerts (ToxAlerts). Below this, under "Special descriptors (scaffolds, fingerprints)", are options for Chemaxon Scaffolds, Silicos-It Scaffolds, ECFP Fingerprints (disabled with a note: "Not supported by your installation"), and MolPrint Fingerprints. A section titled "Under development: can change anytime and backward compatibility is not guaranteed. Use at your own risk!" lists JLogP, CDK 2.2 descriptors (256/3D), RDKit descriptors (3D), RDKit additional descriptors (3D), MORDRED descriptors (1826/3D), CDDD, MOPAC2016 descriptors (35/3D), SIRMS, PyDescriptor descriptors (16251/3D), External descriptors, and Allow Merging Descriptors (experimental). At the bottom, there are "<<Back" and "Next>>" buttons. The status bar at the bottom shows a file named "jm7b01342_si_0....csv".

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page title is "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The top menu bar includes "Home", "Database", and "Models". On the right, there are links for "Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno!", "My account", and "Logout". A "v.3.0.96.1" version number is also visible. The main content area is titled "Model creator" and says "Select model template and training set". Below this, a section titled "Select a tool to optimize molecule structures" contains five radio button options: "No optimisation", "Optimise with Corina" (which is selected), "Optimise with OpenBabel", "Optimise with OGBEN (part of OpenBabel distribution)", and "Optimise with BALLOON". At the bottom of this section are two buttons: "<<Back" and "Next>>". A blue arrow points from the "Next>>" button towards the "Next" button in the footer. The footer also includes a file link "jm7b01342_si_0...csv", a "Show all" link, and a close button "X".

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the 'Model creator' section of the 'Online chemical database with modeling environment'. A blue arrow points from the text 'Delete descriptors that have absolute values larger than 999999' to the input field containing the value '999999'. The 'Descriptor normalization' dropdown is set to 'Do not normalize'.

Model creator
Select model template and training set

Select filters of descriptors

Eliminate descriptors with less than unique values

Delete descriptors that have absolute values larger than

Delete descriptors that have variance smaller than

Group descriptors, that have pair-wise correlations Pearson's correlation coefficient R larger than

Use Unsupervised Forward Selection to delete variables using the above value of multiple correlation coefficient R

After filtering, I want to select necessary descriptors myself (advanced)

Normalisation parameters

Descriptors normalization:

Values normalization:

<<Back

jm7b01342_si_0...csv ^ Show all X

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the 'Model creator' section of the 'Online chemical database with modeling environment'. At the top, there are filter checkboxes for descriptor selection:

- Eliminate descriptors with less than unique values
- Delete descriptors that have absolute values larger than
- Delete descriptors that have variance smaller than
- Group descriptors, that have pair-wise correlations Pearson's correlation coefficient R larger than
- Use Unsupervised Forward Selection to delete variables using the above value of multiple correlation coefficient R
- After filtering, I want to select necessary descriptors myself (advanced)

Below these filters is a section for 'Normalisation parameters':

Descriptors normalization:

Values normalization:

At the bottom left, there are navigation buttons: '<<Back' and 'Next>>'. A blue arrow points from the text 'After filtering, I want to select necessary descriptors myself (advanced)' to the 'Normalisation parameters' section.

At the bottom, a file list shows 'jm7b01342_si_0...csv' with a dropdown arrow next to it, and buttons for 'Show all' and 'X'.

Preparing the dataset

Online Chemical Modeling Environment - Google Chrome
Autenticazione < x | Home | Sapienz... x | HomePage - Citt... x | Online Chemical... x | Online Chemical... x | Journal of Medic... x | Structure-Based... x | +
https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do
Apps Università WWW Mail Ricerca Vari SoftwareVari NatComp METZ IMP Kahoot! Learning Save to Mendeley TEMP >
v.3.0.96.1

Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! [My account](#) [Logout](#)

Home Database Models

Model creator
Select model template and training set

Configure PLS method

Number of latent variables: Optimize the number of latent variables automatically
 Limit predicted values to the training set range

<<Back **Next >**

jm7b01342_si_0...csv Show all X

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page is titled "Model creator" and displays the following steps:

- Start calculation of the model**: A text input field contains the text "pKi_PLS_[Dragon7 (blocks: 1-30)] - 336922". A large blue arrow points to this input field.
- Task priority**: Radio buttons for "High priority (please, use for fast tasks only)", "Normal priority" (which is selected), and "Low priority (for long tasks)". A smaller blue arrow points to the "Normal priority" button.
- Action buttons**: Three buttons at the bottom: "<<Back" (disabled), "Start calculation>>" (highlighted in red), and "Discard".

At the bottom of the page, there is a file list with one item: "jm7b01342_si_0....csv".

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window with multiple tabs open at the top. The active tab is titled "Online Chemical" and displays the URL <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page content is for the "Model creator" section, which asks to "Select model template and training set". Below this, under "Run model builder", it shows a message: "Finished posting ... - Processing task Corina - Waiting for a free server -- 09:16" with links "[cancel]" and "[fetch result later]". At the bottom, there are navigation buttons "<>Back" and "Next>>". A file download notification is visible at the bottom left, showing a CSV file named "jm7b01342_si_0....csv". The top right of the page includes a welcome message "Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno!", account links "My account Logout", and a privacy statement link "A+ a- Privacy statement". The overall title of the page is "Online chemical database with modeling environment" and the version is "v.3.0.96.1".

Preparing the dataset

Screenshot of the Online Chemical Database interface showing the creation of a PLS model for pKi.

Model creator
Select model template and training set

Save the model
Please enter your model's name: pKi_PL�[Dragon7 (block)

Overview

Model name: pKi_PL�[Dragon7 (blocks: 1-30)] - 336922 [rename]
Temporal Public ID: 37774824 - use this link to share the model

Predicted property: pKi modeled in -log(mol/L)
Training method: PLS

Data Set	#	R ²	q ²	RMSE	MAE
Training set: jm7b01342_si_002.xls	40 records	0.4 ± 0.2	0.3 ± 0.3	0.7 ± 0.2	0.46 ± 0.08

scale X: STANDARDIZE0 latent variables 3D by Corina
5-fold cross-validation
3008 pre-filtered descriptors

scale X: STANDARDIZE2 latent variables
$$Y = -1.03 + 7.3E-6*MW - 0.00143*AMW + 9.56E-5*Sv + 7.81E-5*Se + 9.37E-5*Sp + 7.9E-5*Si - 0.0664*Mv - 0.108*Me - 0.0773*Mp + 0.0959*Mi + 0.0383*GD + 8.21E-5*nAT + 7.64E-5*nSK - 0.00167*nTA + 1.01E-4*nBT + 1.66E-4*nBO - 4.82E-4*nBM + 3.18E-5*SCBO + 0.00108*RBN + 0.0675*RBF + 1.51E-4*nDB - 4.65E-4*nAB + 1.93E-4*nH + 9.4E-5*nC + 0.00145*nN - 0.00104*NO - 0.00236*nCL - 0.00246*nHM - 3.41E-4*nHet - 8.88E-4*nX + 3.52E-4*nH% - 1.59E-4*nC% + 1.81E-4*nN% - 6.33E-4*nO% - 4.98E-4*X% + 0.00108*nCn3 -$$

LigandScout_4....dmg ▾ LigandScout_4....exe ▾ LigandScout_4....tar.gz ▾ jm7b01342_si_002.csv ▾ Show all ▾

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the Online Chemical Database interface at <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The main menu bar includes Home, Database, Models, and a user account section. A dropdown menu titled 'Save' is open, showing options like 'Baskets' (which is highlighted with a blue arrow), 'Tags', 'Set area of interest...', 'User-related changes', 'Batch data upload', and 'Trash'. Below this, a table displays a 'Data Set' with 40 records, showing metrics like R2, q2, RMSE, and MAE. To the right, a detailed view of a model is shown, including its name, correlation limit, variance threshold, maximum value, and various regression coefficients. At the bottom, there's a scatter plot with red data points and a linear regression line, along with download links for LigandScout software and a CSV file.

Autenticazione | Home | Sapientia | HomePage - Città | Online Chemical | Online Chemical | Journal of Medic | Structure-Based | +

https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do

v.3.0.96.1

Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! [My account](#) [Logout](#)

Home Database Models

Model c
Select model

Save
Please log in to save your work
MatchedPairs pKi_PL5 [Dragon7 (block)]

Baskets

Tags

Set area of interest...

