

## Dataset students.xlsx

### Variable description

This dataset collect information on students enrolled in a school:

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| sex        | student's sex (binary: 'F' - female or 'M' - male)   |
| age        | student's age (numeric: from 15 to 22)   |
| address    | student's home address type (binary: 'U' - urban or 'R' - rural)   |
| famsize    | family size (binary: 'LE3' - less or equal to 3 or 'GT3' - greater than 3)   |
| Pstatus    | parent's cohabitation status (binary: 'T' - living together or 'A' - apart)  |
| Medu       | mother's education (numeric: 0 - none, 1 - primary education (4th grade), 2 " 5th to 9th grade, 3 " secondary education or 4 " higher education) |
| Fedu       | father's education (numeric: 0 - none, 1 - primary education (4th grade), 2 " 5th to 9th grade, 3 " secondary education or 4 " higher education) |
| Mjob       | mother's job (nominal: 'teacher' 'health' care related, civil 'services' (e.g. administrative or police), 'at_home' or 'other')                  |
| Fjob       | father's job (nominal: 'teacher', 'health' care related, civil 'services' (e.g. administrative or police), 'at_home' or 'other')                 |
| reason     | reason to choose this school (nominal: close to 'home', school 'reputation', 'course' preference or 'other')                                     |
| guardian   | student's guardian (nominal: 'mother', 'father' or 'other')  |
| traveltime | home to school travel time (numeric: 1 - <15 min., 2 - 15 to 30 min., 3 - 30 min. to 1 hour, or 4 - >1 hour)                                     |
| studytime  | weekly study time (numeric: 1 - <2 hours, 2 - 2 to 5 hours, 3 - 5 to 10 hours, or 4 - >10 hours)   |
| failures   | number of past class failures (numeric: n if $1 \leq n < 3$ , else 4)  |
| schoolsup  | extra educational support (binary: yes or no)  |
| famsup     | family educational support (binary: yes or no)   |
| paid       | extra paid classes within the course subject (Math or Portuguese) (binary: yes or no)  |
| activities | extra-curricular activities (binary: yes or no)  |
| nursery    | attended nursery school (binary: yes or no)  |
| higher     | wants to take higher education (binary: yes or no)   |
| internet   | Internet access at home (binary: yes or no)  |

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| romantic | with a romantic relationship (binary: yes or no)                              |
| famrel   | quality of family relationships (numeric: from 1 - very bad to 5 - excellent) |
| freetime | free time after school (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high)          |
| goout    | going out with friends (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high)          |
| Dalc     | workday alcohol consumption (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high)     |
| Walc     | weekend alcohol consumption (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high)     |
| health   | current health status (numeric: from 1 - very bad to 5 - very good)           |
| absences | number of school absences (numeric: from 0 to 93)                             |

Import this dataset within R.studio software and recall it as “stud”

Then, reply to these questions:

1. How many individuals are included in this data? How many variables?
2. How many students study at least 5 weekly hours?
3. What is it the main reason for choosing this school?
4. Plot the rel.freq. distribution of free time after school and provide a comment on this distribution
5. Compute summary statistics of the number of school absences. Could you represent graphically this distribution with a histogram? How is the shape of this distribution?
6. Compute a box plot of the variable absences. Can you detect the presence of any outliers? if yes, Identify the n. of outliers and compute a new boxplot without outliers.
7. Compute a box plot of the variable absences by workday alcohol consumption. Provide a comment of this graphical representation.
8. Compute variability indicators of the variable absence
9. Compute the mean, standard deviation and coefficient of variation of number of school absences by workday alcohol consumption (provide a comment on these statistics).