

International Medical School Course of Chemistry and Introduction to Biochemistry Academic Year 2014-2015

Homeworks: Reactions at equilibrium (see lecture 6)

1. Some N_2 is filling in a box of 4.12 L at 500K and 1 atm. Later on 0.5 mol of CO and 0.5 mol of N_2 O are inserted. At this temperature the following reaction is taking place: $CO+N_2O \leftrightarrows CO_2+N_2$,

with $Kc=1.5\cdot10^{-2}$. Calculate the composition of the gaseous mixture at equilibrium.

- 2. A box of 5L is filled in with 103g of a mixture made by equal volumes of SO_2Cl_2 and Cl_2 . At equilibrium the following values are measured: T=300K and P=5.33atm. Calculate Kc for the following dissociation reaction: $SO_2Cl_2 \leftrightarrows SO_2+Cl_2$
- 3. Calculate the dissociation coefficient α of the reaction 2HI \leftrightarrows H₂+I₂, when 2 mol of HI are placed in a cylinder of 1L at 450°C. It is known that Kc for the equilibrium of association at the same T is 50.
- 4. At 100°C the following association reaction occurs with Kc=0.068:

 $H_2(g) + S(s) \leftrightarrows H_2S(g)$

Should 0.2 mol of H_2 and 1 mol of S be heated at 100°C in a sealed flask of 1L, which value of P_{H_2S} will be measured at equilibrium?