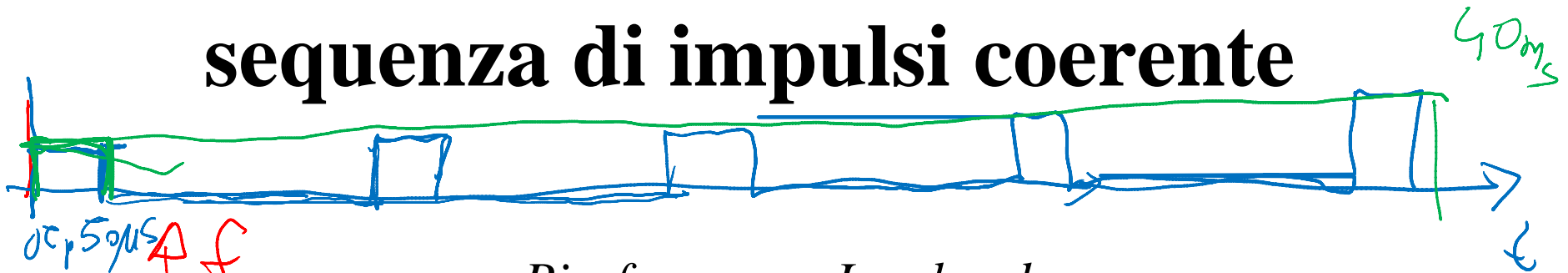


$$t_{ot} = \underline{40 \mu s}$$

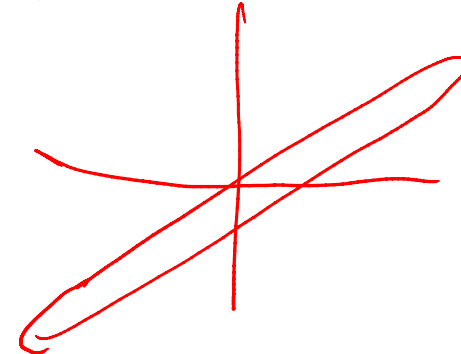
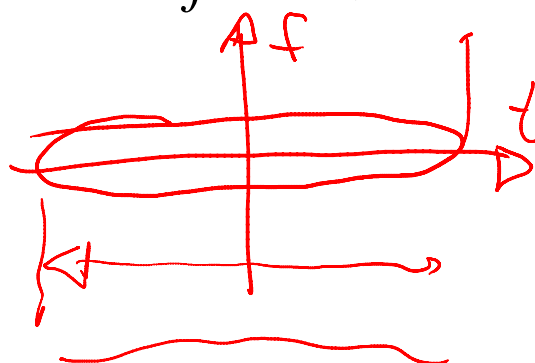
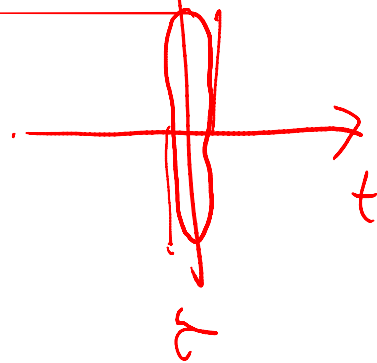
$$7,5 \text{ Km} = \text{max blind range} = \frac{c \tau_p}{2}$$

$$\tau_p \leq \frac{2 \cdot 7,5 \text{ Km}}{3 \cdot 10^8 \text{ m/s}} = \frac{15 \cdot 10^3 \text{ m}}{3 \cdot 10^8 \text{ m/s}} = 50 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ s} = \underline{50 \mu s}$$

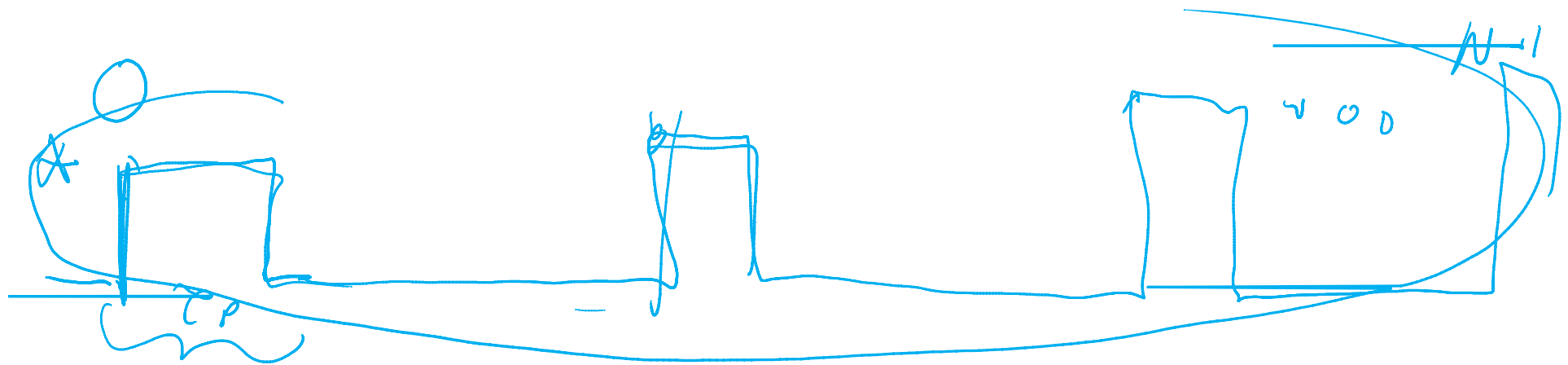
Funzione di ambiguità della sequenza di impulsi coerente



Pierfrancesco Lombardo



$$\frac{S}{N} = \frac{P_p G \sigma A_e}{(\cancel{4\pi R^2}) L K T F \cancel{B}} \cdot \frac{RC}{\cancel{B \cdot \tau_p}} = \frac{(P_p \tau_p) G A_e \sigma}{(4\pi)^2 R^4 L K T F}$$

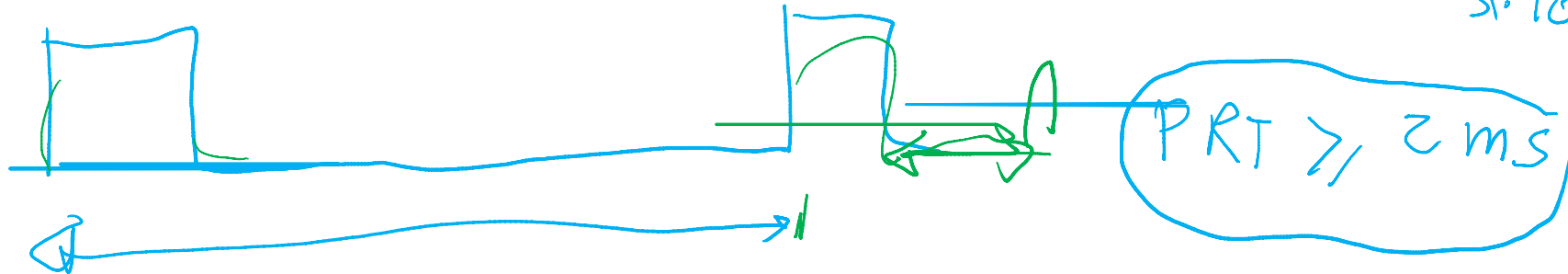


$$RC = B \tau_p \quad \tau_p \rightarrow N \tau_p$$

$$RC_{\text{sequenza imp}} = B \cdot N \tau_p$$

$$R_{max} \approx 300 \text{ Km} \rightarrow \text{PRT} \gg \frac{2 \cdot 300 \cdot 10^3}{3 \cdot 10^8}$$

