

Trovare il dominio di $f(x) = \sqrt{\log_{1/2}(\log_2(2\sin^2 x - \cos x))}$

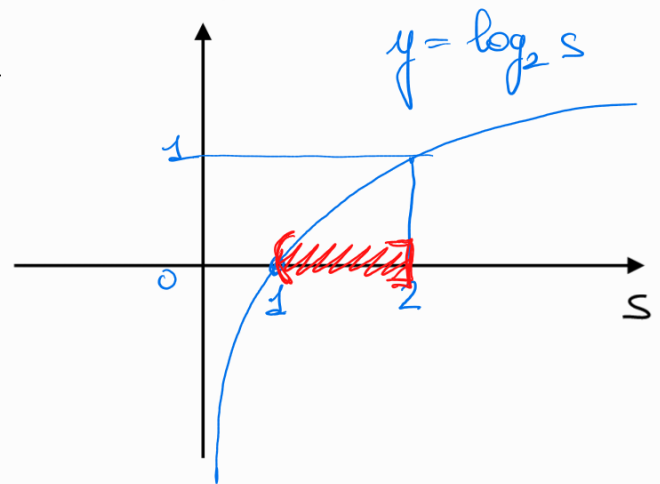
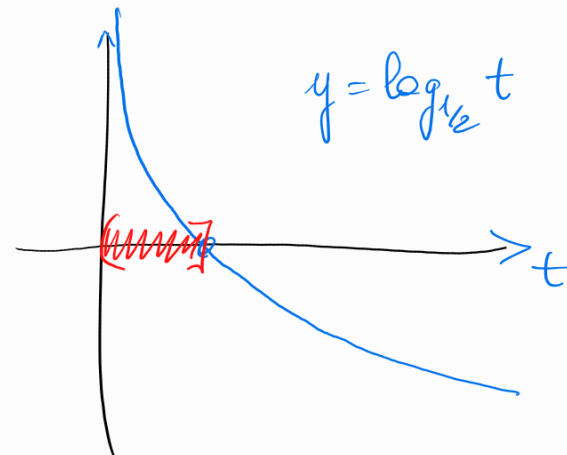
$$\log_{1/2}(\underbrace{\log_2(2\sin^2 x - \cos x)}_t) \geq 0$$

$$\log_{1/2} t \geq 0 \Leftrightarrow 0 < t \leq 1$$

$$0 < \log_2(\underbrace{2\sin^2 x - \cos x}_s) \leq 1$$

$$0 < \log_2 s \leq 1 \Leftrightarrow 1 < s \leq 2$$

$$1 \stackrel{\textcircled{A}}{<} 2\sin^2 x - \cos x \stackrel{\textcircled{B}}{\leq} 2$$