User-related changes

Batch data upload

Trash

Data Set

#	R ²	q ²	RMSE	MAE
Training set: jm7b01342_si_002.xls 40 records	0.4 ± 0.2	0.3 ± 0.3	0.7 ± 0.2	0.46 ± 0.08

https://ochem.eu/basket/show.do

[Dragon7 (blocks: 1-30)] - 336922 [rename]
[Dragon7 (blocks: 1-30)] Correl. limit: 0.0 Variance threshold: 0.01, Maximum value: 999999,
scale X: STANDARDIZE0 latent variables 3D by Corina
5-fold cross-validation -
3008 pre-filtered descriptors
scale X: STANDARDIZE2 latent variables
Y = -1.03 + 7.3E-6*MW - 0.00143*AMW + 9.56E-5*Sv + 7.81E-5*Se + 9.37E-5*Sp + 7.9E-5*Si - 0.0664*Mv - 0.108*Me - 0.0773*Mp + 0.0959*Mi + 0.0383*GD + 8.21E-5*nAT + 7.64E-5*nSK - 0.00167*nTA + 1.01E-4*nBT + 1.66E-4*nBO - 4.82E-4*nBM + 3.18E-5*SCBO + 0.00108*RBN + 0.0675*RBF + 1.51E-4*nDB - 4.65E-4*nAB + 1.93E-4*nH + 9.4E-5*nC + 0.00145*nN - 0.00104*NO - 0.00236*nCL - 0.00246*nHM - 3.41E-4*nHet - 8.88E-4*nX + 3.52E-4*nH% - 1.59E-4*nC% + 1.81E-4*nN% - 6.33E-4*nO% - 4.98E-4*X% + 0.00108*nCsn3 -

LigandScout_4....dmg | LigandScout_4....exe | LigandScout_4....tar.gz | jm7b01342_si_002.csv | Show all | X

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/basket/show.do>. The page displays a "Basket browser" section where users can browse, compare, or join molecule sets. A blue arrow points to a file named "jm7b01342_si_002.xls" listed in the "Selected records" section, which contains 40 records and 1 pending model. A tooltip "Open basket profile" is visible near the file name. The browser's address bar shows several tabs, including "Autenticazione", "Home | Sapientz", "HomePage - Citt", "Online Chemical", "Journal of Medic", and "Structure-Based". The bottom of the screen shows a toolbar with various icons and a file list at the bottom of the browser window.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the 'Basket editor' page of the Online Chemical database. The URL is <https://ochem.eu/basket/show.do>. The page includes fields for 'Name' (jm7b01342_si_002.xls), 'Description (optional)', and 'Excluded implicit records (under development)'. In the 'Actions' section, there are links for creating a copy of the basket, splitting it into two sets, transforming it using OScript, and exporting it to Excel, CSV, or SDF. The 'Statistics of the basket' section shows '40 records' and '40 compounds'. A blue arrow points from the '40 records' link to the '40 compounds' link. The bottom navigation bar includes links for LigandScout_4....dmg, LigandScout_4....exe, LigandScout_....tar.gz, jm7b01342_si_0...csv, Show all, and a close button.

Autenticazione | Home | Sapientia | HomePage - Città | Online Chemical | Online Chemical | Journal of Medic | Structure-Based | +

https://ochem.eu/basket/show.do

v.3.0.96.1

Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! | My account | Logout

Home Database Models

Molecule sets X Edit basket X

A+ a- Privacy statement

Basket editor
Add new basket or edit exiting basket

Name:
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
(min. 2 characters)

Description (optional):

Excluded implicit records (under development):

Actions

- Create a copy of this basket
- Create a primary records basket
- Add or delete particular records
- Discretize the numerical values
- Models summary for 1 models
- Split the basket into two sets
- Transform the basket using OScript
- Export this basket into Excel, CSV or SDF

Statistics of the basket

Properties	Records	Unique compounds
pKi	40 records	40 compounds

40 records 40 compounds Show MMPs

https://ochem.eu/epbrowser/show.do?basket-select=189582&property=48967

LigandScout_4....dmg | LigandScout_4....exe | LigandScout_....tar.gz | jm7b01342_si_0...csv | Show all | X

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the "Online chemical database with modeling environment" interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Autenticazione, Home | Sapientia, HomePage - Città, Online Chemical, Journal of Medic, Structure-Based, and various university and software links. The main title "Online chemical database with modeling environment" is displayed with a blue logo. A welcome message "Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! My account Logout" is shown. The menu bar has options for Home, Database, and Models. The current tab is "records X".

Compounds properties browser (Search for numerical compounds properties linked to scientific articles)

FILTERS

- SOURCE**: Article/Source [select] (dropdown with Page and Table options)
- PROPERTY**: Activity/Property [select] (dropdown with pKi selected, highlighted in yellow)
- CONDITIONS**
- MOLECULE FILTERS**: Name / OCHEM ID / Inchi-Key (input field), Similarity/substructure search (text input: Draw a structure and search all the molecules containing it or similar to it, with a "CLICK TO DRAW A STRUCTURE" button).

Basket (green icon) Records (green checkmarks) Tags (blue icon)

1 - 5 of 40 5 items on page 1 of 8 > >>

Record 1: ● $p\text{Ki} = 7.443697499232712$ (in $-\log(\text{mol/L})$)
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
N: AUTO_40
MoleculeID: M97153584
RecordID: R38465835
09:09, 18 Nov 19
rino.ragno (Private record)
Only visible to rino.ragno

Record 2: ● $p\text{Ki} = 7.958607314841775$ (in $-\log(\text{mol/L})$)
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
N: AUTO_39
MoleculeID: M97153583
RecordID: R38465834
09:09, 18 Nov 19
rino.ragno (Private record)
Only visible to rino.ragno

Record 3: ● $p\text{Ki} = 7.795880017344075$ (in $-\log(\text{mol/L})$)
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls

File tabs at the bottom: LigandScout_4....dmg, LigandScout_4....exe, LigandScout_....tar.gz, jm7b01342_si_0...csv. A "Show all" button is also present.

Preparing the dataset

Screenshot of the Online Chemical Database interface showing a search results page for molecules.

The search criteria used:

- Molecular mass between [] and []
- ADVANCED MOLECULE FILTERS
- MISCELLANEOUS: Current set jm7b01342_si_002.xls
- Data origin and quality: Data introducers: All users; Data visibility: All data; Data from other users: All data; Original records, Primary records selected.
- Discover issues with the data: Error records, Error inchikeys, Mismatching names, Include stereochem., Empty molecules, Show only duplicates, No stereochemistry selected.
- Sort by: Creation time, Ascending order.

The results displayed are:

- MoleculeID: M97153582, RecordID: R38465833, pKi = 8.154901959985743 (in -log(mol/L)), Ragno, R, jm7b01342_si_002.xls, N: AUTO_37, molecule profile.
- MoleculeID: M97153581, RecordID: R38465832, pKi = 7.769551078621726 (in -log(mol/L)), Ragno, R, jm7b01342_si_002.xls, N: AUTO_36, molecule profile.
- MoleculeID: M97153580, RecordID: R38465831, pKi = 7.769551078621726 (in -log(mol/L)), Ragno, R, jm7b01342_si_002.xls, N: AUTO_36, molecule profile.

Page navigation: 1 - 5 of 40, 5 items on page, 1 of 8, >, >>.

File tabs at the bottom: LigandScout_4....dmg, LigandScout_4....exe, LigandScout_....tar.gz, jm7b01342_si_0...csv.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the "Online chemical database with modeling environment" interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Autenticazione, Home | Sapientia, HomePage - Citt, Online Chemical, Journal of Medic, Structure-Based, and various local applications like Apps, Università, WWW, Mail, Ricerca, Vari, SoftwareVari, NatComp, METZ, IMP, Kahoot!, Learning, Save to Mendeley, TEMP, and a plus sign for new tabs.

The main title "Online chemical database with modeling environment" is displayed above a search bar. The search bar contains the query "Compounds properties browser" and a placeholder "Search for numerical compounds properties linked to scientific articles".

The interface features a sidebar with filters for SOURCE (Article/Source [select], Page, Table), PROPERTY (Activity/Property [select], pKi selected), and CONDITIONS (Name / OCHEM ID / Inchi-Key, Similarity/substructure search). A red arrow points to the "pKi" filter.