$\cdot 10^8$



$$\text{PRT} \gg \frac{2 R_{max}}{c} + \tau_p$$

$$\text{Spes} \gg \tau_p$$

$$\gg \frac{2}{c} R_{max}$$

$$N = \frac{t_o \cdot t_x}{\text{PRT}} = \frac{40 \text{ ms}}{2 \text{ ms}} = 20 \text{ impulsi}$$

$$\text{PRF} = \frac{1}{\text{PRT}}$$

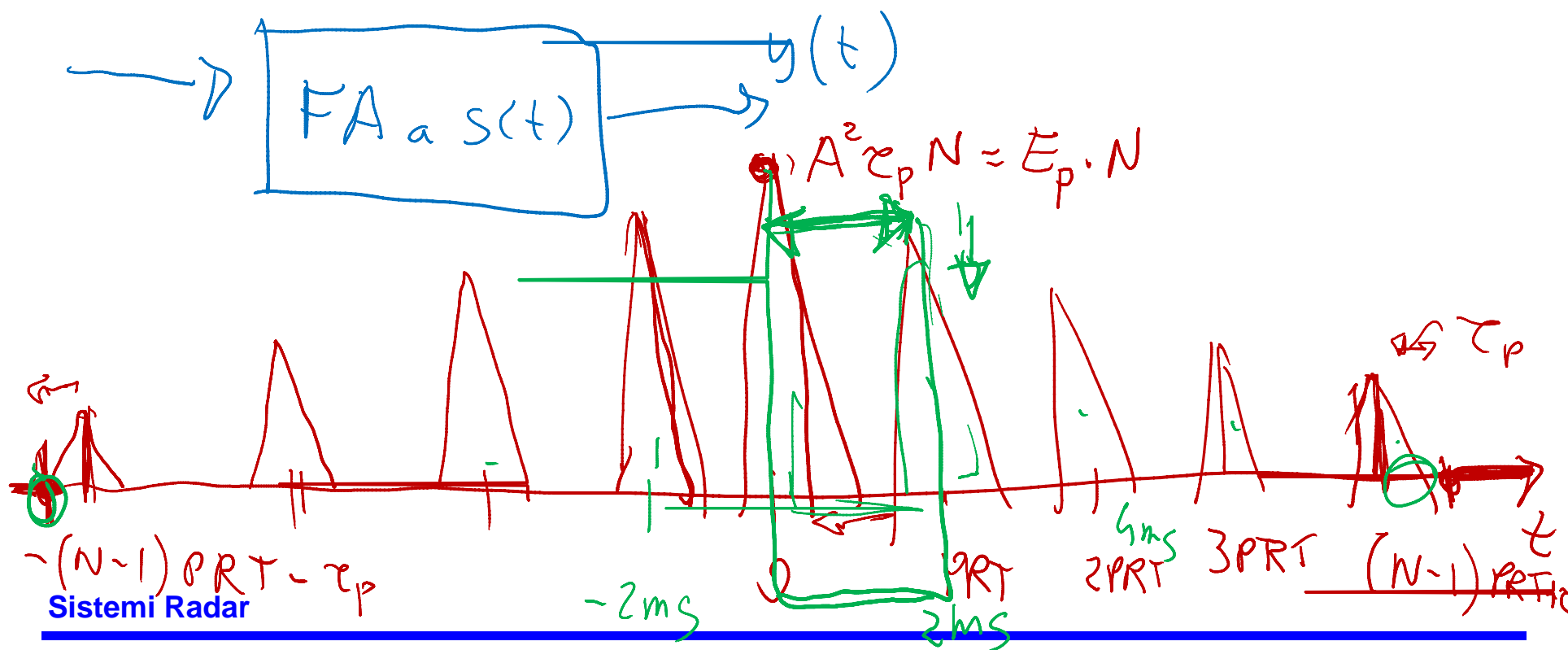
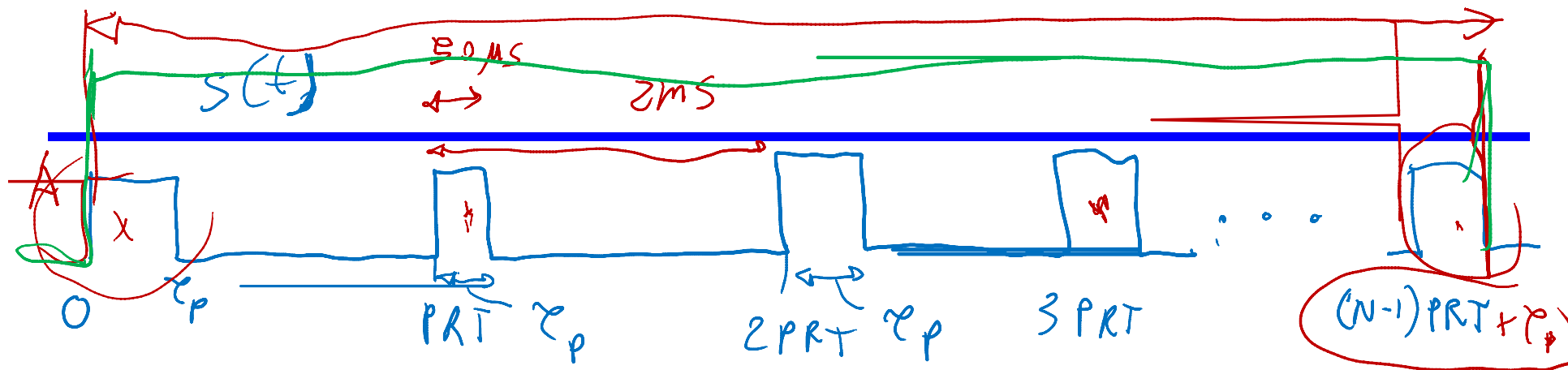
→ Energia del singolo impulso

$$\frac{S}{N} = \frac{(P_p \tau) G A_e \sigma}{(4\pi)^2 R^4 L K T F} \cdot N$$

$$\frac{S}{N} \Big|_{\text{Sing. imp}} = \frac{S}{N_0}$$

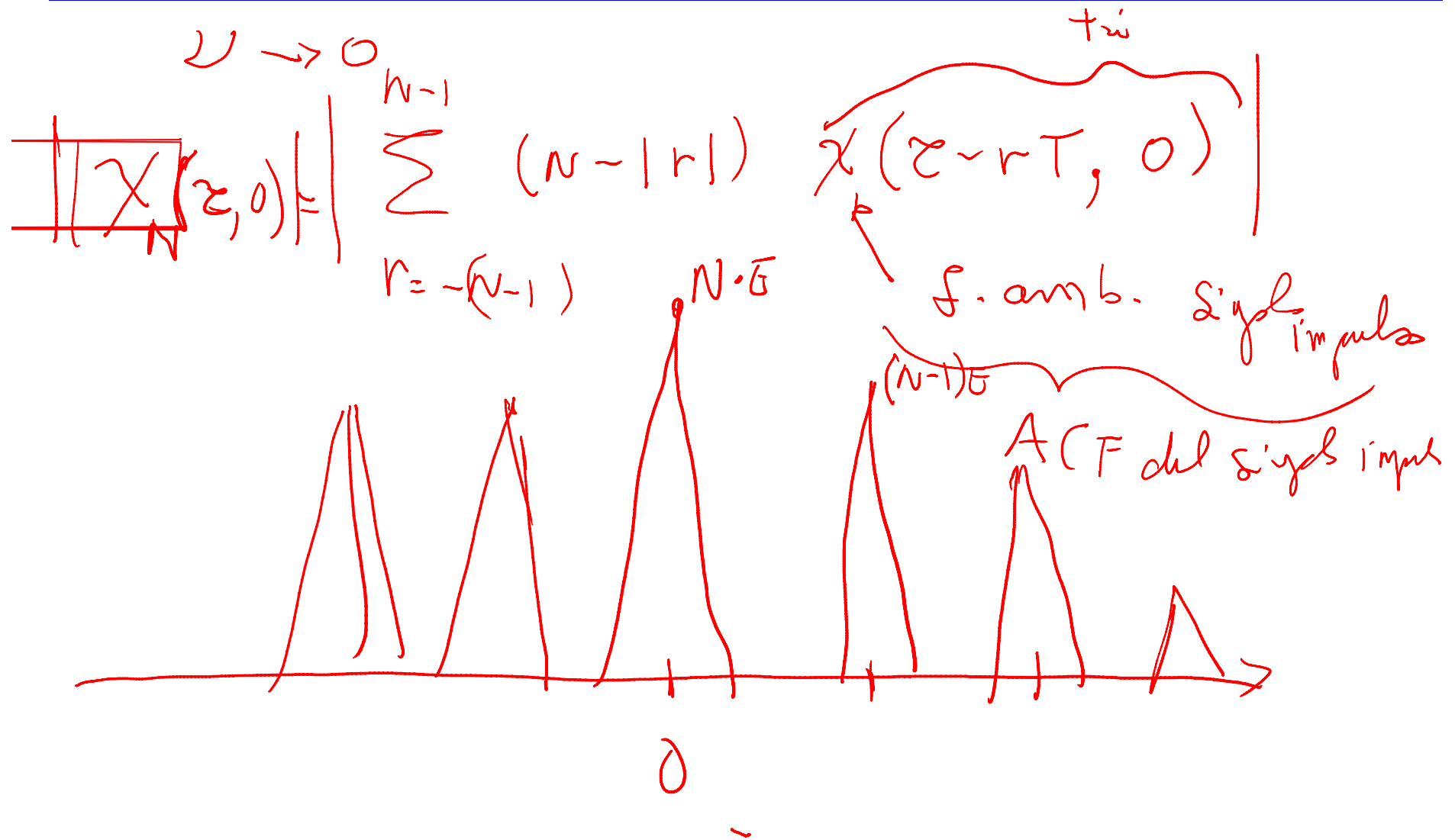
$$P_{fa} = 10^{-6}, P_d \approx 0,9 \rightarrow \frac{S}{N} = 13 \text{ dB}$$