Risolvo \textcircled{A}

$$2\sin^2 x - \cos x > 1$$

$$2 - 2\cos^2 x - \cos x > 1$$

$$2\cos^2 x + \underbrace{\cos x}_t - 1 < 0$$

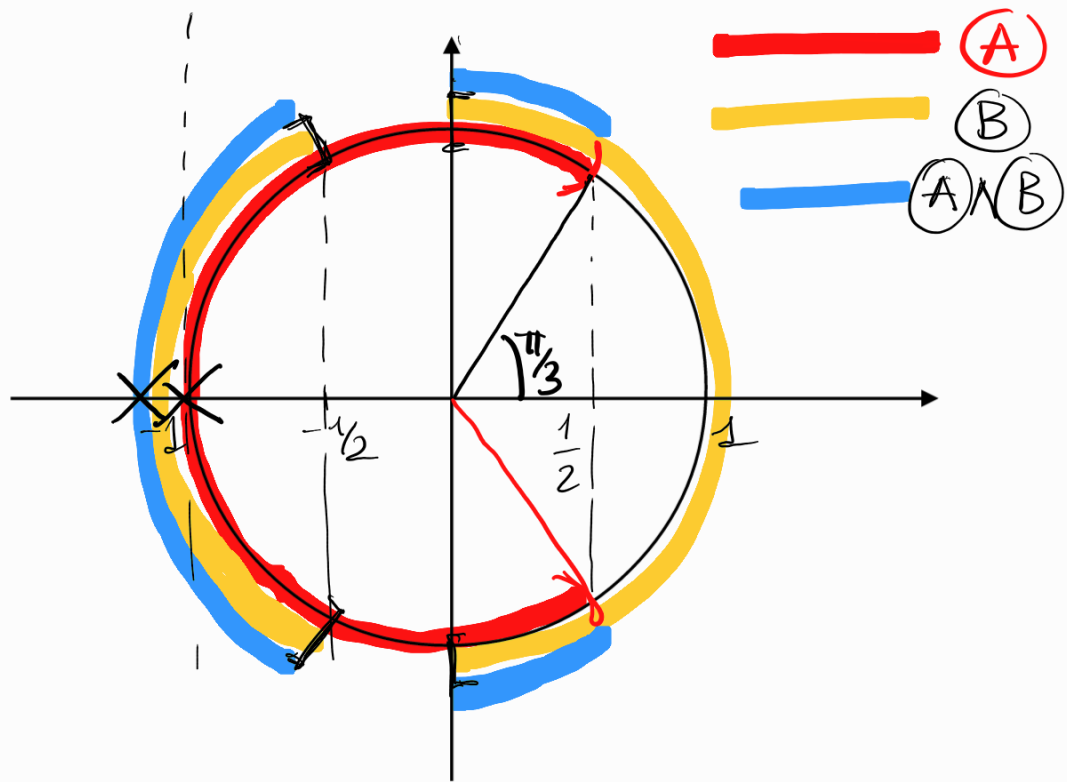
$$2t^2 + t - 1 < 0$$

$$t_{1,2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+8}}{4} = \frac{-1 \pm 3}{4} = \begin{cases} 1 \\ -1/2 \end{cases}$$

$$-1 < t < 1/2$$

$$\textcircled{A} \Leftrightarrow -1 < \cos x < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{A} \Leftrightarrow \frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi < x < \frac{5\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, \quad x \neq \pi + 2k\pi$$



$$\textcircled{B} \quad 2 \sin^2 x - \cos x \leq 2$$

$$\cancel{2} - 2\cos^2 x - \cos x \leq \cancel{2}$$

$$2\cos^2 x + \cos x \geq 0$$

$$\cos x (2\cos x + 1) \geq 0$$

$$\textcircled{B} \Leftrightarrow \left(\cos x \leq -\frac{1}{2} \right) \vee (\cos x \geq 0)$$

$$\textcircled{B} \Leftrightarrow \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi \right) \vee \left(\frac{2}{3}\pi + 2k\pi \leq x \leq \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi \right)$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Dominio di f :

$$\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi < x \leq \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi \right) \vee \left(\frac{2}{3}\pi + 2k\pi < x \leq \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi \right) \vee$$

$$\vee \left(\frac{3}{2}\pi + 2k\pi \leq x < \frac{5}{3}\pi + 2k\pi \right)$$

$$\underline{x \neq \pi + 2k\pi}$$

Risolvere la disequazione

$$2 \sin x - 1 < 2 \cos x - \operatorname{tg} x$$

$$\operatorname{tg} x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$x \neq \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$2 \sin x - 1 < 2 \cos x - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\frac{2 \sin x \cos x - \cos x}{\cos x} < \frac{2 \cos^2 x - \sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\frac{2 \sin x \cos x - \cos x - 2 \cos^2 x + \sin x}{\cos x} < 0$$

$$\frac{2 \cos x (\sin x - \cos x) + (\sin x - \cos x)}{\cos x} < 0$$
$$\frac{(\sin x - \cos x)(2 \cos x + 1)}{\cos x} < 0$$