The main content area displays a list of 40 records, with the first three shown in detail:

- 1 - 40 of 40**
- Select all records matching current filters**
- pKi = 7.443697499232712 (in -log(mol/L))**
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
N: AUTO_40
RecordID: R38465835
09:09, 18 Nov 19
rino.ragno
Only visible to rino.ragno
- pKi = 7.958607314841775 (in -log(mol/L))**
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
N: AUTO_39
RecordID: R38465834
09:09, 18 Nov 19
rino.ragno
Only visible to rino.ragno
- pKi = 7.795880017344075 (in -log(mol/L))**
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
N: AUTO_38

Each record entry includes a "molecule profile" thumbnail, the record ID, creation date, author, file name, and visibility status. A blue arrow points to the "Select all records matching current filters" button.

The bottom of the screen shows several open tabs: LigandScout_4....dmg, LigandScout_4....exe, LigandScout_....tar.gz, jm7b01342_si_002.csv, and a "Show all" button.

Preparing the dataset

Screenshot of the Online Chemical Database interface showing a list of molecules with their pKi values and details.

The interface includes a header with tabs for Autenticazione, Home | Sapientia, HomePage - Citt, Online Chemical, Online Chemical, Journal of Medic, Structure-Based, and a plus sign. Below the header is a toolbar with various icons. The main title is "Online chemical database with modeling environment". A welcome message says "Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! My account Logout". The menu bar has Home, Database, and Models dropdowns. The current view is under the Database tab, specifically the records section.

The records list shows three entries:

- Molecule profile**: pKi = 6.1487416512809245 (in -log(mol/L))
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
N: AUTO_3
MoleculeID: M97153547
Private record
RecordID: R38465798
09:09, 18 Nov 19
rino.ragno
Only visible to rino.ragno
- Molecule profile**: pKi = 7.585026652029182 (in -log(mol/L))
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
N: AUTO_2
MoleculeID: M95419909
Private record
RecordID: R38465797
09:09, 18 Nov 19
rino.ragno
Only visible to rino.ragno
- Molecule profile**: pKi = 8.045757490560675 (in -log(mol/L))
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
N: AUTO_1
MoleculeID: M4402773
Private record
RecordID: R38465796
09:09, 18 Nov 19
rino.ragno
Only visible to rino.ragno

A vertical sidebar on the right contains icons for file operations (New, Open, Save, Print, Copy, Paste, Find, Delete) and a "Select/unselect this record" button. Blue arrows point from the sidebar icons to the corresponding icons in the molecule profiles.

At the bottom, there are links to download files: LigandScout_4....dmg, LigandScout_4....exe, LigandScout_....tar.gz, jm7b01342_si_0...csv, and a "Show all" button.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the "Online chemical database with modeling environment" interface. A blue arrow points to the "Database" menu item in the top navigation bar.

Compounds properties browser (with modeling environment)

Your saved selection contains 38 records [clear]

FILTERS

- SOURCE**: Article/Source [select] (dropdown menu open)
- PROPERTY**: Activity/Property [select] (dropdown menu open, showing "pKi" selected)
- CONDITIONS**
- MOLECULE FILTERS**: Name / OCHEM ID / Inchi-Key (input field)

Similarity/substructure search: Draw a structure and search all the molecules containing it or similar to it (input field).

Basket (green icon) | **Records** (green checkmark icons): 1 - 40 of 40

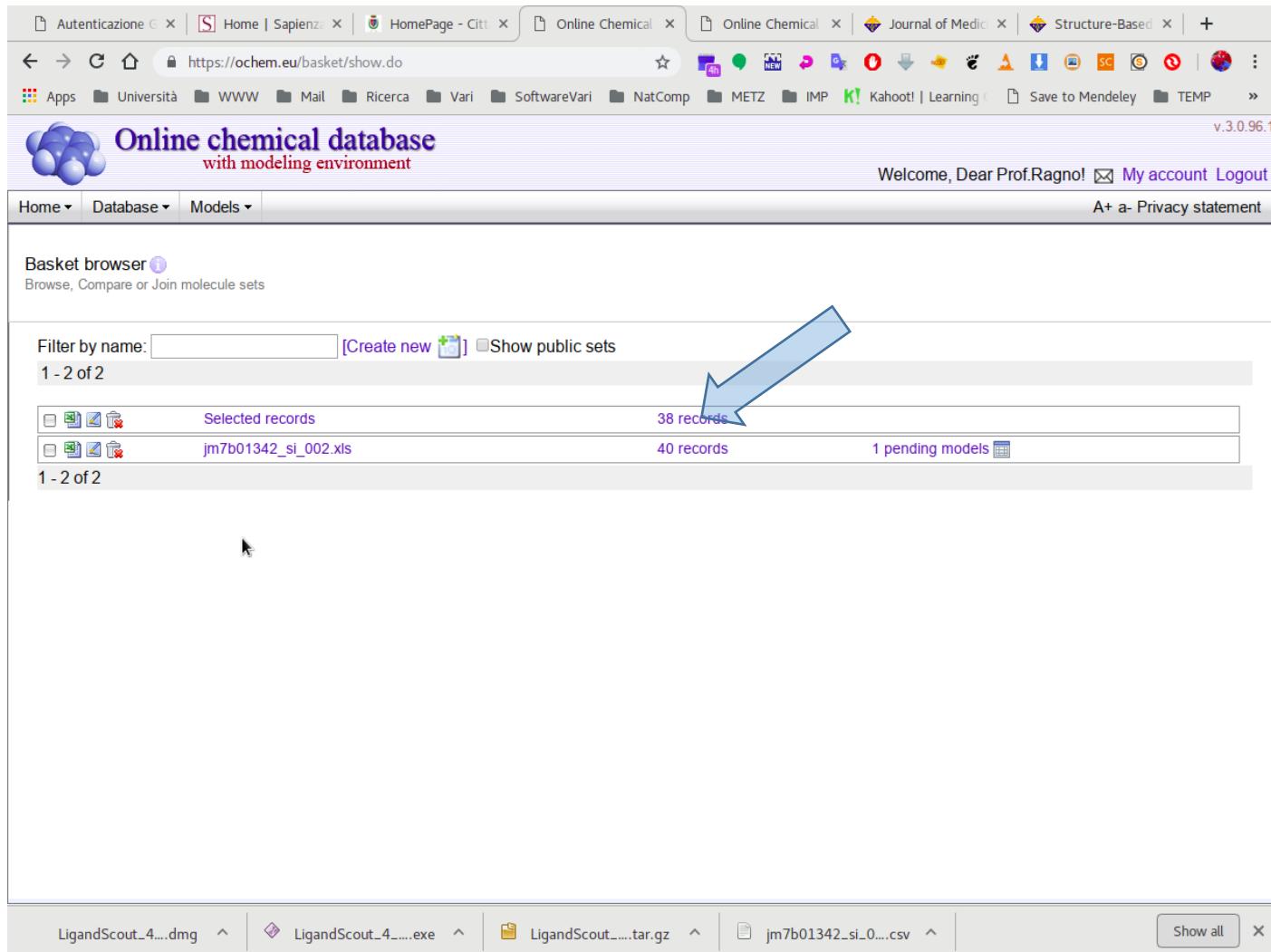
Molecule profile (chemical structure image) | **pKi = 7.443697499232712 (in -log(mol/L))**
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
N: AUTO_40
MoleculeID: M97153584
RecordID: R38465835
09:09, 18 Nov 19
rino.ragno (checkbox checked)
Only visible to rino.ragno

Molecule profile (chemical structure image) | **pKi = 7.958607314841775 (in -log(mol/L))**
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
N: AUTO_39
MoleculeID: M97153583
RecordID: R38465834
09:09, 18 Nov 19
rino.ragno (checkbox checked)
Only visible to rino.ragno

Molecule profile (chemical structure image) | **pKi = 7.795880017344075 (in -log(mol/L))**
Ragno, R
jm7b01342_si_002.xls
N: AUTO_38

LigandScout_4....dmg | LigandScout_4....exe | LigandScout_....tar.gz | jm7b01342_si_002.csv | Show all