$$\frac{S}{N} \Big|_{\text{input dB}} = 13 \text{ dB} - 10 \log_{10}(N) = 0 \text{ dB}$$

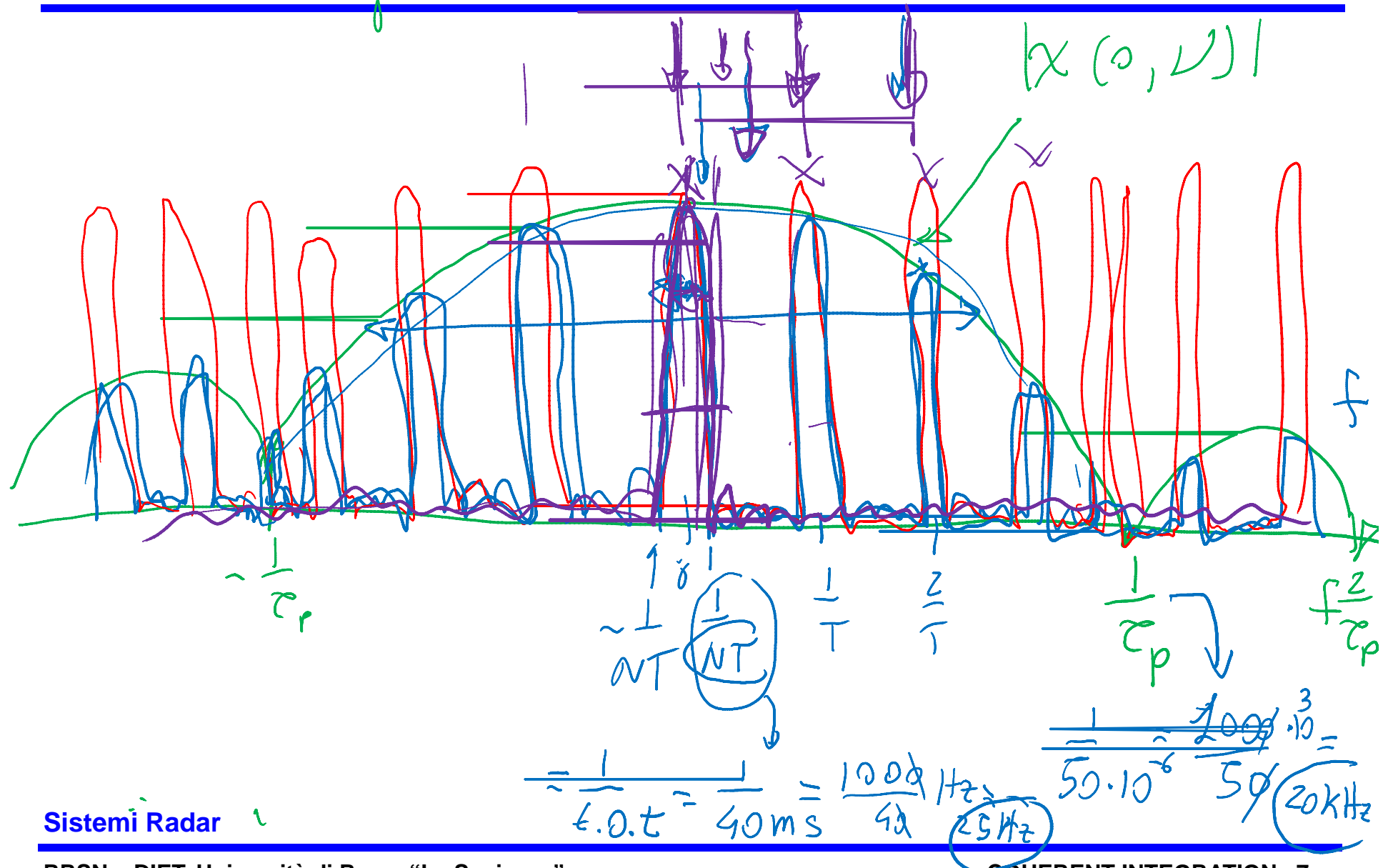


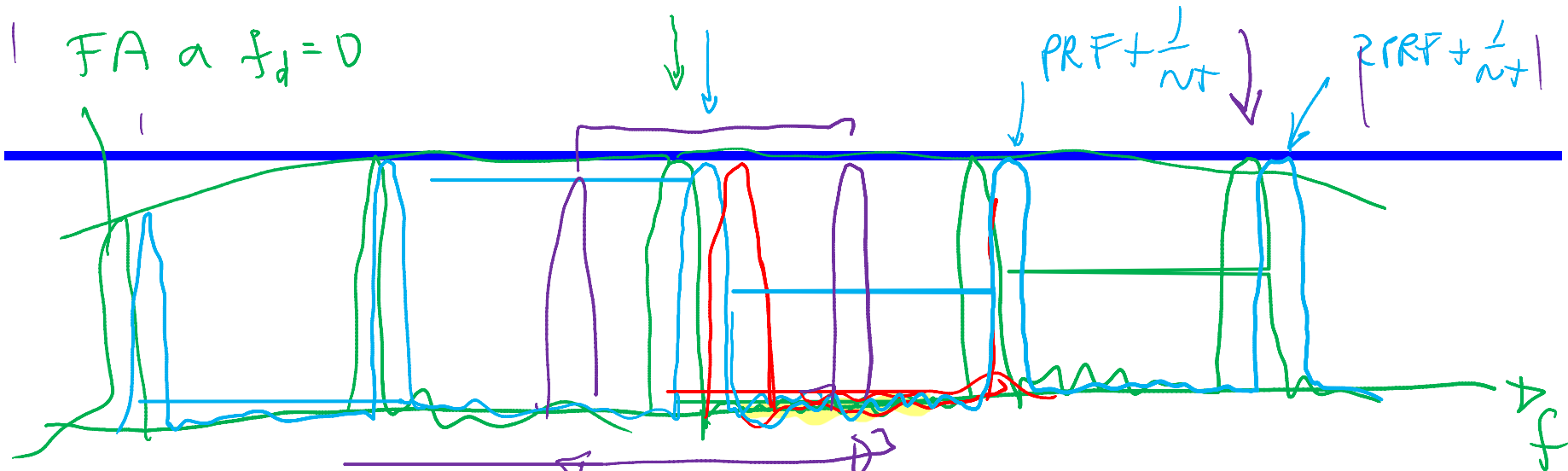
Taglio per $\nu = 0$

$T = PR T$



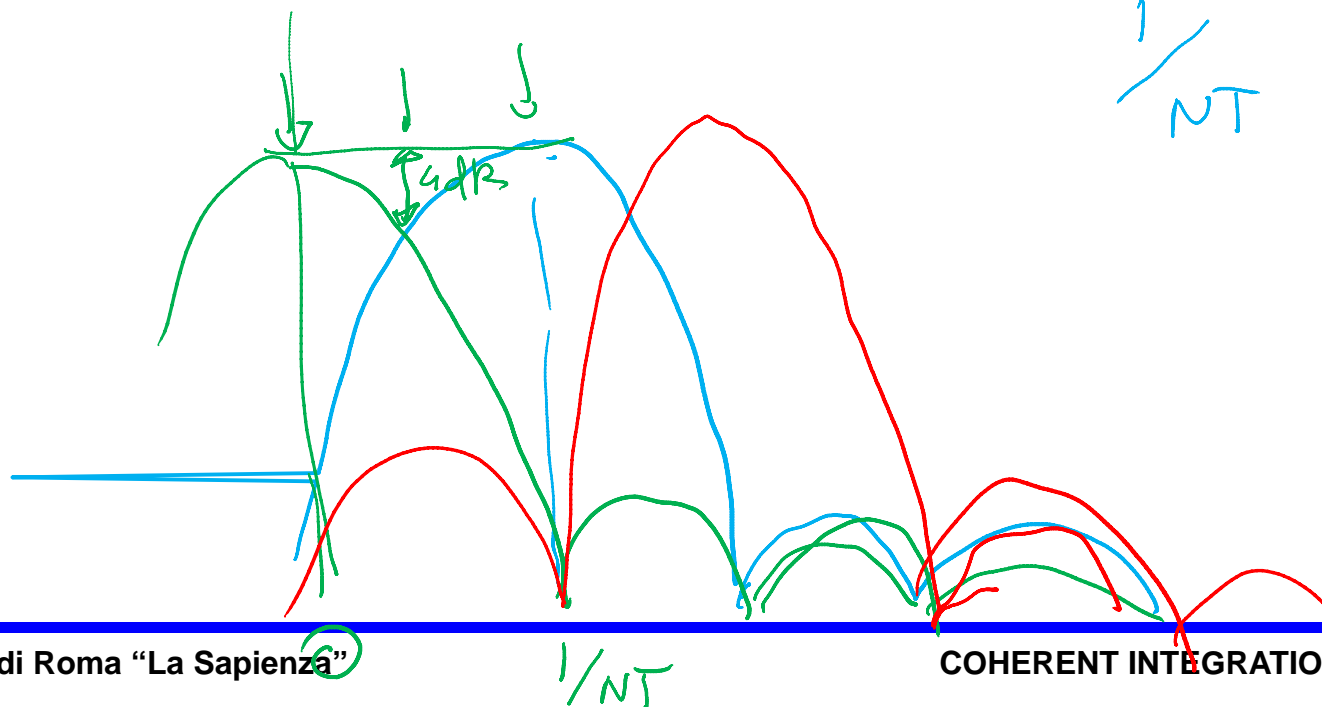
Taylor a $\tau = 0$





$$-\frac{PRF}{2} \frac{1}{NT} = \frac{PRF}{N} \frac{PRF}{2}$$

$$\frac{PRF}{1/NT} = N$$

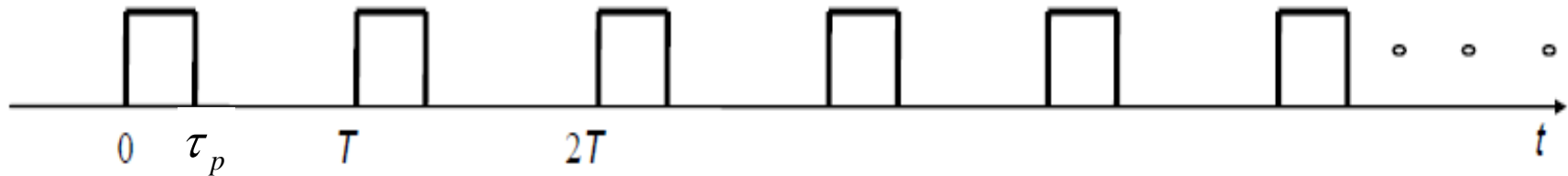


Sequenza coerente di impulsi

- Sequenza coerente di **N impulsi** di durata τ_p e tempo di ripetizione (PRT) T :

$$s_{0N}(t) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} s_0(t - n \cdot T)$$

$$s_0(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\tau_p}} e^{j\phi(t)} \text{rect}_{\tau_p} \left(t - \frac{\tau_p}{2} \right)$$



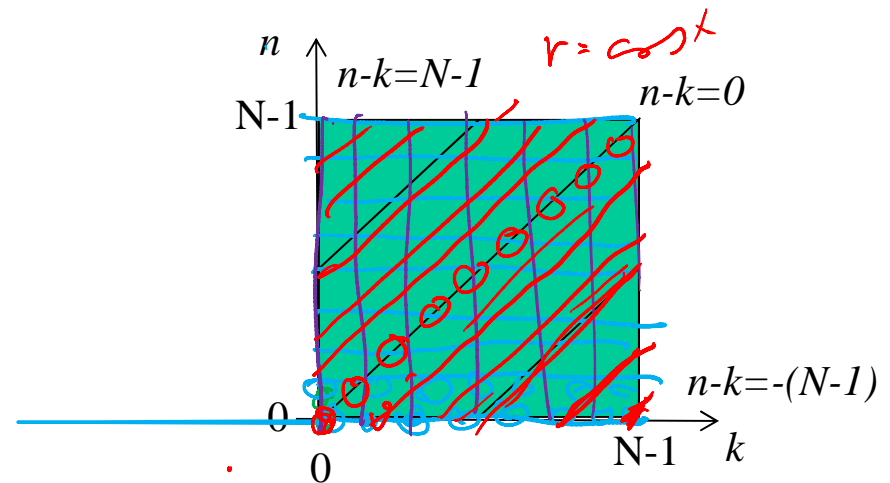
- Filtro adattato alla sequenza di **N impulsi**

$$|\chi(\tau, \nu)| = \left| \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} s_{0N}(t) s_{0N}^*(t + \tau) e^{j2\pi\nu t} dt \right|$$

Funzione di ambiguità della sequenza (I)

$$\begin{aligned}
