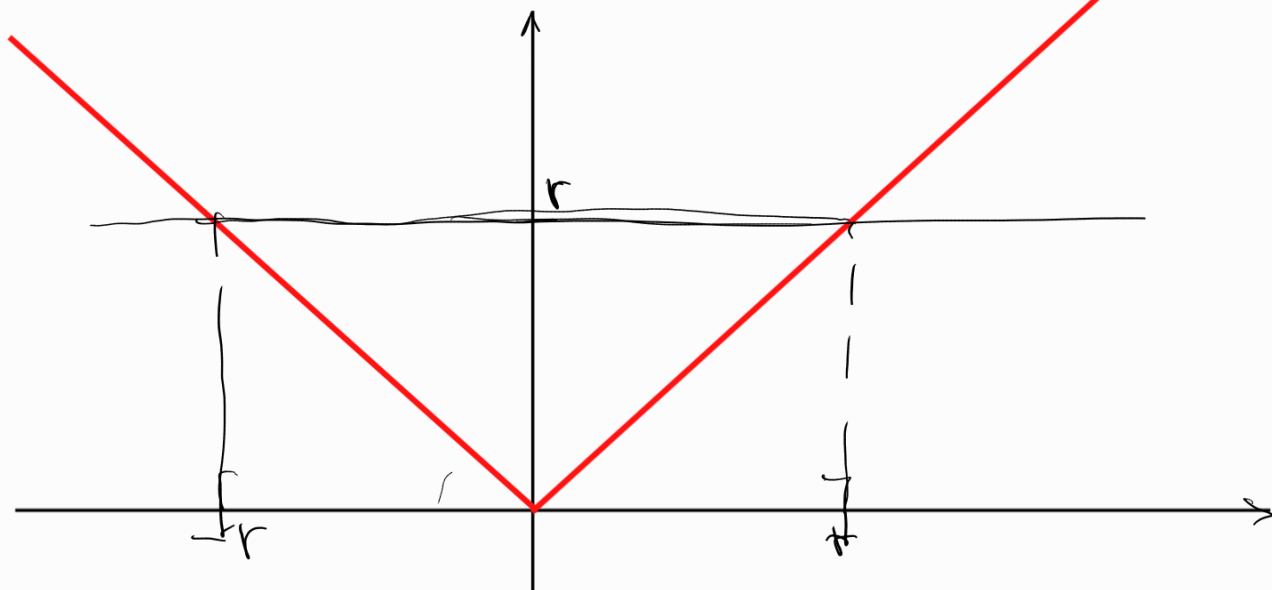


## Valore assoluto

$$f(x) = |x| = \begin{cases} x & \text{se } x \geq 0 \\ -x & \text{se } x < 0 \end{cases}$$



1)  $|x| \geq 0$ ,  $|x| = 0 \Leftrightarrow x = 0$

2)  $|x| = r > 0 \Leftrightarrow x = \pm r$

3)  $|xy| = |x||y|$

dim) fare i vari casi

a)  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \Rightarrow xy \geq 0$

$$\underbrace{|xy|}_{xy} \stackrel{?}{=} \underbrace{|x|}_x \underbrace{|y|}_y \quad \text{or}$$

b)  $x \geq 0, y < 0 \Rightarrow xy \leq 0$

$$|x| = x \quad |y| = -y \quad |xy| = -xy$$

$$x(-y) \stackrel{?}{=} -xy \quad \text{or}$$

c)  $x < 0, y \geq 0$  uguale!

d)  $x < 0, y < 0 \Rightarrow xy > 0$

$|x| = -x, |y| = -y, |xy| = xy$

$xy \stackrel{?}{=} (-x)(-y)$  ok.

4)  $\left| \frac{x}{y} \right| = \frac{|x|}{|y|} \quad \forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}, y \neq 0$   
(dim. simile)

5) Sia  $r \geq 0$ . Allora

$$|x| \leq r \Leftrightarrow \boxed{-r \leq x \leq r}$$

Si vede dal grafico oppure si dividono i casi.

$$|x| \leq r \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x \geq 0 \\ x \leq r \end{cases} \vee \begin{cases} x < 0 \\ -x \leq r \end{cases} \quad x \geq -r$$