Preparing the dataset

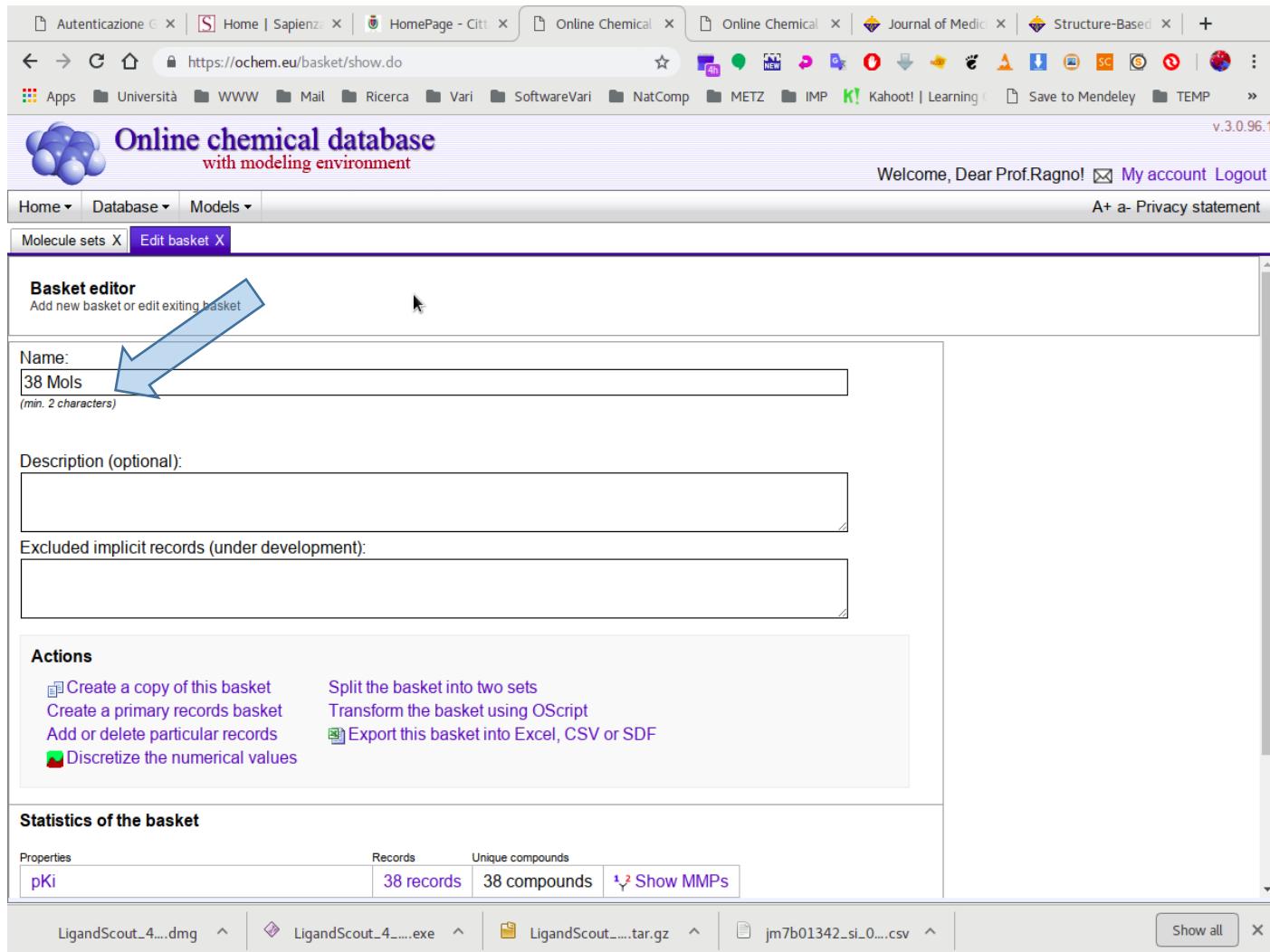


The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/basket/show.do>. The page displays a "Basket browser" interface. At the top, there is a search bar labeled "Filter by name:" with a button "[Create new]" and a checkbox "Show public sets". Below this, it says "1 - 2 of 2". Under "Selected records", there is a table with two rows:

	Selected records	38 records
<input type="checkbox"/>	jm7b01342_si_002.xls	40 records

On the right side of the table, it says "1 pending models". A large blue arrow points from the left towards the "Selected records" section. At the bottom of the browser window, there is a toolbar with several file icons and a "Show all" button.

Preparing the dataset



The screenshot shows the 'Basket editor' page of the Online Chemical database. The title bar includes tabs for 'Autenticazione', 'Home | Sapient...', 'HomePage - Citt...', 'Online Chemical', 'Journal of Medic...', 'Structure-Based', and a '+' icon. The URL is <https://ochem.eu/basket/show.do>. The top menu has links for 'Home', 'Database', 'Models', 'Molecule sets' (selected), and 'Edit basket'. A welcome message 'Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno!' is displayed along with 'My account' and 'Logout' links. The version 'v.3.0.96.1' is shown in the top right. The main area is titled 'Basket editor' with the sub-instruction 'Add new basket or edit exiting basket'. It features a 'Name:' field containing '38 Mols' (with a note '(min. 2 characters)'), a 'Description (optional)' field, and an 'Excluded implicit records (under development)' field. Below these are 'Actions' such as 'Create a copy of this basket', 'Split the basket into two sets', 'Transform the basket using OScript', 'Add or delete particular records', 'Export this basket into Excel, CSV or SDF', and 'Discretize the numerical values'. A 'Statistics of the basket' section shows 'Properties' (pKi), 'Records' (38 records), 'Unique compounds' (38 compounds), and a 'Show MMPs' link. At the bottom, there are file download links for 'LigandScout_4....dmg', 'LigandScout_4....exe', 'LigandScout_....tar.gz', and 'jm7b01342_si_0...csv', followed by 'Show all' and 'X' buttons.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/basket/show.do>. The page displays a "Basket browser" section where users can browse, compare, or join molecule sets. A blue arrow points from the "Create new" button to the "jm7b01342_si_002.xls" entry in the list.

Basket browser ?
Browse, Compare or Join molecule sets

Filter by name: [Create new] Show public sets
1 - 2 of 2

	38 Mols	38 records	
	jm7b01342_si_002.xls	40 records	1 pending models

1 - 2 of 2

At the bottom, there are links to download files: LigandScout_4....dmg, LigandScout_4....exe, LigandScout.....tar.gz, jm7b01342_si_0...csv, Show all, and a close button.

Preparing the dataset



The screenshot shows the 'Online chemical database with modeling environment' interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with tabs like Home, Database, and Models. Below it, a main form titled 'Create a model' asks for 'Select the training and validation sets, the machine learning method and the validation protocol'. A large blue arrow points to the 'Select the training and validation sets' section, which contains a note that 'Training set (required): 38 Mols [details]' and a link to 'Add a validation set'. It also specifies the predicted property as 'pKi using unit: -log(mol/L)'. There's a checkbox for skipping model configuration. Below this, another section titled 'Choose the learning method' lists various suggested modeling methods, each preceded by a radio button:

- ASNN: ASsociative Neural Networks
- CHEMCHAINER: Chainer Chemistry models (GPU)
- CNF - Convolutional Neural Network Fingerprint (GPU)
- Consensus model (based on models developed for the same set)
- DEEPCHEM: several methods from DeepChem (GPU)
- DNN: Deep Neural Network (GPU)
- EAGCNG - Edge Attention based Multi-relational Graph Convolutional Networks
- FSMLR: Fast Stagewise Multiple Linear Regression
- KNN: k - Nearest Neighbors
- Library model (A local bias correction model based on another ASNN model)
- LibSVM: grid-search parameter optimisation
- LSSVMG: Least Squares Support Vector Machine (GPU)
- MLR: Multiple Linear Regression

At the bottom, there's a file manager showing files like 'LigandScout_4....dmg', 'LigandScout_4....exe', 'LigandScout.....tar.gz', and 'jm7b01342_si_0...csv'. A 'Show all' button is also present.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page displays a list of available models and validation options.