 |\chi_N(\tau, \nu)| &= \left| \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} s_{0N}(t) s_{0N}^*(t+\tau) e^{j2\pi\nu t} dt \right| = \left| \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} s_0(t-n\cdot T) \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} s_0^*(t+\tau-k\cdot T) e^{j2\pi\nu t} dt \right| = \\
 &= \left| \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} s_0(t-n\cdot T) s_0^*(t+\tau-k\cdot T) e^{j2\pi\nu t} dt \right| = \\
 &= \left| \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} e^{j2\pi\nu nT} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} s_0(t') s_0^*[t'+\tau+(n-k)\cdot T] e^{j2\pi\nu t'} dt' \right| = \\
 &= \left| \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \sum_{n-k=-N}^{N-1-n} e^{j2\pi\nu nT} \chi[\tau+(n-k)T, \nu] \right| = \\
 &= \left| \sum_{r=-(N-1)}^{N-1} \sum_{n=\max\{0, r\}}^{N-1-\min\{0, r\}} e^{j2\pi\nu nT} \chi[\tau+rT, \nu] \right| = \\
 &= \left| \sum_{r=-(N-1)}^{N-1} \frac{\sin[\pi\nu(N-|r|)T]}{\sin[\pi\nu T]} \chi[\tau+rT, \nu] \right| = \\
 &= \left| \sum_{r=-(N-1)}^{N-1} \frac{\sin[\pi\nu(N-|r|)T]}{\sin[\pi\nu T]} \chi[\tau-rT, \nu] \right|
 \end{aligned}$$