Segno di A

$$\sin x > \cos x$$

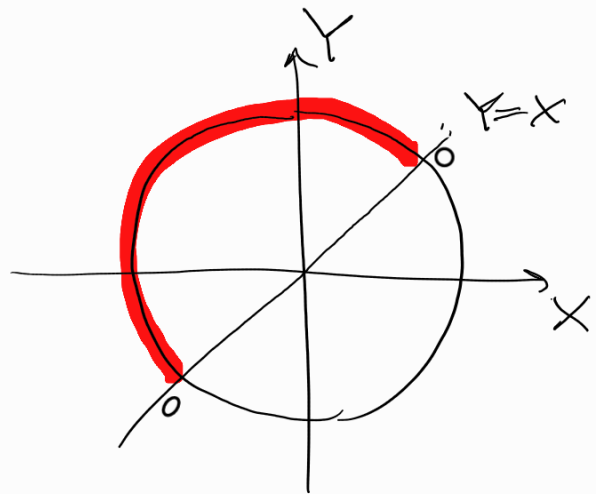
|| ||
Y X

segno di B

$$2 \cos x + 1 > 0$$

$$\cos x > -\frac{1}{2}$$

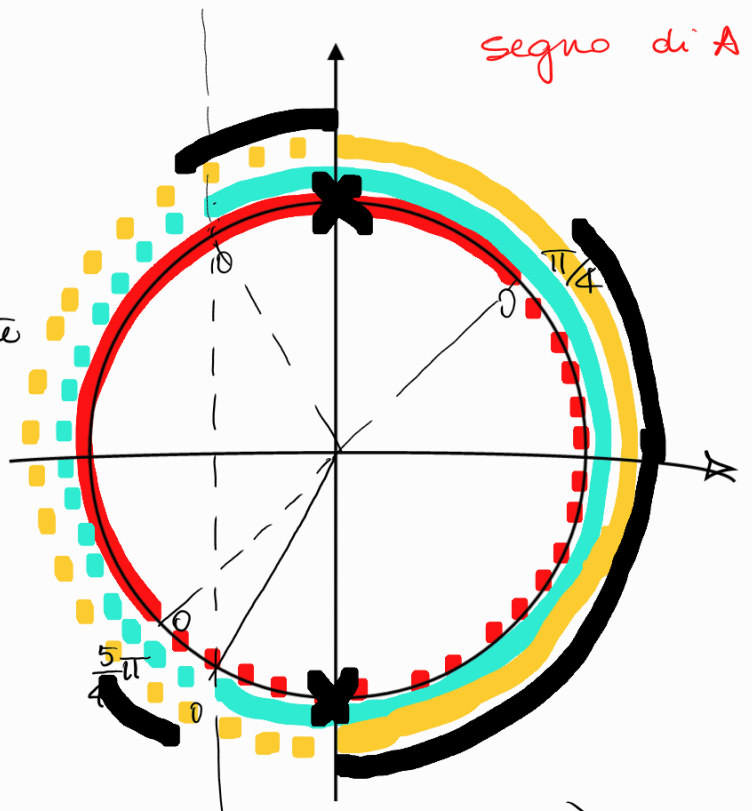
■ segno di C $\cos x > 0$



devo trovare gli x t.c.

$$\frac{AB}{c} < 0$$

Solⁿⁱ della diseq^{ne} sono mostrate
in **_____**



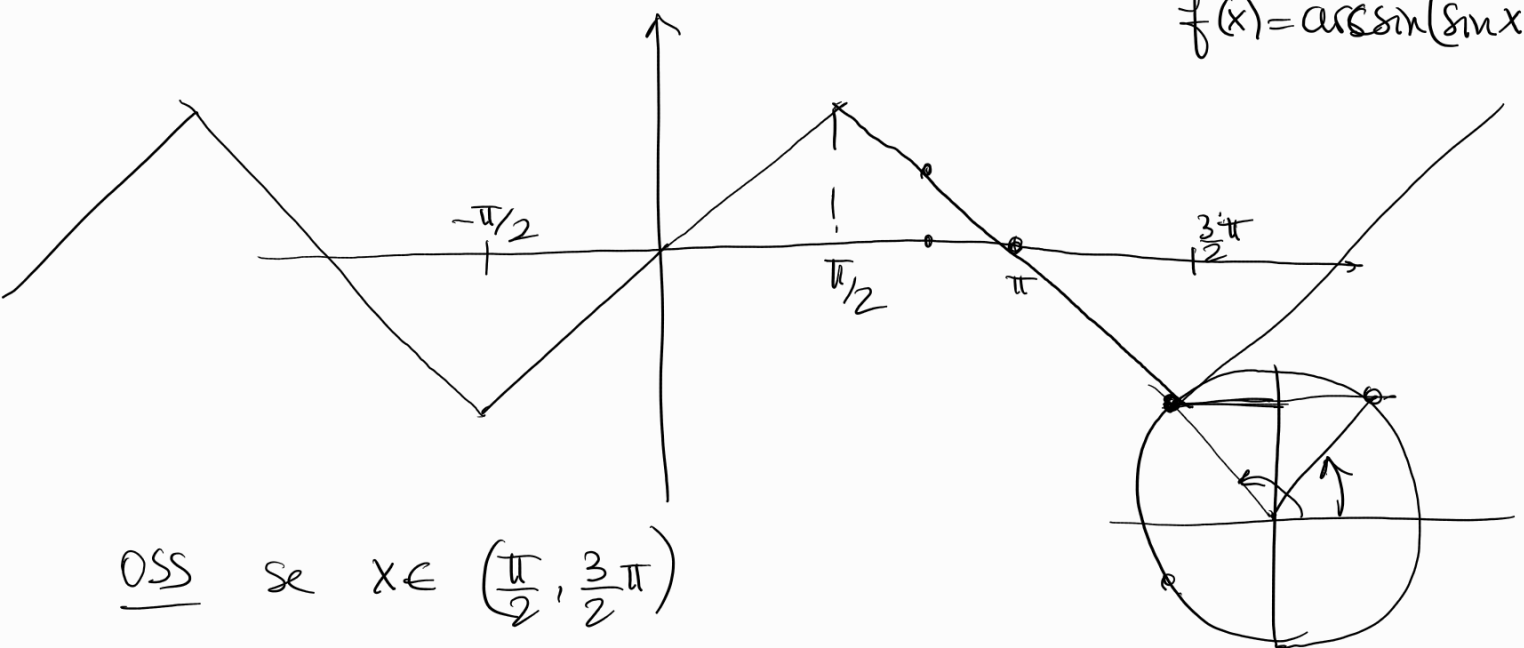
$$\left(-\frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi < x < \frac{\pi}{4} + 2k\pi\right) \vee$$

$$\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi < x < \frac{2}{3}\pi + 2k\pi\right) \vee \left(\frac{5}{4}\pi + 2k\pi < x < \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi\right)$$

Disegnare il grafico di $f(x) = \arcsin(\sin x)$

N.B. $\arcsin(\sin x) = x$ solo se $x \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$

$$f(x) = \arcsin(\sin x)$$



OSS se $x \in \left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\pi\right)$

$$\arcsin(\sin x) = \pi - x$$