Available Models:

- CHEMCHAINER: Chainer Chemistry models (GPU)
- CNF - Convolutional Neural Network Fingerprint (GPU)
- Consensus model (based on models developed for the same set)
- DEEPCHEM: several methods from DeepChem (GPU)
- DNN: Deep Neural Network (GPU)
- EAGCNG - Edge Attention based Multi-relational Graph Convolutional Networks
- FSMLR: Fast Stagewise Multiple Linear Regression
- KNN: k - Nearest Neighbors
- Library model (A local bias correction model based on another ASNN model)
- LibSVM: grid-search parameter optimisation
- LSSVMG: Least Squares Support Vector Machine (GPU)
- MLR: Multiple Linear Regression
- PLS: Partial Least Squares
- RFR: Random Forest regression and classification
- WEKA-J48: Weka C4.5 decision trees, only classification - use with bagging
- WEKA-RF: Random Forest, only classification
- XGBoost: Scalable and Flexible Gradient Boosting

Methods under development:

Model validation

Validation method:

Number of folds:

Stratified cross-validation (classification only)

Consider each record as a molecule.

You can create a model from template: [import an XML model template](#) or [use another model as a template](#)

Next >

The browser tabs at the bottom include: LigandScout_4....dmg, LigandScout_4....exe, LigandScout.....tar.gz, jm7b01342_si_0....csv, Show all, and a close button.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page is titled "Model creator" and asks to "Select model template and training set". Below this, it says "Select the preferred data preprocessing options" and lists several checkboxes:

- Standardization
- Neutralize
- Remove salts
- Clean structure

At the bottom of the form area, there are two buttons: "<<Back" and "Next >>". A large blue arrow points from the text "Preprocessing of molecules (Chemaxon)" towards the "Next >>" button.

The browser's address bar shows the current page as "Online Chemical" and the tab title as "Online Chemical". The status bar at the bottom indicates several files are open: "LigandScout_4....dmg", "LigandScout_4....exe", "LigandScout.....tar.gz", "jm7b01342_si_0...csv", "Show all", and a close button.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the 'Online chemical database with modeling environment' interface. The main title bar includes tabs like 'Autenticazione', 'Home | Sapienz...', 'HomePage - Citt...', 'Online Chemical', 'Journal of Medic...', and 'Structure-Based'. Below the title is a toolbar with icons for Apps, Università, WWW, Mail, Ricerca, Vari, SoftwareVari, NatComp, METZ, IMP, Kahoot!, Learning, Save to Mendeley, TEMP, and a plus sign. The top right shows 'v.3.0.96.1', 'Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno!', 'My account', and 'Logout'. A blue arrow points from the bottom right towards the 'Obsolete/Additional descriptor types' section.

Model creator
Select model template and training set

Select the molecular descriptors ⓘ

Recommended descriptor types

- E-state
- ALogPS (2)
- GSFragmet (1138)
- CDK 2.0 descriptors (256/3D)
- Dragon v. 7 (5270/3D)

[select all] [select none]

- Constitutional descriptors (47)
- Topological indices (75)
- Connectivity indices (37)
- 2D matrix-based descriptors (607)
- Burden eigenvalues (96)
- ETA indices (23)
- Geometrical descriptors (3D, 38)
- 3D autocorrelations (3D, 80)
- 3D-MoRSE descriptors (3D, 224)
- GETAWAY descriptors (3D, 273)
- Functional group counts (3D, 154)
- Atom-type E-state indices (172)
- 2D Atom Pairs (1596)
- Charge descriptors (3D, 15)
- Drug-like indices (28)

- Ring descriptors (32)
- Walk and path counts (46)
- Information indices (50)
- 2D autocorrelations (213)
- P_VSA-like descriptors (55)
- Edge adjacency indices (324)
- 3D matrix-based descriptors (3D, 99)
- RDF descriptors (3D, 210)
- WHIM descriptors (3D, 114)
- Randic molecular profiles (3D, 41)
- Atom-centred fragments (115)
- CATS 2D (150)
- 3D Atom Pairs (3D, 36)
- Molecular properties (20)
- CATS 3D (3D, 300)

Predictions by OCHEM's featured models ⓘ

- Ames levenberg
- Toxicity against T. Pyriformis
- ALogPS 3.0
- CYP1A2 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP2C9 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP2C19 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP2D6 Estate+ALogPS
- CYP3A4 Estate+ALogPS
- Pyrolysis point prediction (best Estate)
- Melting Point prediction (best Estate)
- Water solubility model based on logP and Melting Point
- ALOGPS 2.1 logP
- ALOGPS 2.1 logS

Obsolete/Additional descriptor types

- CDK 1.4.11 descriptors (256/3D)
- OESTate
- Dragon v. 5.4 (1644/3D)
- Dragon v. 5.5 (3224/3D)

LigandScout_4....dmg ⌂ LigandScout_4....exe ⌂ LigandScout_....tar.gz ⌂ jm7b01342_si_0....csv ⌂ Show all ⌂

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page displays a sidebar with "Chemaxon descriptors (1000/3D)" and several checkbox options:

- QNPR
- Spectrophores (144/3D)
- Structural alerts (ToxAlerts)

Below this, under "Special descriptors (scaffolds, fingerprints):", are the following options:

- Chemaxon Scaffolds
- Silicos-It Scaffolds
- ECFP Fingerprints *(Not supported by your installation)*
- MolPrint Fingerprints

A large blue arrow points from the "Next>>" button at the bottom left towards the "Next>>" button at the bottom right.

At the bottom, there are several file tabs: "LigandScout_4....dmg", "LigandScout_4....exe", "LigandScout.....tar.gz", and "jm7b01342_si_0....csv". A "Show all" button is also present.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page title is "Model creator" and it says "Select model template and training set". Below this, there is a section titled "Select a tool to optimize molecule structures" with five radio button options:

- No optimisation
- Optimise with Corina
- Optimise with OpenBabel
- Optimise with OGBEN (part of OpenBabel distribution)
- Optimise with BALLOON

At the bottom of this section are two buttons: "<<Back" and "Next>>". A blue arrow points from the text "Optimise with Corina" down towards the "Next>>" button. The browser's address bar shows several tabs and files, including "LigandScout_4....dmg", "LigandScout_4....exe", "LigandScout.....tar.gz", "jm7b01342_si_0...csv", "Show all", and a closed tab.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows the 'Online chemical database with modeling environment' interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Autenticazione', 'Home | Sapienz...', 'HomePage - Citt...', 'Online Chemical...', 'Online Chemical...', 'Journal of Medic...', 'Structure-Based...', and a '+' icon. Below the tabs, the URL is https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do. The page title is 'Online chemical database with modeling environment'. A welcome message says 'Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno!'. There are links for 'My account' and 'Logout'. The main menu has 'Home', 'Database', and 'Models' dropdowns. On the right, there are buttons for 'A+' and 'a-' and a 'Privacy statement' link.

Model creator
Select model template and training set

Select filters of descriptors

Eliminate descriptors with less than unique values

Delete descriptors that have absolute values larger than

Delete descriptors that have variance smaller than

Group descriptors, that have pair-wise correlations Pearson's correlation coefficient R larger than

Use Unsupervised Forward Selection to delete variables using the above value of multiple correlation coefficient R

After filtering, I want to select necessary descriptors myself (advanced)

Normalisation parameters

Descriptors normalization:

Values normalization:

[Pagina 76](#)

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page title is "Configure PLS method". It asks for the "Number of latent variables" (set to 0) and provides two checkboxes: "Optimize the number of latent variables automatically" (checked) and "Limit predicted values to the training set range" (unchecked). At the bottom are "Back" and "Next" buttons, with "Next" highlighted by a blue arrow. The browser's address bar shows several file icons: LigandScout_4....dmg, LigandScout_4....exe, LigandScout.....tar.gz, jm7b01342_si_0...csv, Show all, and a close button.

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page is titled "Model creator" and displays a form for starting a calculation. The form includes fields for the model name ("pKi_PLS_[Dragon7 (blocks: 1-30)] - 336948"), a checked checkbox for "Save models", and a radio button group for "Task priority" with options "High priority (please, use for fast tasks only)", "Normal priority" (which is selected), and "Low priority (for long tasks)". At the bottom of the form are three buttons: "<<Back", "Start calculation" (which is highlighted with a red box and a blue arrow pointing to it), and "Discard". The status bar at the bottom shows file icons for "LigandScout_4....dmg", "LigandScout_4....exe", "LigandScout.....tar.gz", and "jm7b01342_si_0...csv".