$t-nT = t'$
 $t = t' + nT$
 $0 \leq n \leq N-1$
 $0 \leq k \leq N-1$
 $-(N-1) \leq n-k \leq N-1$



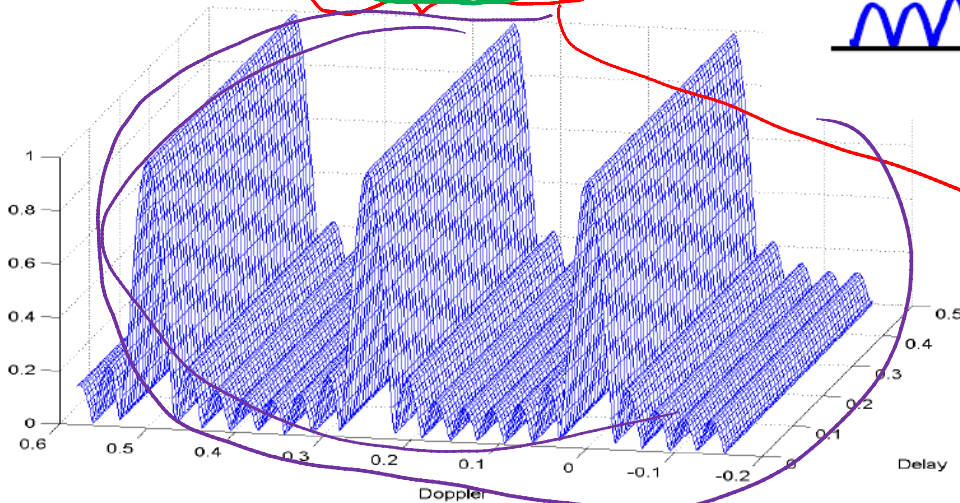
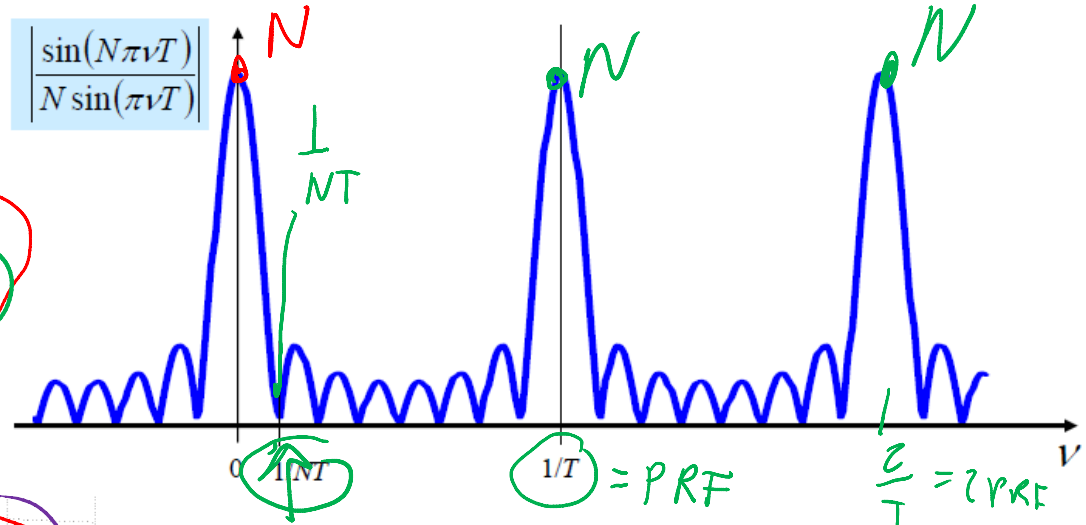
Funzione di ambiguità della sequenza (II)

$$|\chi_N(\tau, \nu)| = \left| \sum_{r=-(N-1)}^{N-1} \frac{\sin[\pi\nu(N-|r|)T]}{\sin[\pi\nu T]} \chi[\tau - rT, \nu] \right|$$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(Nx)}{\sin x} \rightarrow N$

$\tau \leq T - \tau_p \Leftrightarrow k = 0$

$|\chi_N(\tau, \nu)| = \frac{\sin[\pi\nu N T]}{\sin[\pi\nu T]} \cdot |\chi[\tau, \nu]|$

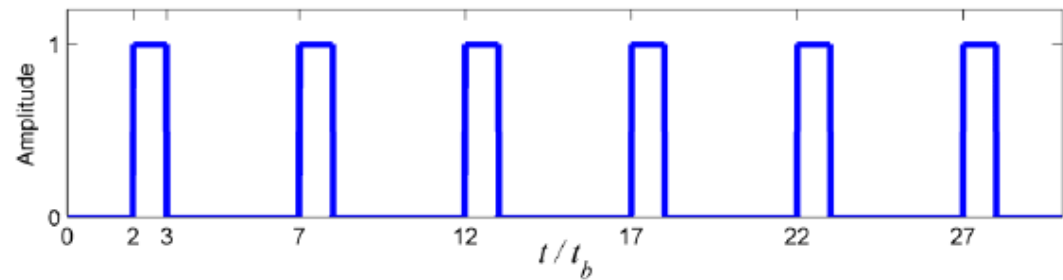
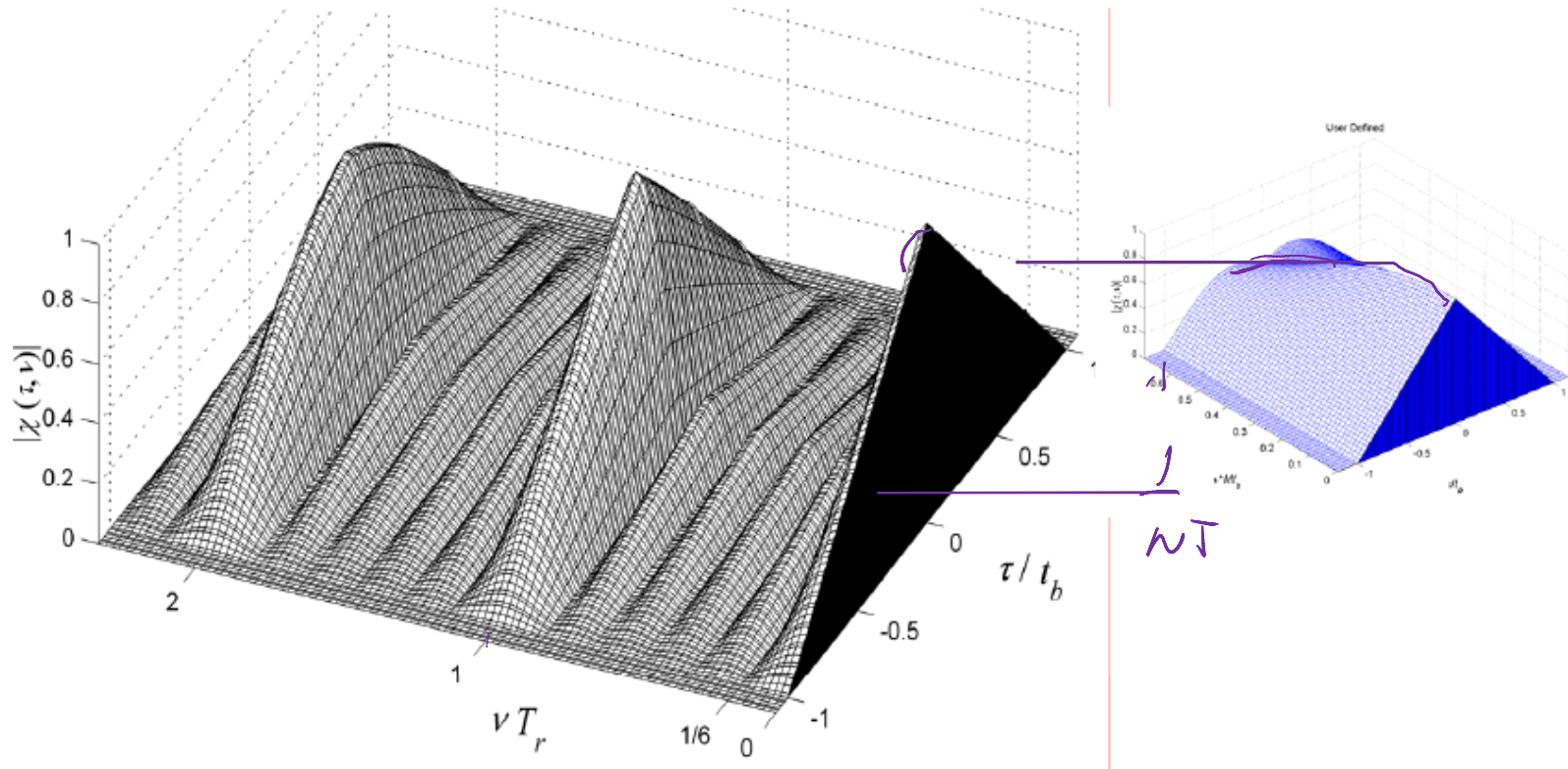