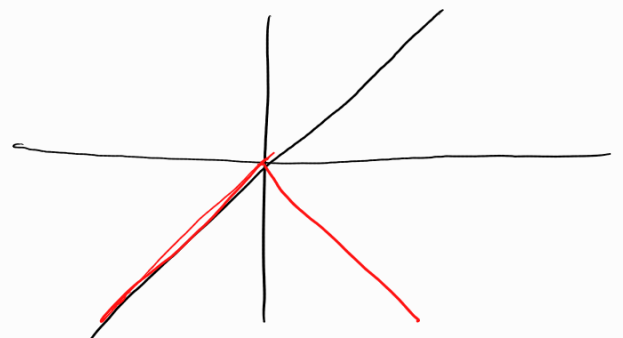
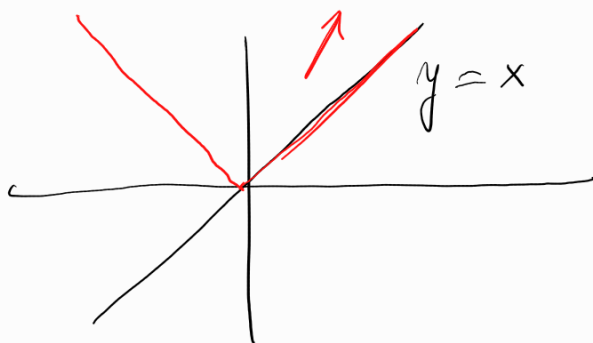
$$0 \leq x \leq r \quad \vee \quad -r \leq x < 0$$

cioè  $-r \leq x \leq r$

5') se  $r > 0$ , allora

$$|x| < r \Leftrightarrow -r < x < r$$

6)  $-|x| \leq x \leq |x| \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$



$$7) \quad |x+y| \leq |x|+|y| \quad \forall x,y \in \mathbb{R}.$$

$$-|x| \leq x \leq |x|$$

$$-|y| \leq y \leq |y|$$

dis. triangolare.

$$-\underbrace{(|x|+|y|)}_r \leq x+y \leq \underbrace{|x|+|y|}_r$$

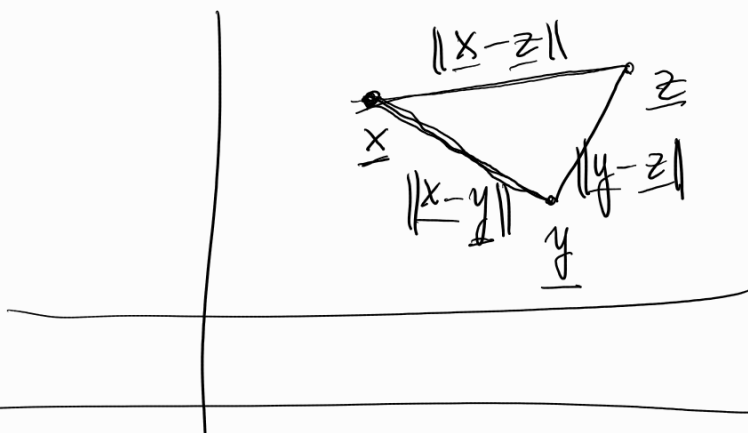
$$-r \leq x+y \leq r$$

$\Leftrightarrow (5)$

$$|x+y| \leq r = |x|+|y|$$

oss  $|x-y|$  si interpreta come la distanza di  $x$  da  $y$ .

$$|x-y| = |(x-z)+(z-y)| \leq |x-z|+|z-y|$$



$$|x-y| \leq |x-z|+|z-y|$$

7') Dis. triangolare per la differenza

$$||x|-|y|| \leq |x-y|$$

$$8) \quad |x|^2 = x^2$$

$$||x| = |x|$$

g)  $E \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  è limitato  $\stackrel{\text{def}}{\Leftrightarrow} a \leq x \leq b \quad \forall x \in E$

Si dimostra che

$E$  è limitato  $\Leftrightarrow \exists M \geq 0$  t.c.  $|x| \leq M \quad \forall x \in E$

$$\boxed{\Leftarrow} \quad |x| \leq M \Rightarrow \underbrace{-M}_{a} \leq x \leq \underbrace{M}_{b} \quad \forall x \in E$$

$$\boxed{\Rightarrow} \quad -7 \leq x \leq 3 \Rightarrow |x| \leq 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -|a| \leq a \leq x \leq b \leq |b| \leq \underbrace{\max\{|a|, |b|\}}_r \\ & \Leftrightarrow \min\{-|a|, -|b|\} \\ & \parallel \\ & - \underbrace{\max\{|a|, |b|\}}_{-r} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Downarrow \\ |x| \leq r = \max\{|a|, |b|\} = M$$