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page is titled "Run model builder" and displays a "Starting..." message with a circular progress icon. Below the message are "[cancel]" and "[fetch result later]" links. At the bottom of the page are "[<<Back]" and "[Next>>]" buttons. The browser's address bar shows several tabs, including "Autenticazione", "Home | Sapientz", "HomePage - Citt", "Online Chemical", "Journal of Medic", "Structure-Based", and "https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do". The status bar at the bottom indicates file paths: "LigandScout_4....dmg", "LigandScout_4....exe", "LigandScout.....tar.gz", "jm7b01342_si_0...csv", "Show all", and "X".

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page displays a "Run model builder" section with a message: "Finished posting ... - Processing task Corina - Waiting for a free server -- 09:37". Below the message are links "[cancel]" and "[fetch result later]". At the bottom of the page, there are navigation buttons "**<<Back**" and "**Next>>**". The browser's address bar shows several open tabs, including "Autenticazione", "Home | Sapienz", "HomePage - Citt", "Online Chemical", "Journal of Medic", "Structure-Based", and "https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do". The status bar at the bottom indicates file paths: "LigandScout_4....dmg", "LigandScout_4....exe", "LigandScout.....tar.gz", "jm7b01342_si_0...csv", "Show all", and "X".

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the "Online chemical database with modeling environment". The URL is <https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do>. The page displays a message indicating a task has been completed: "Finished posting ... - Processing task Descriptors - Tasks are sent for calculations -- 09:37". Below this message are two links: "[cancel]" and "[fetch result later]". At the bottom of the page, there are navigation buttons: "<<Back" and "Next>>". The browser's address bar shows several open tabs, including "Autenticazione", "Home | Sapienz", "HomePage - Citt", "Online Chemical", "Journal of Medic", "Structure-Based", and "https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do". The status bar at the bottom of the browser indicates file paths: "LigandScout_4....dmg", "LigandScout_4....exe", "LigandScout.....tar.gz", "jm7b01342_si_0....csv", "Show all", and "X".

Preparing the dataset

Screenshot of the Online Chemical Database interface showing a PLS model configuration.

Model creator
Select model template and training set

Save the model
Please enter your model's name: pKi_PL�_[Dragon7 (block

Overview

Model name: pKi_PL�_[Dragon7 (blocks: 1-30)] - 336948 [rename]
Temporal Public ID: 11990802 - use this link to share the model

Predicted property: pKi modeled in -log(mol/L)
Training method: PLS

Data Set	#	R ²	q ²	RMSE	MAE
Training set: 38 Mols	38 records	0.79 ± 0.06	0.79 ± 0.06	0.38 ± 0.04	0.31 ± 0.04

[Dragon7 (blocks: 1-30)]
Correl. limit: 0.0 Variance threshold: 0.01,
Maximum value: 999999,
scale X: STANDARDIZE0 latent variables 3D by Corina
5-fold cross-validation
2990 pre-filtered descriptors
scale X: STANDARDIZE4 latent variables
$$Y = -0.62 + 9.86E-6*MW - 0.00151*AMW + 1.08E-4*Sv + 7.59E-5*Se + 1.51E-4*Sp + 1.07E-4*Si - 0.0974*Mv - 0.346*Me - 0.0454*Mp + 0.133*Mi + 0.129*GD + 1.07E-4*nAT - 1.04E-4*nSK - 0.00147*nTA + 1.3E-4*nBT + 1.04E-4*nBO - 9.95E-4*nBM - 1.05E-4*SCBO - 4.56E-5*RBN - 0.0334*RBF - 6.43E-4*nDB - 7.49E-4*nAB + 3.0E-4*nH - 7.54E-5*nC + 0.0169*nN - 0.00448*nO - 3.04E-4*nCL + 0.00136*nHM - 2.29E-4*nHet + 0.00449*nNx + 5.98E-4*nH% - 0.00122*C% + 0.00224*N% - 0.00223*O% + 0.00189*X% + 7.52E-4*nCsn3 -$$

LigandScout_4....dmg LigandScout_4....exe LigandScout.....tar.gz jm7b01342_si_0....csv Show all

Preparing the dataset

Screenshot of the Online Chemical Modeling Environment interface showing a PLS model preparation screen.

The URL in the address bar is ochem.eu/pendingtasks/tasks.do.

The page title is "Online chemical database with modeling environment".

Welcome message: "Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragnoli" with links to "My account" and "Logout".

Model name: pKi_PLs_[Dragon7 (blocks: 1-30)] - 337241 [rename]

Temporal Public ID: 35823821 - use this link to share the model

Predicted property: pKi modeled in -log(mol/L)

Training method: PLS

Data Set # R² q² RMSE MAE

Training set: 38 Mols	38 records	0.79 ± 0.05	0.78 ± 0.06	0.39 ± 0.04	0.32 ± 0.03
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Correl. limit: 0.0 Variance threshold: 0.01, Maximum value: 999999,

[Dragon7 (blocks: 1-30)]