$\cancel{\pi \nu N T} = \cancel{\pi} 1 \quad \nu = \frac{1}{NT}$

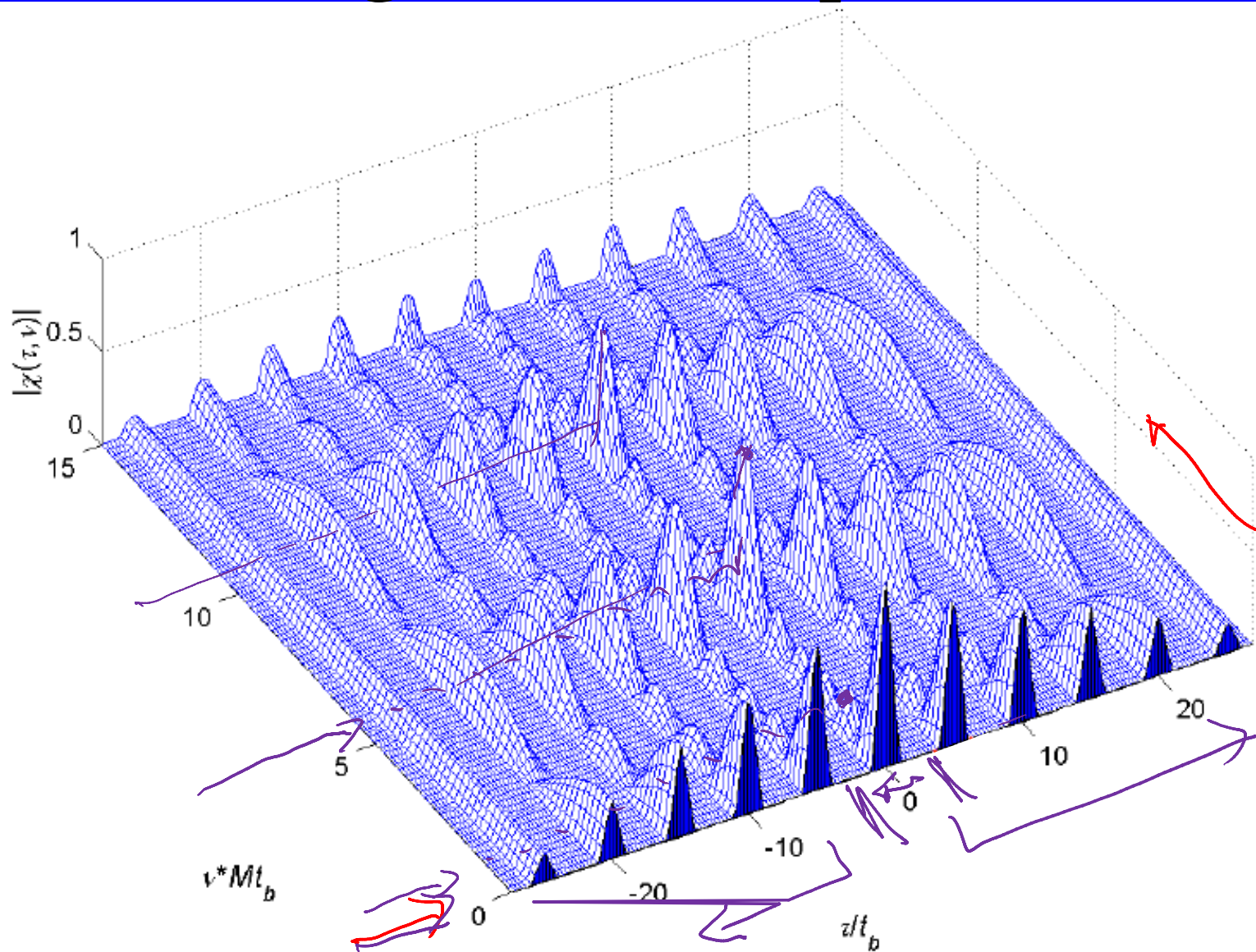
$\cancel{\pi \nu T} = \cancel{\pi} k$

$\nu = \frac{k}{T}$

Funzione di ambiguità della sequenza (III)



Funzione di ambiguità della sequenza (IV)



Funzione di ambiguità della sequenza (IV)