scale X: STANDARDIZE0 latent variables 3D by Corina 5-fold cross-validation

2990 pre-filtered descriptors

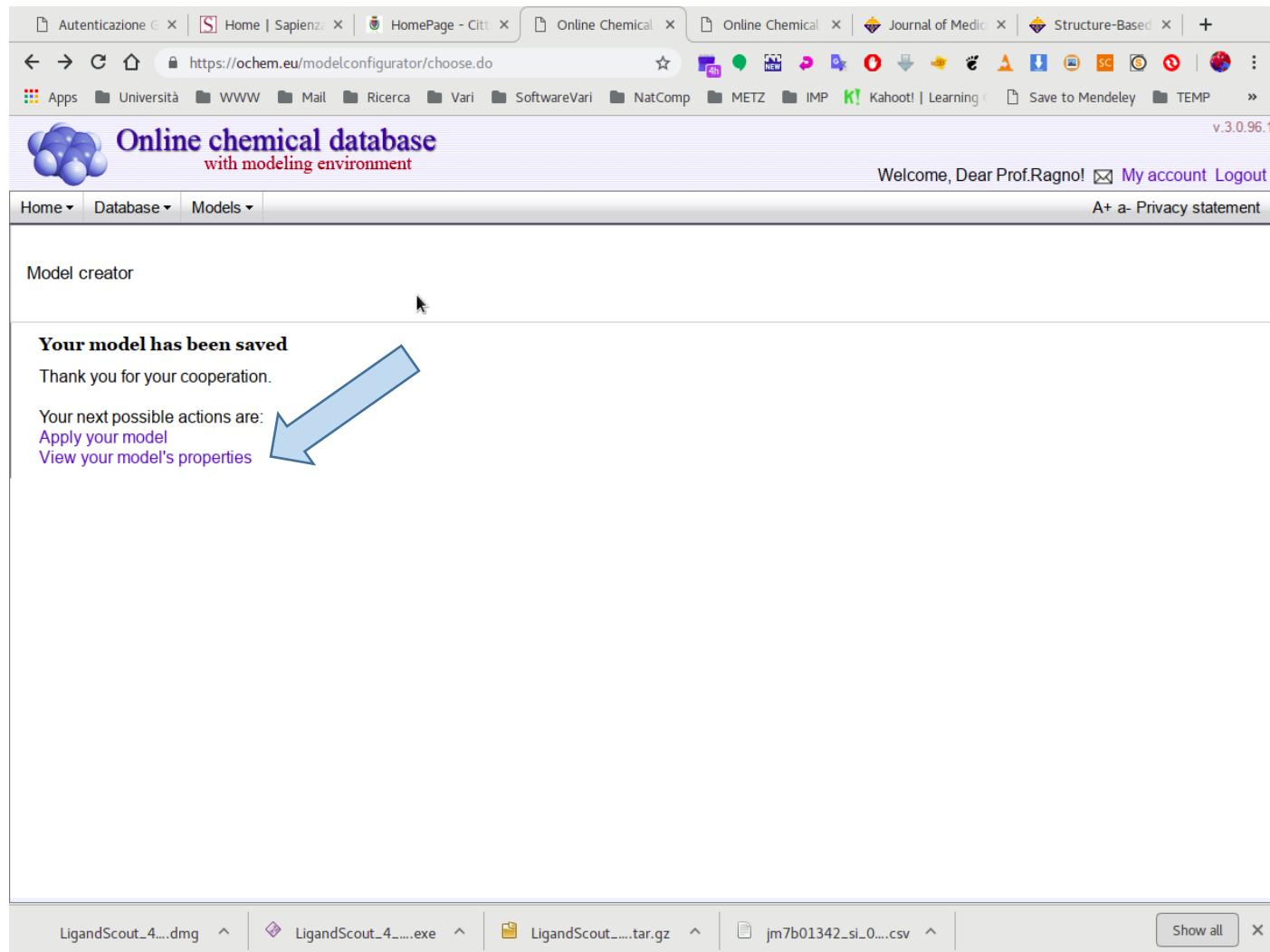
scale X: STANDARDIZE5 latent variables

$$Y = -11.2 - 7.65E-6 * MW - 0.00236 * AMW + 8.03E-5 * Sv + 5.85E-5 * Se + 9.21E-5 * Sp + 9.43E-5 * Si - 0.093 * Mv - 0.373 * Me - 0.0664 * Mp + 0.208 * Mi + 0.115 * GD + 8.62E-5 * nAT - 7.19E-5 * nSK - 0.00171 * nTA + 1.12E-4 * nBT + 1.2E-4 * nBO - 7.08E-4 * nBM - 4.88E-5 * SCBO + 1.48E-4 * RBN - 0.0125 * RBF - 7.32E-4 * nDB - 5.02E-4 * nAB + 2.37E-4 * nH - 1.02E-4 * nC + 0.0202 * NN - 0.00489 * nO - 6.76E-5 * nCL - 1.06E-4 * nHM + 2.88E-4 * nHet + 0.00475 * nX + 5.04E-4 * nH% - 0.00119 * C% + 0.00284 * N% - 0.00245 * O% + 0.00216 * X% + 4.81E-4 * nCsp3 - 7.08E-4 * nCsp2 + 0.00211 * nCIC + 0.00211 * nCIR + 3.84E-4 * TRS + 3.84E-4 * Rperim + 0.0276 * MCD - 0.116 * RFD - 0.0814 * RCI + 0.00211 * NRS + 0.0422 * NNRS + 0.00286 * nR03 - 4.71E-4 * nR06 - 0.00301 * nBnz - 0.0191 * ARR + 6.28E-5 * Dtr03 - 8.59E-5 * Dtr06$$

Scatter plot showing predicted vs actual pKi values.

Buttons at the bottom: Save (highlighted with a blue arrow) and Discard.

Preparing the dataset



Autenticazione | Home | Sapienza | HomePage - Citt | Online Chemical | Online Chemical | Journal of Medic | Structure-Based | +

https://ochem.eu/modelconfigurator/choose.do

Apps Università WWW Mail Ricerca Vari SoftwareVari NatComp METZ IMP Kahoot! | Learning Save to Mendeley TEMP »

v.3.0.96.1

Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! My account Logout

Home Database Models A+ a- Privacy statement

Model creator

Your model has been saved

Thank you for your cooperation.

Your next possible actions are:

[Apply your model](#)

[View your model's properties](#)

LigandScout_4....dmg | LigandScout_4....exe | LigandScout.....tar.gz | jm7b01342_si_0....csv | Show all X

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window with three tabs: "accounts.google.com", "Il mio Drive - Google Drive", and "Online Chemical Modeling Environment". The main content is the "Online chemical database with modeling environment" version 3.0.96.2. The user is logged in as "Dear Prof.Ragno!". The interface includes a navigation bar with "Home", "Database", and "Models" dropdowns, and a sub-menu for "Pending tasks X" and "Task results X".

Model profile (Statistical parameters, tables, charts - all the information related to the model.)

Overview

Model name: pKi_PLs_[Dragon7 (blocks: 1-30)] - 337241 [rename]
Temporal Public ID: 35823821 - use this link to share the model

Predicted property: pKi modeled in -log(mol/L)
Training method: PLS

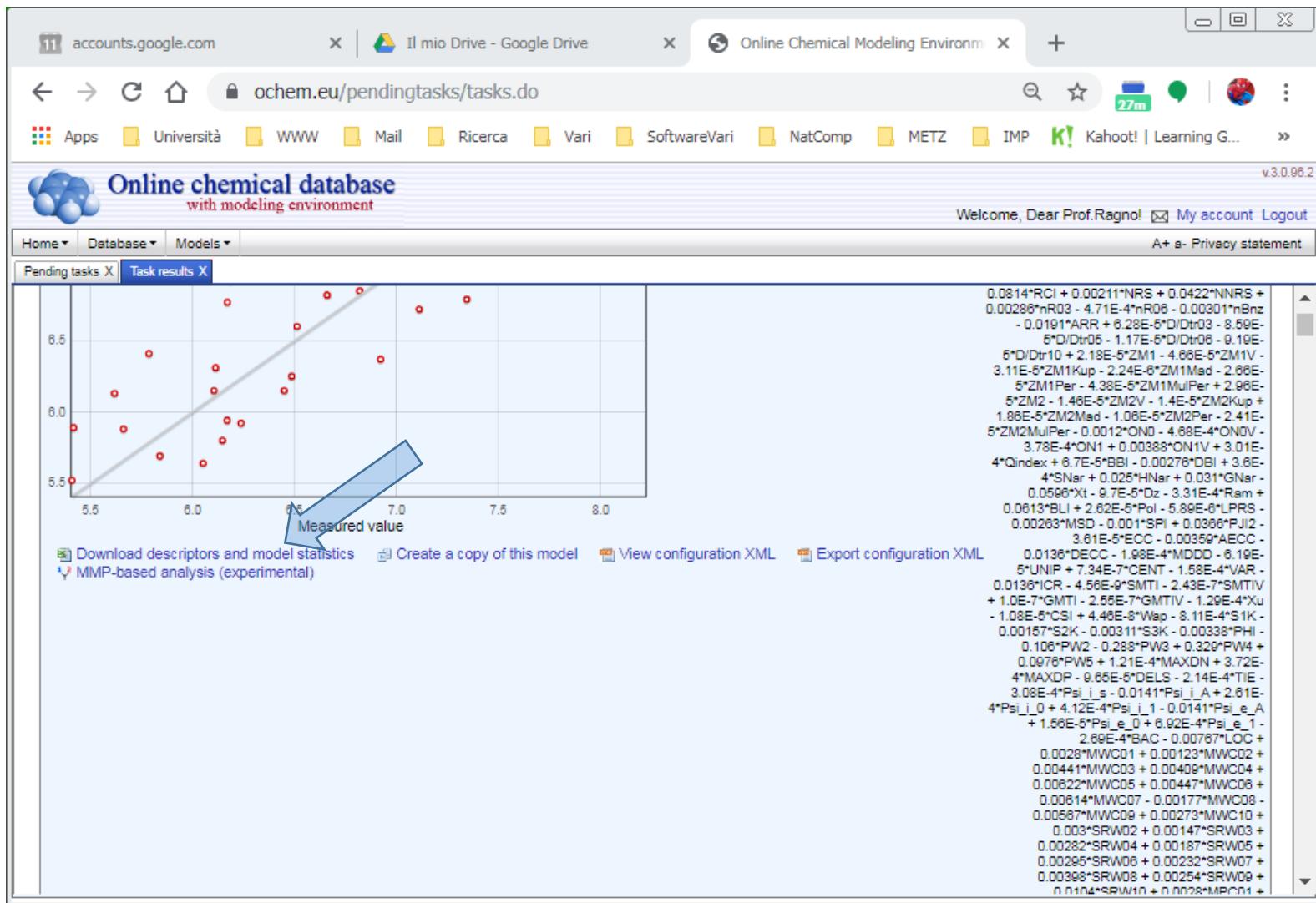
Data Set	#	R2	q2	RMSE	MAE
Training set: 38 Mols	38 records	0.79 ± 0.05	0.78 ± 0.06	0.39 ± 0.04	0.32 ± 0.04

A scatter plot shows the relationship between experimental pKi values (Y-axis, 6.5 to 8.0) and predicted pKi values (X-axis). A diagonal line represents the 1:1 relationship, and red circles represent individual data points.