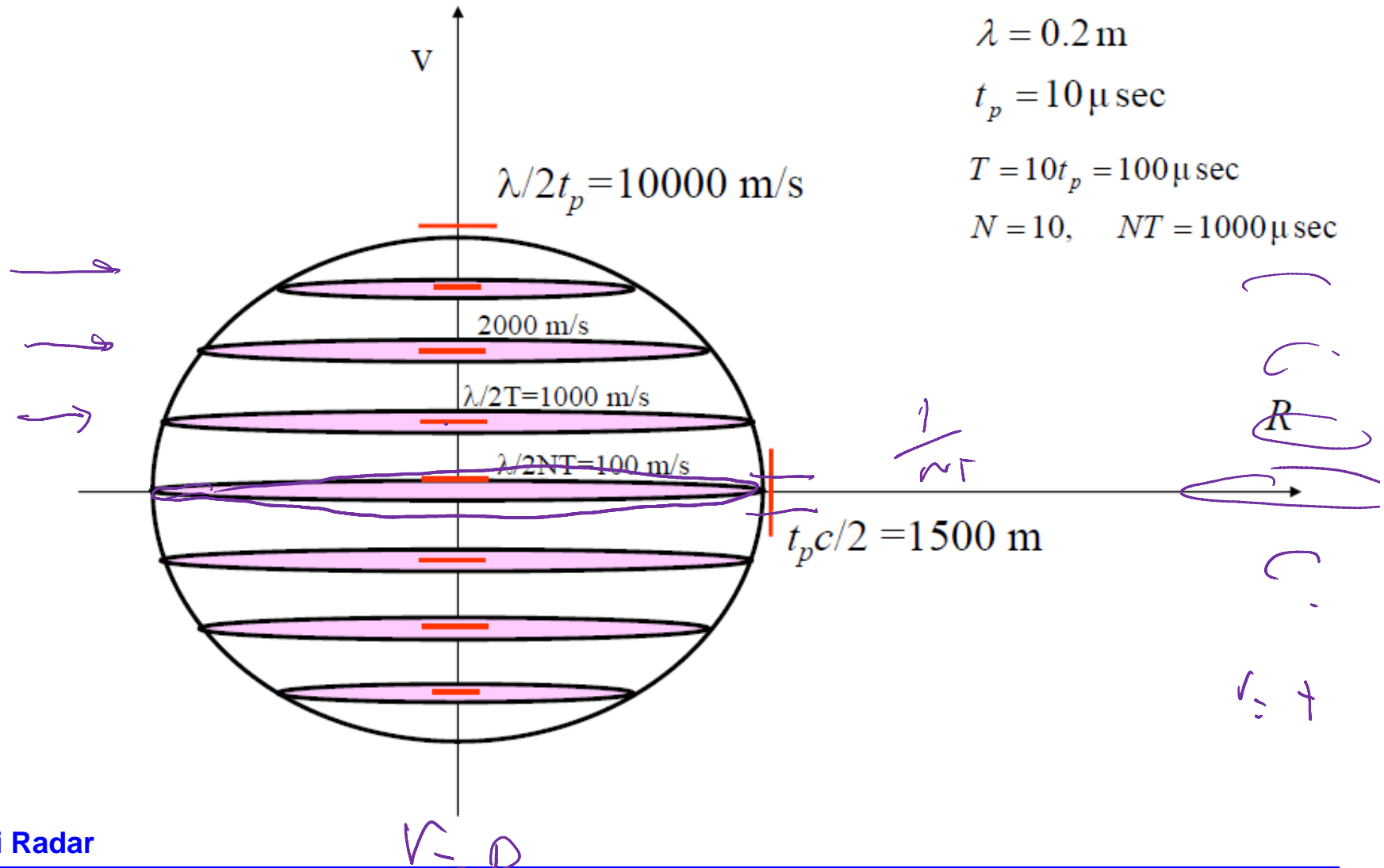
$$f_c = 1500 \text{ MHz}$$

$$\lambda = 0.2 \text{ m}$$

$$t_p = 10 \mu \text{ sec}$$

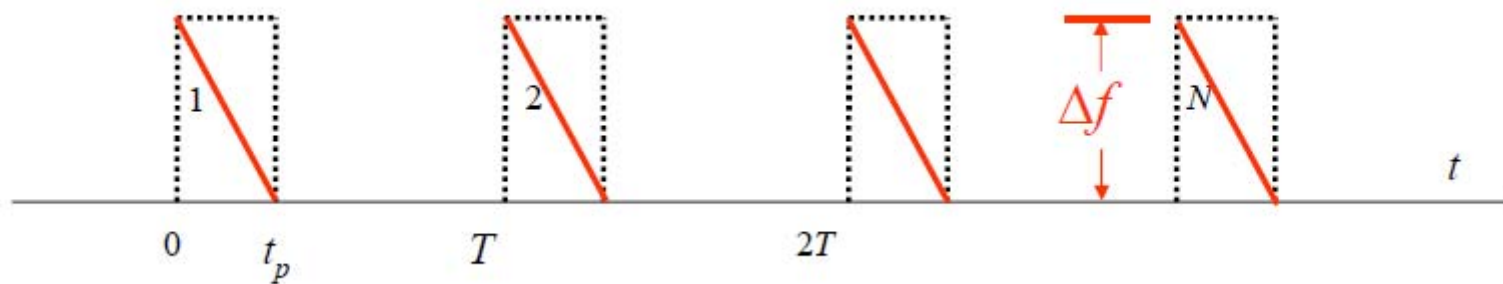
$$T = 10t_p = 100 \mu \text{ sec}$$

$$N = 10, \quad NT = 1000 \mu \text{ sec}$$



Funzione di ambiguità della sequenza (V)