Correl. limit: 0.0 Variance threshold: 0.01, Maximum value: 999999,
scale X: STANDARDIZE0 latent variables 3D by Corina
5-fold cross-validation
2990 pre-filtered descriptors

scale X: STANDARDIZE5 latent variables
Y = -11.2 - 7.66E-6*MW - 0.00236*AMW +
8.03E-5*Sv + 5.85E-5*Se + 9.21E-6*Sp +
9.43E-5*Si - 0.093*Mv - 0.373*Me - 0.0684*Mp
+ 0.208*Mi + 0.115*Gd + 8.62E-5*nAT -
7.19E-5*nSK - 0.00171*nTA + 1.12E-4*nBT +
1.2E-4*nBO - 7.08E-4*nBM - 4.88E-5*nSCBO +
1.48E-4*nRBN - 0.0125*nRBF - 7.32E-4*nDB -
5.02E-4*nAB + 2.37E-4*nH - 1.02E-4*nC +
0.0202*nN - 0.00489*nO - 6.76E-6*nCL -
1.06E-4*nHM + 2.88E-4*nHet + 0.00475*nX +
5.04E-4*nH% - 0.00119*C% + 0.00284*N% -
0.00245*O% + 0.00216*X% + 4.81E-4*nCsp3 -
7.08E-4*nCsp2 + 0.00211*nCIC +
0.00211*nCIR + 3.84E-4*TRS + 3.84E-4*Rperim + 0.0276*MCD - 0.116*RFD -
0.0814*RCI + 0.00211*NRG + 0.0422*NNRS +
0.00286*nR03 - 4.71E-4*nR06 - 0.00301*nBnz -
- 0.0191*ARR + 6.28E-5*D/Dt03 - 8.59E-5*D/Dt05 - 1.17E-5*D/Dt06 - 9.19E-5*D/Dt10 + 2.18E-5*ZM1 - 4.66E-5*ZM1V -

Preparing the dataset



Preparing the dataset

accounts.google.com | Il mio Drive - Google Drive | Online Chemical Modeling Environment | +

ochem.eu/pendingtasks/tasks.do

v.3.0.96.2

Welcome, Dear Prof.Ragno! | My account | Logout

A+ a- Privacy statement

Home | Database | Models | Pending tasks | Task results | Download descriptors and model statistics

Data export
Export the selected data as an Excel, CSV or SDF file

Please, select the items that you want to export:

[select all] [select unrestricted only] [select none]

Structure (SMILES or SDF)
 CASRN
 RECORDID
 MOLECULEID
 External unique identifier
 Identifier in article (N)
 NAMES
 Introducers of the records
 Last modifiers of the records
 Publication IDs
 Error messages
 Experimentally measured values
 Predicted values (in converted units)
 Experimentally measured values (in converted units)
 DM (distance to model) values
 Applicability Domain (FALSE if predictions are outside of the AD)
 Conditions of experiments
 DESCRIPTORSNAMES
 Comments
 Inchi-key
 Merge information for the same molecule

Select the units to which the exported values will be converted:
pK_i [-log(M)]

Preparing the dataset

The screenshot shows a web browser window with three tabs open:

- accounts.google.com
- Il mio Drive - Google Drive
- Online Chemical Modeling Environment

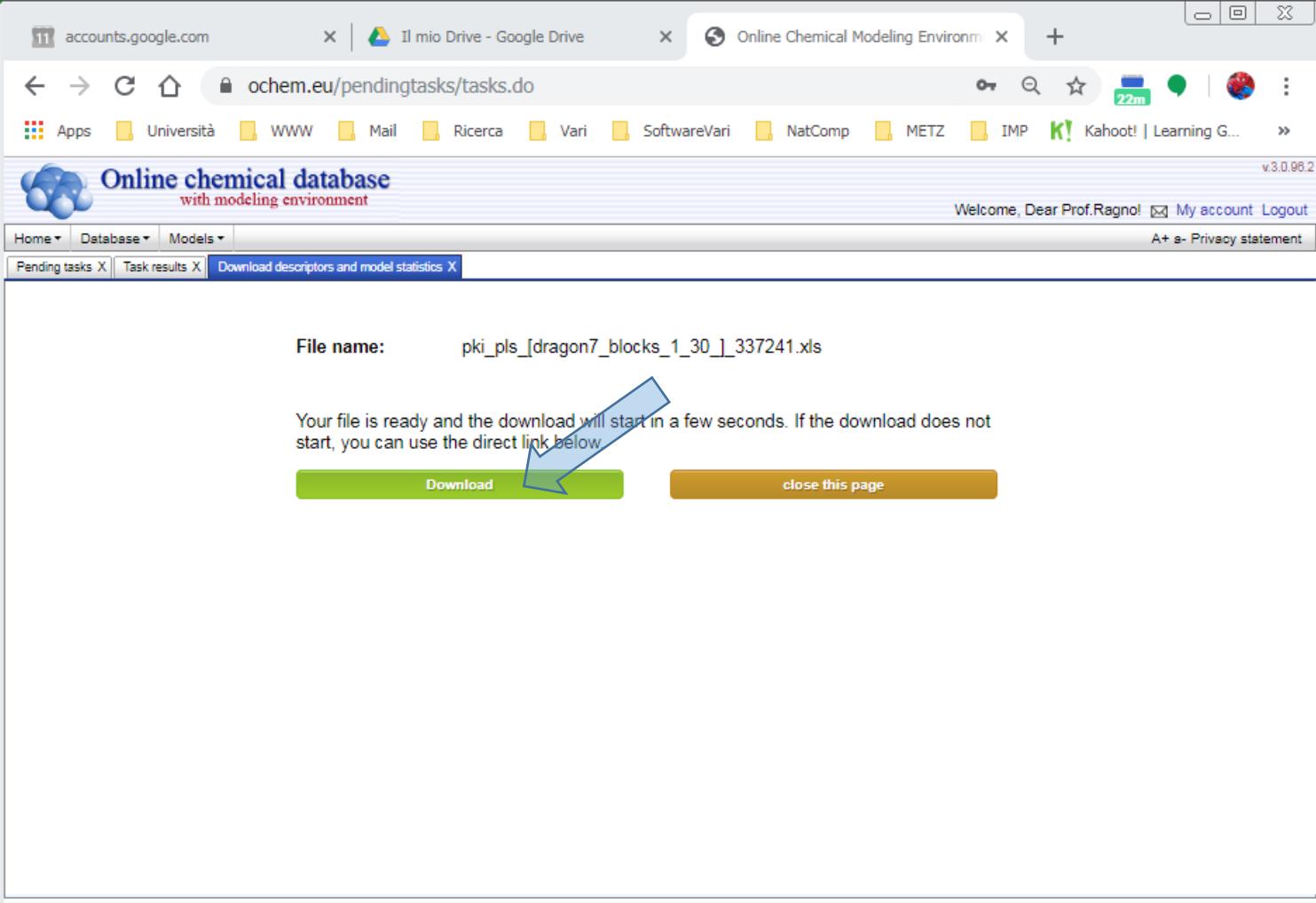
The main content area is titled "Online chemical database with modeling environment" and displays a list of items to select for export:

- [select all] [select unrestricted only] [select none]
- Structure (SMILES or SDF)
- CASRN
- RECORDID
- MOLECULEID
- External unique identifier
- Identifier in article (N)
- NAMES
- Introducers of the records
- Last modifiers of the records
- Publication IDs
- Error messages
- Experimentally measured values
- Predicted values (in converted units)
- Experimentally measured values (in converted units)
- DM (distance to model) values
- Applicability Domain (FALSE if predictions are outside of the AD)
- Conditions of experiments
- DESCRIPTORSNAMES
- Comments
- Inchi-key
- Merge information for the same molecule

A yellow callout box with a blue arrow points to a dropdown menu labeled "Select the units to which the exported values will be converted:" containing "pKi" and "-log(M)".

At the bottom, there are four green buttons: "Get Excel file" (highlighted with a blue arrow), "Get CSV file", "Get SDF file", and "Get R script".

Preparing the dataset



A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows 'accounts.google.com', 'Il mio Drive - Google Drive', and 'Online Chemical Modeling Environment'. The main content area displays the 'Online chemical database with modeling environment' interface, version 3.0.98.2. It shows a file download confirmation message: 'File name: pki_pls_[dragon7_blocks_1_30_]_337241.xls'. Below this, a message says 'Your file is ready and the download will start in a few seconds. If the download does not start, you can use the direct link below.' Two buttons are present: a green 'Download' button and a brown 'close this page' button. A large blue arrow points to the 'Download' button.