Sequenza di chirp

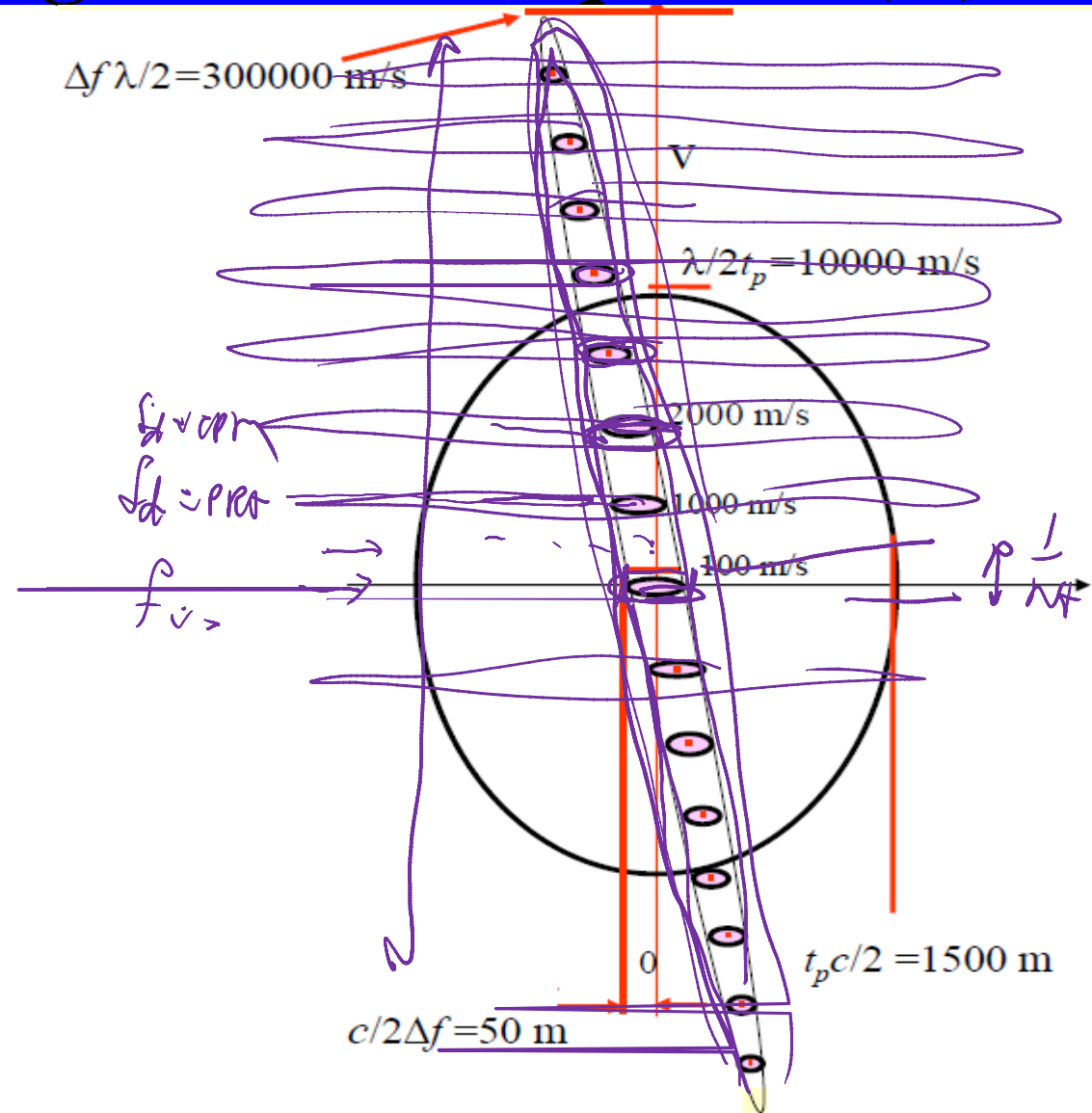


$$\text{Compression ratio} = t_p \Delta f = 30$$

$$\Delta f = 30 / t_p = 30 / 10^{-5} = 3 \text{ MHz}$$

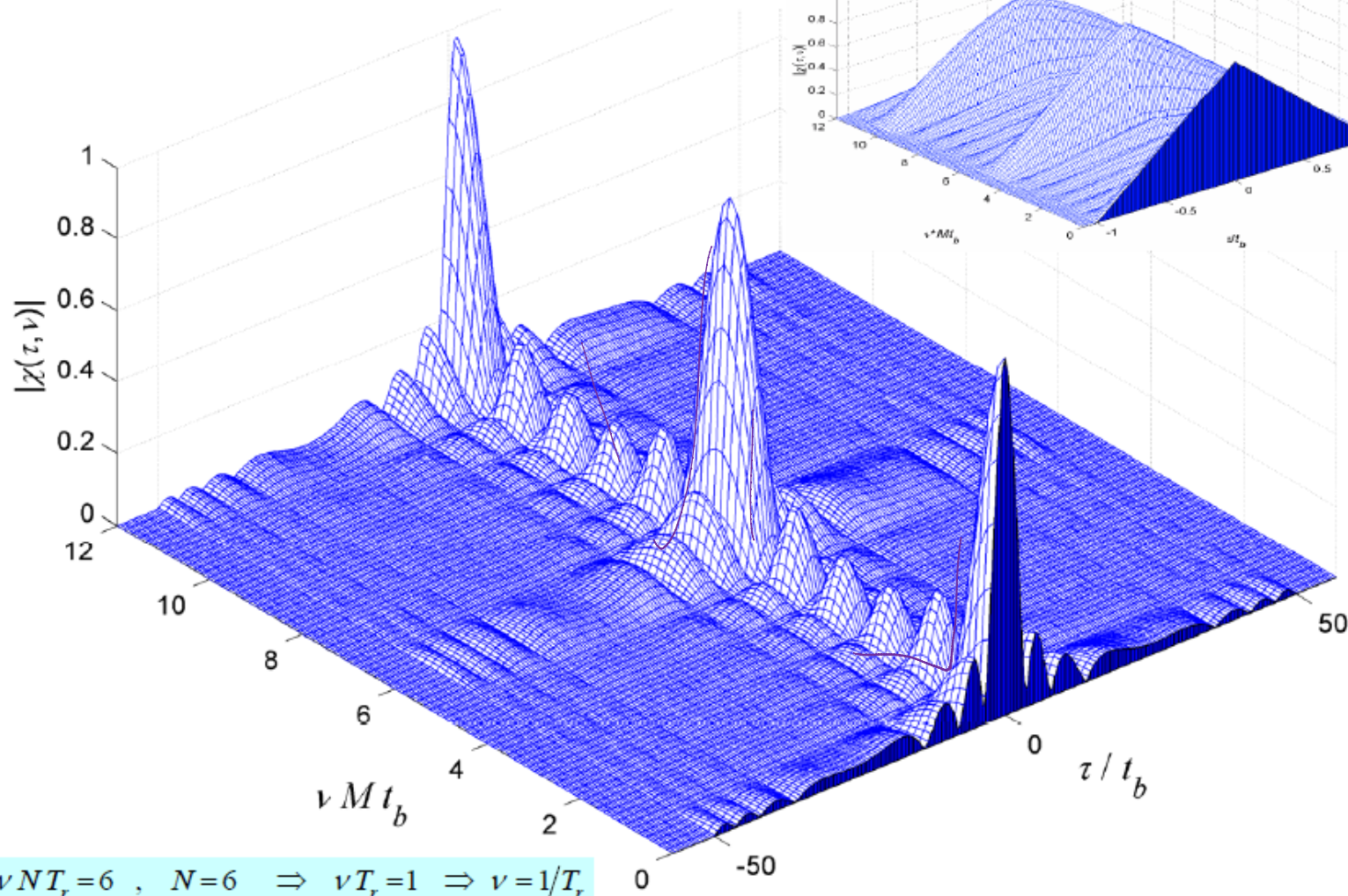
Funzione di ambiguità della sequenza (V)

Sequenza di chirp



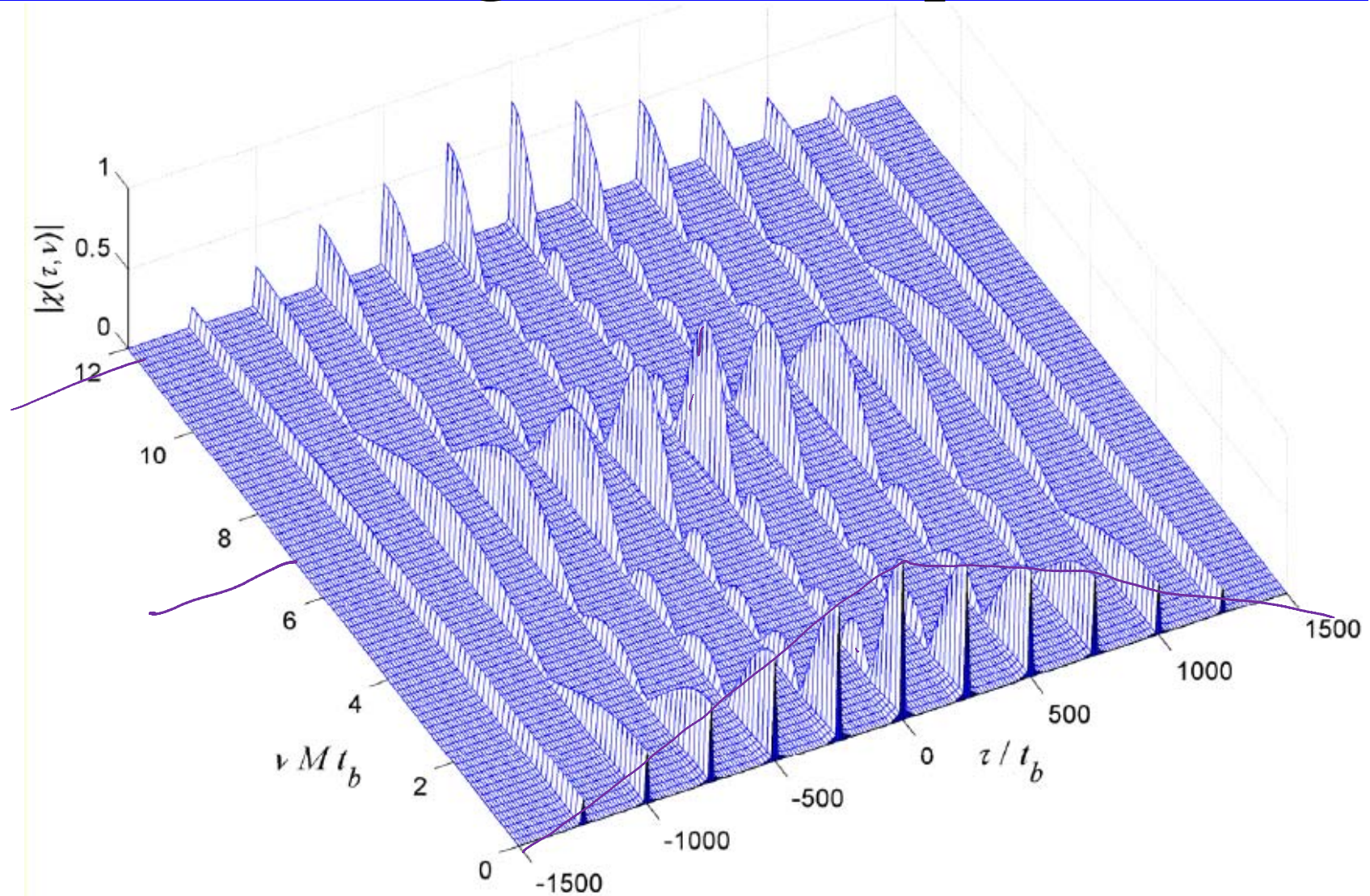
Funzione di ambiguità della sequenza (V)

Ambiguity function (zoom) of 6 LFM pulses



Sistemi Radar $\nu N T_r = 6$, $N = 6 \Rightarrow \nu T_r = 1 \Rightarrow \nu = 1/T_r$

Funzione di ambiguità della sequenza (V)



Funzione di ambiguità della sequenza (V)

$N \gg 1$

